UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2015

or

□ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to ____

Commission file number: 1-15259

ARGO GROUP INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, LTD.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Bermuda (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

110 Pitts Bay Road Pembroke HM08 Bermuda (Address of principal executive offices) 98-0214719 (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

P.O. Box HM 1282 Hamilton HM FX Bermuda (Mailing address)

(441) 296-5858 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of Security Common Stock, par value of \$1.00 per share Guarantee of Argo Group US, Inc. 6.500% Senior Notes due 2042 Name of Each Exchange on Which Registered NASDAQ Global Select Market NASDAQ Stock Market LLC

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes \boxtimes No \square

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (222.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes 🖾 No \Box

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer 🗵 🛛 🗚

Accelerated filer \Box Non-accelerated filer \Box

Smaller reporting company \Box

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes 🗆 No 🗵

Indicate the number of shares outstanding (net of treasury shares) of each of the issuer's classes of common shares as of August 3, 2015.

Title Common Shares, par value \$1.00 per share Outstanding 27,925,756

ARGO GROUP INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, LTD.

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Consolidated Financial Statements

ARGO GROUP INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, LTD. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(in millions, except number of shares and per share amounts)

	June 30, 2015 (Unaudited)			December 31, 2014 *
Assets	((inductive)		
Investments:				
Fixed maturities, at fair value:				
Available-for-sale (cost: 2015 - \$2,759.5; 2014 - \$2,817.2)	\$	2,764.0	\$	2,840.7
Equity securities, at fair value (cost: 2015 - \$332.4; 2014 - \$307.3)		486.6		486.3
Other investments (cost: 2015 - \$501.1; 2014 - \$488.9)		508.9		495.1
Short-term investments, at fair value (cost: 2015 - \$322.7; 2014 - \$275.8)		322.7	_	275.8
Total investments		4,082.2		4,097.9
Cash		106.5		81.0
Accrued investment income		20.6		22.1
Premiums receivable		448.9		353.6
Reinsurance recoverables		1,019.2		997.2
Goodwill		152.2		152.2
Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization		76.5		78.6
Current income taxes receivable, net		6.0		14.9
Deferred acquisition costs, net		139.3		124.6
Ceded unearned premiums		261.9		207.6
Other assets		230.7		226.6
Total assets	\$	6,544.0	\$	6,356.3
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity			-	
Reserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses	\$	3,078.2	\$	3,042.4
Unearned premiums	Ŷ	896.4	Ŷ	817.2
Accrued underwriting expenses		118.9		143.1
Ceded reinsurance payable, net		261.5		178.8
Funds held		58.8		55.0
Senior unsecured fixed rate notes		143.8		143.8
Other indebtedness		56.7		62.0
Junior subordinated debentures		172.7		172.7
Deferred tax liabilities, net		41.2		53.0
Other liabilities		46.9		41.6
Total liabilities		4,875.1		4,709.6
Commitments and contingencies (Note 14)		.,		.,
Shareholders' equity:				
Common shares - \$1.00 par, 500,000,000 shares authorized; 37,021,341 and 34,318,224 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2015 and				
December 31, 2014, respectively		37.0		34.3
Additional paid-in capital		960.6		836.3
Treasury shares (9,095,585 and 8,606,489 shares at June 30, 2015				
and December 31, 2014, respectively)		(326.3)		(301.4)
Retained earnings		920.5		969.4
Accumulated other comprehensive income, net of taxes		77.1		108.1
Total shareholders' equity		1,668.9		1,646.7
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$	6,544.0	\$	6,356.3

* Derived from audited consolidated financial statements.

See accompany notes.

ARGO GROUP INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, LTD. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(in millions, except number of shares and per share amount) (Unaudited)

	For t	For the Three Months Ended June 30,			For the Six Months			s Ended June 30,	
		2015		2014		2015		2014	
Premiums and other revenue:									
Earned premiums	\$	346.0	\$	336.1	\$	680.6	\$	661.8	
Net investment income		21.8		20.6		42.6		43.9	
Net realized investment and other gains		5.3		18.5		21.3		29.6	
Total revenue		373.1		375.2		744.5		735.3	
Expenses:									
Losses and loss adjustment expenses		190.6		185.1		374.3		367.6	
Underwriting, acquisition and insurance expenses		139.5		136.8		269.1		265.5	
Interest expense		4.6		5.1		9.5		10.1	
Fee expense, net		0.7		0.1		1.1		1.5	
Foreign currency exchange loss (gain)		3.0		3.4		(6.6)		3.2	
Total expenses		338.4		330.5		647.4		647.9	
Income before income taxes		34.7		44.7		97.1		87.4	
Provision for income taxes		6.8		6.1		10.4		8.6	
Net income	\$	27.9	\$	38.6	\$	86.7	\$	78.8	
Net income per common share:									
Basic	\$	1.00	\$	1.34	\$	3.09	\$	2.72	
Diluted	\$	0.98	\$	1.32	\$	3.03	\$	2.67	
Dividend declared per common share	\$	0.20	\$	0.16	\$	0.40	\$	0.30	
Weighted average common shares:									
Basic	27	,948,978	28	8,761,138	2	28,038,836	2	8,962,406	
Diluted	28	,470,741	29	9,274,571	2	28,573,562	2	9,467,713	
	For the Three Months Ended Jur 30,						x Months Ended June 30,		
		2015		2014		2015		2014	
Net realized investment and other gains before other-than-									
temporary impairment losses	\$	(5.7 \$	19	.9 \$	5 23.	2 \$	31.0	
Other-than-temporary impairment losses recognized in earnings:									
Other-than-temporary impairment losses on fixed maturities).5)		.2)	(0.		(1.2)	
Other-than-temporary impairment losses on equity securities		()).9)	(().2)	(1.	<u>)</u>	(0.2)	

See accompanying notes.

Impairment losses recognized in earnings

Net realized investment and other gains

4

\$

(1.4)

5.3

\$

(1.4)

18.5

\$

(1.9)

21.3 \$

(1.4)

29.6

ARGO GROUP INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, LTD. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (in millions) (Unaudited)

	For	he Three Month 30,	ns Ended June	For the Six Months Ended June 30,			
		2015	2014	2015	2014		
Net income	\$	27.9 \$	38.6	\$ 86.7	5 78.8		
Other comprehensive income (loss):							
Foreign currency translation adjustments		0.5	0.6	(2.6)	0.4		
Unrealized gains on securities:							
(Losses) gains arising during the year		(10.3)	49.8	(34.6)	54.9		
Reclassification adjustment for gains included in net income		(9.5)	(16.1)	(7.0)	(16.2)		
Other comprehensive (loss) income before tax		(19.3)	34.3	(44.2)	39.1		
Income tax (benefit) provision related to other comprehensive (loss)							
income:							
Unrealized gains (losses) on securities:							
(Losses) gains arising during the year		(7.5)	11.8	(10.3)	15.6		
Reclassification adjustment for gains included in net income		(2.8)	(3.0)	(2.9)	(3.1)		
Income tax (benefit) provision related to other comprehensive (loss)							
income		(10.3)	8.8	(13.2)	12.5		
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax		(9.0)	25.5	(31.0)	26.6		
	¢	18.9 \$	64.1	\$ 55.7	5 105.4		

ARGO GROUP INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, LTD. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (in millions) (Unaudited)

	For the Six Months End	
	2015	2014
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 86.7 \$	78.8
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Amortization and depreciation	19.6	18.0
Share-based payments expense	12.9	11.2
Excess tax benefit from share-based payment arrangements	(0.1)	_
Deferred income tax provision, net	1.6	4.3
Net realized investment and other gains	(21.3)	(29.6)
Loss on disposals of fixed assets, net	0.2	
Change in:		
Accrued investment income	1.5	1.5
Receivables	(120.4)	169.0
Deferred acquisition costs	(15.0)	(8.6)
Ceded unearned premiums	(56.0)	(47.3)
Reserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses	41.1	(145.4)
Unearned premiums	82.7	58.6
Ceded reinsurance payable and funds held	87.4	(141.9)
Income taxes	8.7	(13.2)
Accrued underwriting expenses	(31.7)	(3.1)
Other, net	(3.3)	24.2
Cash provided (used) by operating activities	94.6	(23.5)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Sales of fixed maturity investments	564.1	558.0
Maturities and mandatory calls of fixed maturity investments	382.6	156.8
Sales of equity securities	33.6	56.7
Sales of other investments	46.2	17.6
Purchases of fixed maturity investments	(907.6)	(718.9)
Purchases of equity securities	(48.0)	(12.9)
Purchases of other investments	(61.7)	(34.4)
Change in foreign regulatory deposits and voluntary pools	6.8	21.6
Change in short-term investments	(47.5)	28.9
Settlements of foreign currency exchange forward contracts	(4.6)	0.1
Purchases of fixed assets	(14.4)	(18.9)
Other, net	18.6	(15.1)
Cash (used) provided by investing activities	(31.9)	39.5
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Activity under stock incentive plans	(1.4)	2.3
Repurchase of Company's common shares	(24.9)	(31.2)
Excess tax expense from share-based payment arrangements	0.1	
Payment of cash dividends to common shareholders	(11.2)	(8.7)
Cash used by financing activities	(37.4)	(37.6)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	0.2	0.4
Change in cash	25.5	(21.2)
Cash, beginning of period	81.0	157.4
Cash, end of period	\$ 106.5 \$	136.2

See accompanying notes.

ARGO GROUP INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, LTD. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of Argo Group International Holdings, Ltd. ("Argo Group," "we" or the "Company") and its subsidiaries have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") for interim financial information and with the instructions for Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. The preparation of interim financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The major estimates reflected in our consolidated financial statements include, but are not limited to, reserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses; reinsurance recoverables, including the reinsurance recoverables allowance for doubtful accounts; estimates of written and earned premiums; reinsurance premium receivable; fair value of investments and assessment of potential impairment; valuation of goodwill and intangibles and our deferred tax asset valuation allowance. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Certain financial information that normally is included in annual financial statements, including certain financial statement footnotes, prepared in accordance with GAAP, is not required for interim reporting purposes and has been condensed or omitted. These statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 27, 2015.

The interim financial information as of, and for the three and six months ended, June 30, 2015 and 2014 is unaudited. However, in the opinion of management, the interim information includes all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring accruals, necessary for a fair presentation of the results presented for the interim periods. The operating results for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year. All significant intercompany amounts have been eliminated in consolidation. Certain amounts in prior years' financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current presentation.

10% Stock Dividend

On February 17, 2015, our Board of Directors declared a 10% stock dividend, payable on March 16, 2015, to shareholders of record at the close of business on March 2, 2015. As a result of the stock dividend, 2,554,506 additional shares were issued. Cash was paid in lieu of fractional shares of our common shares. All references to share and per share amounts in this document and related disclosures have been adjusted to reflect the stock dividend for all periods presented.

2. Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (Topic 606). The ASU is a comprehensive new revenue recognition model that requires a company to recognize revenue to depict the transfer of goods or services to a customer at an amount that reflects the consideration it expects to receive in exchange for those goods or services. The ASU provides a five-step analysis of transactions to determine when and how revenue is recognized and requires additional disclosures sufficient to describe the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows for these transactions. This ASU is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016 and early adoption is not permitted. Accordingly, we will adopt this ASU on January 1, 2017. On April 1, 2015 the FASB voted to propose to defer ASU 2014-09 for one year, which if accepted, would delay our adoption date until January 1, 2018. Companies may use either a "full retrospective" adoption, meaning the update is applied to all periods presented, or a "modified retrospective" adoption, meaning the update is applied only to the most current period presented in the financial statements. While insurance contracts are excluded from this ASU, fee income related to our brokerage operations and management of the third-party capital for our underwriting Syndicate at Lloyd's will be subject to this updated guidance. We are currently evaluating what impact this ASU will have on our financial results and disclosures and which adoption method to apply.

In February 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-02, "Consolidation (Topic 810): Amendments to the Consolidation Analysis." ASU 2015-02 changes the analysis that a reporting entity must perform to determine whether entities should be consolidated if they are deemed variable interest entities. It is effective for annual reporting periods, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2015. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period. We are currently in the process of evaluating the impact of the adoption of ASU 2015-02 on our consolidated financial statements.

In May 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-09, "Insurance (Topic 944), Disclosures about Short-Duration Contracts." ASU 2015-09 requires additional disclosures about short-duration contracts for products in effect for typically a year or less. The disclosures will focus on the liability for unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses. ASU 2015-09 is effective for annual periods beginning after

December 15, 2015 and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016. We are currently in the process of evaluating the impact of the adoption of ASU 2015-09 on our consolidated financial statements.

3. Investments

Composition of Invested Assets

The amortized cost, gross unrealized gains, gross unrealized losses and fair value of investments were as follows:

June 30, 2015

(in millions)	Amortized Cost						Fair Value
Fixed maturities		Cost			Losses		Value
USD denominated:							
U.S. Governments	\$	183.9	\$	1.2	\$ 0.1	\$	185.0
Non-U.S. Governments	Ŷ	84.7	Ŷ	0.4	0.7	¥	84.4
Obligations of states and political subdivisions		477.1		17.3	1.6		492.8
Credit-Financial		461.7		9.7	1.8		469.6
Credit-Industrial		430.4		7.5	2.4		435.5
Credit-Utility		143.8		2.9	2.4		144.3
Structured securities:							
CMO/MBS-agency ⁽¹⁾		143.0		6.4	0.4		149.0
CMO/MBS-non agency		12.1		0.8			12.9
CMBS ⁽²⁾		161.9		1.1	0.7		162.3
ABS ⁽³⁾		245.4		1.2	0.7		245.9
Foreign denominated:							
Governments		175.9		1.9	13.7		164.1
Credit		239.6		3.5	24.9		218.2
Total fixed maturities		2,759.5		53.9	49.4		2,764.0
Equity securities		332.4		164.5	10.3		486.6
Other investments		501.1		10.3	2.5		508.9
Short-term investments		322.7					322.7
Total investments	\$	3,915.7	\$	228.7	\$ 62.2	\$	4,082.2

(1) Collateralized mortgage obligations/mortgage-backed securities ("CMO/MBS").

(2) Commercial mortgage-backed securities ("CMBS"). Asset-backed securities ("ABS").

(3)

December 31, 2014

(in millions)	Amortized Cost				Gross Unrealized Losses		 Fair Value
Fixed maturities							
USD denominated:							
U.S. Governments	\$	184.0	\$	1.3	\$	0.3	\$ 185.0
Non-U.S. Governments		79.9		0.6		0.6	79.9
Obligations of states and political subdivisions		468.1		22.9		0.3	490.7
Credit-Financial		508.1		12.3		2.3	518.1
Credit-Industrial		493.7		9.4		3.5	499.6
Credit-Utility		142.7		3.2		3.9	142.0
Structured securities:							
CMO/MBS-agency ⁽¹⁾		168.0		8.0		0.7	175.3
CMO/MBS-non agency		13.2		0.8			14.0
CMBS ⁽²⁾		178.6		1.6		0.2	180.0
ABS (3)		221.4		0.6		1.0	221.0
Foreign denominated:							
Governments		148.4		1.2		9.4	140.2
Credit		211.1		2.7		18.9	194.9
Total fixed maturities		2,817.2		64.6		41.1	 2,840.7
Equity securities		307.3		184.1		5.1	486.3
Other investments		488.9		7.5		1.3	495.1
Short-term investments		275.8					275.8
Total investments	\$	3,889.2	\$	256.2	\$	47.5	\$ 4,097.9

⁽¹⁾ Collateralized mortgage obligations/mortgage-backed securities ("CMO/MBS").

⁽²⁾ Commercial mortgage-backed securities ("CMBS").

⁽³⁾ Asset-backed securities ("ABS").

Included in "Total investments" in our Consolidated Balance Sheets at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 is \$78.3 million and \$75.2 million, respectively, of assets managed on behalf of the trade capital providers, who are third-party participants that provide underwriting capital to our Syndicate 1200 segment.

Contractual Maturity

The amortized cost and fair values of fixed maturity investments as of June 30, 2015, by contractual maturity, were as follows:

(in millions)	Amortized Cost		Fair Value
Due in one year or less	\$ 252	.7 \$	245.9
Due after one year through five years	1,207	.9	1,208.7
Due after five years through ten years	555	.0	557.2
Thereafter	181	.5	182.1
Structured securities	562	.4	570.1
Total	\$ 2,759	.5 \$	2,764.0

The expected maturities may differ from the contractual maturities because debtors may have the right to call or prepay obligations.



Other Invested Assets

Details regarding the carrying value and unfunded investment commitments of the other invested assets portfolio as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 were as follows:

June 30, 2015

(in millions)	Carry	ing Value	Unfunded Commitments
Investment Type			
Hedge funds	\$	145.6 \$	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Private equity		141.8	74.5
Long only funds		202.7	—
Other investments		18.8	
Total other invested assets	\$	508.9 \$	5 74.5

December 31, 2014

(in millions)	Carr	ying Value	-	nfunded 1mitments
Investment Type				
Hedge funds	\$	153.2	\$	
Private equity		123.6		72.9
Long only funds		200.7		
Other investments		17.6		
Total other invested assets	\$	495.1	\$	72.9

The following describes each investment type:

- Hedge funds: Hedge funds include equity long/short, multi-strategy credit, relative value credit and distressed event credit funds.
- **Private equity:** Private equity includes buyout funds, real asset/infrastructure funds, credit special situations funds, mezzanine lending funds and direct investments and strategic non-controlling minority investments in private companies that are principally accounted for using the equity method of accounting.
- Long only funds: These funds include a long-only fund that invests in high yield fixed income securities and funds that primarily invest in investment-grade corporate and sovereign fixed income securities.
- Other investments: Other investments include assets on deposit with various regulatory authorities to support Syndicate 1200 segment's insurance and reinsurance operations and foreign exchange currency forward contracts to manage exposure on losses related to global catastrophic events, our Canadian dollar investment portfolio and certain Euro denominated investments.



Unrealized Losses and Other-than-temporary Impairments

An aging of unrealized losses on our investments in fixed maturities, equity securities, other investments and short-term investments is presented below:

June 30, 2015	Less Than			or Greater	Total		
(in millions)	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	
Fixed maturities							
USD denominated:							
U.S. Governments ⁽²⁾	\$ 17.8	\$ 0.1	\$ 4.1	\$	\$ 21.9	\$ 0.1	
Non-U.S. Governments	27.6	0.6	2.7	0.1	30.3	0.7	
Obligations of states and political							
subdivisions	80.6	1.2	9.0	0.4	89.6	1.6	
Credit-Financial	203.0	1.7	10.6	0.1	213.6	1.8	
Credit-Industrial	167.8	1.9	17.8	0.5	185.6	2.4	
Credit-Utility	63.8	2.3	1.5	0.1	65.3	2.4	
Structured securities:							
CMO/MBS-agency	11.1	0.1	7.9	0.3	19.0	0.4	
CMBS ⁽²⁾	40.2	0.7	3.6		43.8	0.7	
ABS	88.0	0.4	10.5	0.3	98.5	0.7	
Foreign denominated:							
Governments	127.9	13.7			127.9	13.7	
Credit ⁽²⁾	198.6	24.9	0.9		199.5	24.9	
Total fixed maturities	1,026.4	47.6	68.6	1.8	1,095.0	49.4	
Equity securities	90.1	10.3			90.1	10.3	
Other investments	(2.2)	2.5			(2.2)	2.5	
Short-term investments ⁽¹⁾	17.8				17.8		
Total	\$ 1,132.1	\$ 60.4	\$ 68.6	\$ 1.8	\$ 1,200.7	\$ 62.2	

Unrealized losses less than one year are less than \$0.1 million. Unrealized losses one year or greater are less than \$0.1 million. (1)

(2)

December 31, 2014		Less Than One Year			or Greater	То	Total		
	Fair	Unrealize	ed	Fair	Unrealized		Unrealized		
(in millions)	Value	Losses		Value	Losses	Value	Losses		
Fixed maturities									
USD denominated:				•					
U.S. Governments	\$ 55.0		.2	\$ 15.7	\$ 0.1		\$ 0.3		
Non-U.S. Governments	36.5	0	.4	5.2	0.2	41.7	0.6		
Obligations of states and political									
subdivisions	10.4	0	.1	16.6	0.2	27.0	0.3		
Credit-Financial	195.7	2	.2	11.1	0.1	206.8	2.3		
Credit-Industrial	240.8	3	.3	12.2	0.2	253.0	3.5		
Credit-Utility	63.1	3	.8	1.9	0.1	65.0	3.9		
Structured securities:									
CMO/MBS-agency	10.1	0	.1	19.2	0.6	29.3	0.7		
CMBS	49.3	0	.1	6.0	0.1	55.3	0.2		
ABS	129.2	0	.7	8.1	0.3	137.3	1.0		
Foreign denominated:									
Governments	123.7	9	.3	11.2	0.1	134.9	9.4		
Credit	190.8	18	.7	0.9	0.2	191.7	18.9		
Total fixed maturities	1,104.6	38	.9	108.1	2.2	1,212.7	41.1		
Equity securities	53.6	5	.1			53.6	5.1		
Other investments	(0.9)	1	.3			. (0.9)	1.3		
Short-term investments			_						
Total	\$ 1,157.3	\$ 45	.3	\$ 108.1	\$ 2.2	\$ 1,265.4	\$ 47.5		

We regularly evaluate our investments for other than temporary impairment. For fixed maturity securities, the evaluation for a credit loss is generally based on the present value of expected cash flows of the security as compared to the amortized book value. For structured securities, frequency and severity of loss inputs are used in projecting future cash flows of the securities. Loss frequency is measured as the credit default rate, which includes such factors as loan-to-value ratios and credit scores of borrowers. For equity securities and other investments, the length of time and the amount of decline in fair value are the principal factors in determining other-than-temporary impairment. We also recognize other-than-temporary losses on fixed maturity securities that we intend to sell.

We hold a total of 6,517 securities, of which 2,338 were in an unrealized loss position for less than one year and 104 were in an unrealized loss position for a period one year or greater as of June 30, 2015. Unrealized losses greater than twelve months on fixed maturities were the result of a number of factors, including increased credit spreads, foreign currency fluctuations and higher market yields relative to the date the securities were purchased, and for structured securities, by the performance of the underlying collateral, as well. In considering whether an investment is other-then-temporarily impaired or not, we also considered that we do not intend to sell the investments and it is unlikely that we will be required to sell the investments before recovery of their amortized cost bases, which may be maturity. In situations where we did not recognize other-than-temporary losses on investments in our equity portfolio, we have evaluated the near-term prospects of the investment in relation to the severity and duration of the impairment and based on that evaluation, have the ability and intent to hold these investments until a recovery of the cost basis. We do not consider these investments to be other-than-temporarily impaired at June 30, 2015.

We recognized other-than-temporary losses on our fixed maturities portfolio of \$0.5 million and \$0.9 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively. We recognized other-than-temporary losses on our fixed maturities portfolio of \$1.2 million for both the three and six months ended June 30, 2014. We recognized other-than-temporary losses on our equity portfolio of \$0.9 million and \$1.0 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively. We recognized other-than-temporary losses on our equity portfolio of \$0.9 million and \$1.0 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively. We recognized other-than-temporary losses on our equity portfolio of \$0.2 million for both the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively. We recognized other-than-temporary losses on our equity portfolio of \$0.2 million for both the three and six months ended June 30, 2014.

Realized Gains and Losses

The following table presents our gross realized investment gains (losses) and other:

	For th	e Three Mon	ths Ended June 30,	For the Six Month 30,		
(in millions)		2015	2014	2015	2014	
Realized gains						
Fixed maturities	\$	3.5	\$ 6.1	\$ 7.6	\$ 10.7	
Equity securities		9.0	8.9	12.8	15.4	
Other investments		9.4	10.2	30.3	22.9	
Short-term investments		1.1	0.1	1.1	0.1	
Gain on sale of real estate holdings and other		0.1		0.4		
Gross realized investment gains		23.1	25.3	52.2	49.1	
Realized losses						
Fixed maturities		(5.3)	(4.1)	(9.0)	(7.6)	
Equity securities		(0.4)		(1.1)	(0.1)	
Other investments		(10.4)	(1.2)	(17.5)	(6.1)	
Short-term investments		(0.3)	(0.1)	(1.4)	(0.3)	
Other assets					(4.0)	
Other-than-temporary impairment losses on fixed						
maturities		(0.5)	(1.2)	(0.9)	(1.2)	
Other-than-temporary impairment losses on equity						
securities		(0.9)	(0.2)	(1.0)	(0.2)	
Gross realized investment and other losses		(17.8)	(6.8)	(30.9)	(19.5)	
Net realized investment and other gains	\$	5.3	\$ 18.5	\$ 21.3	\$ 29.6	

The cost of securities sold is based on the specific identification method.



Realized gains (losses) and changes in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) related to fixed maturity and equity security investments are summarized as follows:

(in millions)	-	Fixed aturities	Equity aturities	Other estments	Short Term	Но	l Estate oldings l Other	F	Tax Effects	1	Total
Three Months Ended June 30, 2015											
Realized before impairments	\$	(1.8)	\$ 8.6	\$ (1.0)	\$ 0.8	\$	0.1	\$	(2.2)	\$	4.5
Realized - impairments		(0.5)	(0.9)						0.5		(0.9)
Change in unrealized		(6.0)	(14.0)		0.2				10.3		(9.5)
Three Months Ended June 30, 2014											
Realized before impairments	\$	2.0	\$ 8.9	\$ 9.0	\$ 	\$		\$	(5.3)	\$	14.6
Realized - impairments		(1.2)	(0.2)						0.4		(1.0)
Change in unrealized		13.4	18.9	1.4					(8.8)		24.9
Six Months Ended June 30, 2015											
Realized before impairments	\$	(1.4)	\$ 11.7	\$ 12.8	\$ (0.3)	\$	0.4	\$	(8.4)	\$	14.8
Realized - impairments		(0.9)	(1.0)						0.2		(1.7)
Change in unrealized		(18.3)	(24.9)	1.6					13.2		(28.4)
Six Months Ended June 30, 2014											
Realized before impairments	\$	3.1	\$ 15.3	\$ 16.8	\$ (0.2)	\$	(4.0)	\$	(8.9)	\$	22.1
Realized - impairments		(1.2)	(0.2)	—					0.5		(0.9)
Change in unrealized		22.0	15.5	1.2					(12.5)		26.2

We enter into foreign currency exchange forward contracts to manage currency exposure on losses related to certain global catastrophe events. These currency forward contracts are carried at fair value in our Consolidated Balance Sheets in "Other investments." The realized and unrealized gains and losses on these contracts are included in "Net realized investment and other gains" in our Consolidated Statements of Income. The notional amount of these currency forward contracts was \$7.7 million and \$43.0 million at June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The fair value of these currency forward contracts was a loss of \$0.8 million and a gain of \$0.6 million in realized gains and \$0.8 million and \$2.0 million in realized losses, respectively, from these currency forward contracts. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, we recognized \$0.3 million and \$1.6 million in realized losses, respectively, from these currency forward contracts.

In the third quarter of 2014, we entered into foreign currency exchange forward contracts to manage currency exposure on our Canadian dollar ("CAD") investment portfolio. The currency forward contracts are carried at fair value in our Consolidated Balance Sheets in "Other investments." The realized and unrealized gains and losses are included in "Net realized investment and other gains" in our Consolidated Statements of Income. The notional amount of the currency forward contracts was CAD 142.7 million (USD \$114.8 million) as of June 30, 2015. The fair value of the currency forward contracts was a gain of \$3.0 million as of June 30, 2015. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, we recognized \$3.6 million and \$11.1 million in realized gains and \$2.8 million and \$4.8 million in realized losses, respectively, from the CAD currency forward contracts.

In the second quarter of 2015, we entered into foreign currency exchange forward contracts to minimize negative impacts to our investment portfolio returns. These currency forward contracts are carried at fair value in our Consolidated Balance Sheets in "Other investments". The realized and unrealized gains and losses are included in "Net realized investment and other gains" in our Consolidated Statements of Income. The notional amount of the current forward contacts was \$21.1 million at June 30, 2015. The fair value of the currency forward contracts was a loss of \$0.2 million at June 30, 2015. For both the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, we recognized \$0.4 million in realized gains and \$1.0 million in realized losses from these currency forward contracts. We also enter into foreign currency exchange forward contracts to manage currency exposure on certain Euro denominated investments. The currency forward contracts are carried at fair value in our Consolidated Balance Sheets in "Other investments." The realized and unrealized gains and losses are included in "Net realized and unrealized gains and losses are included in unrealized investments to manage currency exposure on certain Euro denominated investments. The currency forward contracts are carried at fair value in our Consolidated Balance Sheets in "Other investments." The realized and unrealized gains and losses are included in "Net realized investment and other gains" in our Consolidated Statements of Income. The fair value of the currency forward contracts was a loss of \$1.0 million and \$0.2 million as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, we recognized \$2.4 million in realized losses and \$6.3 million in realized gains, respectively, from the currency forward contracts. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, we recognized \$0.5 million and \$0.6 million in realized losses, respectively, from these currency forward contracts.

Regulatory Deposits, Pledged Securities and Letters of Credit

At June 30, 2015, the amortized cost and fair value of investments on deposit with U.S., Canadian and various agencies for regulatory purposes were \$186.2 million and \$191.6 million, respectively. At December 31, 2014, the amortized cost and fair value of investments on deposit with U.S., Canadian and various agencies for regulatory purposes were \$186.6 million and \$194.2 million, respectively.

At June 30, 2015, investments with an amortized cost of \$41.6 million and fair value of \$41.8 million were pledged as collateral in support of irrevocable letters of credit ("LOCs") in the amount of \$32.1 million issued under the terms of certain reinsurance agreements in respect of reported loss and loss expense reserves. At December 31, 2014, investments with an amortized cost of \$55.0 million and fair value of \$55.3 million were pledged as collateral in support of irrevocable LOCs in the amount of \$43.6 million issued under the terms of certain reinsurance agreements in respect of reported loss and loss expense reserves.

Our Corporate member's capital supporting our Lloyd's business was \$213.0 million and \$217.9 million at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market. Market participants are buyers and sellers in the principal (or most advantageous) market that are independent, knowledgeable, able to transact for the asset or liability and willing to transfer the asset or liability.

Valuation techniques consistent with the market approach, income approach and/or cost approach are used to measure fair value. The inputs of these valuation techniques are categorized into three levels.

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that can be accessed at the reporting date. We define actively traded as a security that has traded in the past seven days. We receive one quote per instrument for Level 1 inputs.
- Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. We receive one quote per instrument for Level 2 inputs.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs reflect our own judgments about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on the best information available in the circumstances.

We receive fair value prices from third-party pricing services and our outside investment managers. These prices are determined using observable market information such as dealer quotes, market spreads, cash flows, yield curves, live trading levels, trade execution data, market consensus prepayment speeds, credit information and the security's terms and conditions, among other things. We have reviewed the processes used by the third-party providers for pricing the securities, and have determined that these processes result in fair values consistent with GAAP requirements. In addition, we review these prices for reasonableness, and have not adjusted any prices received from the third-party providers as of June 30, 2015. A description of the valuation techniques we use to measure assets at fair value is as follows:

Fixed Maturities (Available-for-Sale) Levels 1 and 2:

- United States Treasury securities are typically valued using Level 1 inputs. For these securities, we obtain fair value measurements from third-party pricing services using quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets at the reporting date.
- United States Government agencies, non-U.S. Government securities, obligations of states and political subdivisions, credit securities and foreign denominated securities are reported at fair value using Level 2 inputs. For these securities, we obtain fair value measurements from third-party pricing services. Observable data may include dealer quotes, market spreads, yield curves, live trading levels, trade execution data, credit information and the security's terms and conditions, among other things.
- CMO/MBS agency, CMO/MBS non-agency, CMBS and ABS securities are reported at fair value using Level 2 inputs. For these securities, we obtain fair value measurements from third-party pricing services. Observable data may include dealer quotes, market spreads, cash flows, yield curves, live trading levels, trade execution data, market consensus prepayment speeds, credit information and the security's terms and conditions, among other things.

Equity Securities Level 1: Equity securities are principally reported at fair value using Level 1 inputs. For these securities, we obtain fair value measurements from a third-party pricing service using quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets at the reporting date.

Equity Securities Level 3: We own certain equity securities that are reported at fair value using Level 3 inputs. The valuation techniques for these securities include the following:

- Fair value measurements are obtained from the National Association of Insurance Commissioners' Security Valuation Office at the reporting date.
- Fair value measurements for an investment in an equity fund obtained by applying final prices provided by the administrator of the fund, which is based upon certain estimates and assumptions.

Other Investments Level 2: Foreign regulatory deposits are assets held in trust in jurisdictions where there is a legal and regulatory requirement to maintain funds locally in order to protect policyholders. Lloyd's is the appointed investment manager for the funds. These assets are invested in short-term government securities, agency securities and corporate bonds and are valued using Level 2 inputs based upon values obtained from Lloyd's. Foreign currency future contracts are valued by our counterparty using market driven foreign currency exchange rates and are considered Level 2 investments.

Short-term Investments: Short-term investments are principally reported at fair value using Level 1 inputs, with the exception of short-term corporate bonds reported at fair value using Level 2 inputs as described in the fixed maturities section above. Values for the investments categorized as Level 1 are obtained from various financial institutions as of the reporting date.

Transfers Between Level 1 and Level 2 Securities: There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 securities during the three months ended June 30, 2015.

Based on an analysis of the inputs, our financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis have been categorized as follows:

			Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using				
(in millions)	Jun	e 30, 2015	Level 1 (a)	Level 2 (b)	Level 3 (c)		
Fixed maturities							
USD denominated:							
U.S. Governments	\$	185.0	\$ 104.8	\$ 80.2	\$ —		
Non-U.S. Governments		84.4		84.4	_		
Obligations of states and political subdivisions		492.8		492.8			
Credit-Financial		469.6		469.6			
Credit-Industrial		435.5		435.5			
Credit-Utility		144.3		144.3			
Structured securities:							
CMO/MBS-agency		149.0		149.0	_		
CMO/MBS-non agency		12.9		12.9			
CMBS		162.3		162.3			
ABS		245.9		245.9			
Foreign denominated:							
Governments		164.1		164.1			
Credit		218.2		218.2			
Total fixed maturities		2,764.0	104.8	2,659.2			
Equity securities		486.6	485.8	· · · · ·	0.8		
Other investments		88.5		88.5			
Short-term investments		322.7	320.9	1.8			
	\$	3,661.8	\$ 911.5	\$ 2,749.5	\$ 0.8		

^(a) Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets

^(b) Significant other observable inputs

^(c) Significant unobservable inputs

		Fai	Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using					
(in millions)	ember 31, 2014	Le	Level 1 (a)		Level 2 ^(b)		Level 3 (c)	
Fixed maturities								
USD denominated:								
U.S. Governments	\$ 185.0	\$	99.2	\$	85.8	\$		
Non-U.S. Governments	79.9		_		79.9			
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	490.7				490.7			
Credit-Financial	518.1				518.1		—	
Credit-Industrial	499.6		_		499.6			
Credit-Utility	142.0				142.0			
Structured securities:								
CMO/MBS-agency	175.3				175.3			
CMO/MBS-non agency	14.0				14.0			
CMBS	180.0				180.0			
ABS	221.0				221.0			
Foreign denominated:								
Governments	140.2				140.2			
Credit	194.9				194.9			
Total fixed maturities	2,840.7		99.2		2,741.5			
Equity securities	486.3		485.4				0.9	
Other investments	97.3				97.3			
Short-term investments	275.8		273.9		1.9			
	\$ 3,700.1	\$	858.5	\$	2,840.7	\$	0.9	

^(a) Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets

^(b) Significant other observable inputs

^(c) Significant unobservable inputs

The fair value measurements in the tables above do not equal "Total investments" on our Consolidated Balance Sheets as they exclude certain other investments that are accounted for under the equity-method of accounting.

A reconciliation of the beginning and ending balances for the investments categorized as Level 3 are as follows:

Fair Value Measurements Using Observable Inputs (Level 3)

(in millions)	uity ırities	Total
Beginning balance, January 1, 2015	\$ 0.9 \$	0.9
Transfers into Level 3		_
Transfers out of Level 3		
Total gains or losses (realized/unrealized):		
Included in net income (loss)	—	
Included in other comprehensive income (loss)	—	—
Purchases, issuances, sales, and settlements		
Purchases	—	—
Issuances	—	
Sales	(0.1)	(0.1)
Settlements		<u> </u>
Ending balance, June 30, 2015	\$ 0.8 \$	0.8
Amount of total gains or losses for the year included in net income (loss) attributable to the change in unrealized gains or losses relating to assets still held at June 30, 2015	\$ \$	

	Equity Securities			Other	
(in millions)	Seci	<u>irities</u>		Assets	 Total
Beginning balance, January 1, 2014	\$	1.3	\$	2.6	\$ 3.9
Transfers into Level 3		_			
Transfers out of Level 3		_			
Total gains or losses (realized/unrealized):					
Included in net income (loss)		_			
Included in other comprehensive income (loss)		0.1		—	0.1
Purchases, issuances, sales, and settlements					
Purchases		_		—	
Issuances		_			
Sales		(0.5)		—	(0.5)
Settlements				(2.6)	 (2.6)
Ending balance, December 31, 2014	\$	0.9	\$		\$ 0.9
Amount of total gains or losses for the year included in net income (loss) attributable to the change in unrealized gains or losses relating to assets					
still held at December 31, 2014	\$		\$		\$

At June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, we did not have any financial assets or financial liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis or any financial liabilities on a recurring basis.

4. Reserves for Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses

The following table provides a reconciliation of reserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses ("LAE"):

	For the Six Months E	For the Six Months Ended June 30,					
(in millions)	2015	2014					
Net reserves beginning of the year	2,137.1 \$	2,107.6					
Add:							
Losses and LAE incurred during current calendar							
year, net of reinsurance:							
Current accident year	383.0	390.9					
Prior accident years	(8.7)	(23.3)					
Losses and LAE incurred during calendar year, net							
of reinsurance	374.3	367.6					
Deduct:							
Losses and LAE payments made during current							
calendar year, net of reinsurance:							
Current accident year	52.8	71.6					
Prior accident years	313.3	290.3					
Losses and LAE payments made during current							
calendar year, net of reinsurance:	366.1	361.9					
Change in participation interest ⁽¹⁾	(1.2)	24.7					
Foreign exchange adjustments	(14.5)	4.4					
Net reserves - end of period	2,129.6	2,142.4					
Add:		, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i					
Reinsurance recoverables on unpaid losses and LAE,							
end of period	948.6	925.5					
Gross reserves - end of period	3,078.2 \$	3,067.9					

⁽¹⁾ Amount represents (decreases) increases in reserves due to change in syndicate participation

Reserves for losses and LAE represent the estimated indemnity cost and related adjustment expenses necessary to investigate and settle claims. Such estimates are based upon individual case estimates for reported claims, estimates from ceding companies for reinsurance assumed and actuarial estimates for losses that have been incurred but not yet reported to the insurer. Any change in probable ultimate liabilities is reflected in current operating results.

Impacting losses and LAE for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was \$8.7 million in favorable prior years' loss reserve development comprised of the following: \$15.0 million of net favorable development in the Excess and Surplus Lines segment primarily the result of favorable development in the general and products liability lines and commercial automobile, partially offset by unfavorable development in property lines; \$11.6 million of net unfavorable development in the Commercial Specialty segment, primarily driven by unfavorable development in general liability and workers compensation due to increases in claim severity, partially offset by favorable development in auto liability and short tail lines; \$3.7 million of net favorable development in the International Specialty segment primarily driven by favorable development in Argo Re and long-tail lines, partially offset by unfavorable development in the Syndicate 1200 segment primarily driven by favorable development in property and marine & energy, partially offset by unfavorable development in various liability classes; and \$0.9 million of unfavorable development in the Run-off Lines segment primarily caused by unfavorable development in workers compensation lines and assumed asbestos and environmental liability, offset in part by favorable development in run-off reinsurance claims.

Impacting losses and LAE for the six months ended June 30, 2014 was \$23.3 million in favorable prior years' loss reserve development comprised of the following: \$21.7 million of net favorable development in the Excess and Surplus Lines segment primarily caused by favorable development in the general and products liability lines, partially offset by unfavorable development in commercial automobile and property lines; \$4.9 million of net unfavorable development in the Commercial Specialty segment, primarily driven by unfavorable development in general liability due to increases in claim severity, as well as unfavorable development in auto liability, partially offset by favorable development in workers compensation and short-tail lines; \$0.4 million of net unfavorable development in the International Specialty segment primarily driven by our Brazil unit; \$15.2 million of net favorable development in the Syndicate 1200 segment primarily driven by favorable development in various property classes, as well as favorable development in professional indemnity and aerospace, partially offset by unfavorable development in general liability; and \$8.3 million of unfavorable development in the Run-off Lines segment primarily caused by unfavorable development in workers compensation lines driven by increasing medical costs on older claims, as well as unfavorable development in the Run-off Lines segment primarily caused by unfavorable development in workers compensation lines driven by increasing medical costs on older claims, as well as unfavorable development in asbestos liability on assumed business.

In the opinion of management, our reserves represent the best estimate of our ultimate liabilities, based on currently known facts, current law, current technology and assumptions considered reasonable where facts are not known. Due to the significant uncertainties and related management judgments, there can be no assurance that future loss development, favorable or unfavorable, will not occur.

5. Debt

Revolving Credit Facility

On March 7, 2014, each of Argo Group, Argo Group US, Inc., Argo International Holdings Limited and Argo Underwriting Agency Limited (the "Borrowers") entered into a \$175 million credit agreement ("Credit Agreement") with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent. The Credit Agreement provides for a \$175.0 million revolving credit facility with a maturity date of March 7, 2018 unless extended in accordance with the terms of the Credit Agreement. Borrowings under the Credit Agreement may be used for general corporate purposes, including working capital and permitted acquisitions, and each of the Borrowers has agreed to be jointly and severally liable for the obligations of the other Borrowers under the Credit Agreement.

The Credit Agreement contains customary events of default. If an event of default occurs and is continuing, the Borrowers might be required immediately to repay all amounts outstanding under the Credit Agreement. Lenders holding at least a majority of the loans and commitments under the Credit Agreement may elect to accelerate the maturity of the loans and/or terminate the commitments under the Credit Agreement upon the occurrence and during the continuation of an event of default.

Included in the Credit Agreement is a provision that allows up to \$17.5 million of the revolving credit facility to be used for LOCs, subject to availability. As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, there were no borrowings outstanding and \$0.2 million in LOCs against the Credit Facility.

Junior Subordinated Debentures

On July 16, 2014, Argo Group US, Inc. purchased the outstanding PXRE Capital Trust V \$20,000,000 Junior Subordinated Debt Securities ("Capital Trust V") at a discount equal to 90.0% of the principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest through the date of purchase for a total price of \$18.2 million, resulting in the recognized gain, outstanding debt, associated interest, and intercompany balances related to the purchase of the Capital Trust V since the purchase by Argo Group US, Inc., in essence, reduced our outstanding debt related to the Junior Subordinated Debentures. The Capital Trust V continued to accrue interest until it was redeemed on April 29, 2015.

6. Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Cash. The carrying amount approximates fair value.

Investment securities and short-term investments. See Note 3, "Investments," for additional information.

Premiums receivable and reinsurance recoverables on paid losses. The carrying value of current receivables approximates fair value. At June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the carrying values of premiums receivable over 90 days were \$13.6 million and \$12.4 million, respectively. Included in "Reinsurance recoverables" in our Consolidated Balance Sheets at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, are amounts that are due from trade capital providers associated with the operations of ArgoGlobal Syndicate 1200. Upon settlement, the receivable is offset against the liability also reflected in our accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets. At June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the payable was in excess of the receivable. Of our reinsurance recoverables on paid losses, excluding amounts attributable to ArgoGlobal Syndicate 1200's trade capital providers, at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the carrying values over 90 days were \$11.3 million and \$9.9 million, respectively. Our methodology for establishing our allowances for doubtful accounts includes specifically identifying all potential uncollectible balances regardless of aging. At June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the allowance for doubtful accounts for premiums receivable was \$3.8 million and \$5.2 million, respectively, and the allowance for doubtful accounts for reinsurance recoverables on paid losses was \$2.5 million and \$1.8 million, respectively. Premiums receivable over 90 days were secured by collateral in the amount of \$0.6 million and \$0.4 at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively. Reinsurance recoverables on paid losses over 90 days were secured by collateral in the amount of \$0.6 million and \$0.4 at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

At June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the fair value of our Junior subordinated debentures, Senior unsecured fixed rate notes and Other indebtedness was estimated using appropriate market indices or quoted prices from external sources based on current market conditions.

A summary of our financial instruments whose carrying value did not equal fair value is shown below:

	 June 3	0, 201	5	December 31, 2014					
(in millions)	Carrying Amount		Fair Value				Carrying Amount		Fair Value
Junior subordinated debentures	\$ 172.7	\$	156.6	\$	172.7	\$	155.5		
Senior unsecured fixed rate notes	143.8		145.0		143.8		132.3		
Other indebtedness:									
Floating rate loan stock	56.1		50.8		61.3		55.2		
Note payable	0.6		0.6		0.7		0.6		
	\$ 373.2	\$	353.0	\$	378.5	\$	343.6		

7. Shareholders' Equity

On August 4, 2015, our Board of Directors declared a quarterly cash dividend in the amount of \$0.20 on each share of common stock outstanding.. The dividend will be paid on September 15, 2015, to shareholders of record on September 1, 2015.

On February 17, 2015, our Board of Directors declared a 10% stock dividend, payable on March 16, 2015, to shareholders of record at the close of business on March 2, 2015. As a result of the stock dividend, 2,554,506 additional shares were issued. Cash was paid in lieu of fractional shares of our common shares. All references to share and per share amounts in this document and related disclosures have been adjusted to reflect the stock dividend for all periods presented.

On May 5, 2015, our Board of Directors declared a quarterly cash dividend in the amount of \$0.20 on each share of common stock outstanding. On June 15, 2015, we paid \$5.6 million to our shareholders of record on June 1, 2015.

On May 5, 2014, our Board of Directors declared a quarterly cash dividend in the amount of \$0.16 on each share of common stock outstanding, on a post-stock dividend basis. On June 16, 2014, we paid \$4.7 million to our shareholders of record on June 2, 2014.

On November 5, 2013, our Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$150.0 million of our common shares ("2013 Repurchase Authorization"). The 2013 Repurchase Authorization supersedes all the previous Repurchase Authorizations. As of June 30, 2015, availability under the 2013 Repurchase Authorization for future repurchases of our common shares was \$67.9 million.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, we repurchased a total of 136,042 common shares and 489,096, respectively, for \$6.8 million and \$24.9 million, respectively.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, we repurchased 24,700 common shares and 221,564 on the open market, respectively, for \$1.3 million and \$11.2 million, respectively. In 2015, we repurchased shares under Securities Exchange Act of 1934 Rule 10b5-1 trading plans as follows:

_	Date Trading Plan Initiated	2015Number ofPurchaseSharesPeriodRepurchased		Purchase Shares of Shares		Total Cost (in millions)	Repurchase Authorization Year
	12/15/2014	01/05/2015-02/12/2015	117,482	\$	53.50	\$ 6.3	2013
	03/16/2015	03/18/2015-05/06/2015	150,050	\$	49.53	\$ 7.4	2013

8. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

A summary of changes in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of taxes (where applicable) by component for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 is presented below:

(in millions)	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments		Unrealized Holding Gains on Securities		Defined Benefit Pension Plans			Total
Balance, January 1, 2015	\$	(15.6)	\$	130.7	\$	(7.0)	\$	108.1
Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications		(2.6)		(24.3)		_		(26.9)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss				(4.1)			_	(4.1)
Net current-period other comprehensive loss		(2.6)		(28.4)		_		(31.0)
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$	(18.2)	\$	102.3	\$	(7.0)	\$	77.1

(in millions)			Unrealized Holding Gains on Securities	Defined Benefit Pension Plans	 Total
Balance, January 1, 2014	\$	(11.5)	\$ 163.9	\$ (4.6)	\$ 147.8
Other comprehensive income before					
reclassifications		0.4	39.3	_	39.7
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other					
comprehensive income			(13.1)		(13.1)
Net current-period other comprehensive					
income		0.4	26.2	_	26.6
Balance at June 30, 2014	\$	(11.1)	\$ 190.1	<u>\$ (4.6)</u>	\$ 174.4

The following tables illustrate the amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income shown in the above tables that have been included in our Consolidated Statements of Income:

	Months E	e Three Ended June 80,	For the Si Ended J	
(in millions)	2015	2014	2015	2014
Unrealized gains and losses on securities:				
Net realized investment losses	\$ (9.5)	\$ (16.1)	\$ (7.0)	\$ (16.2)
Benefit for income taxes	2.8	3.0	2.9	3.1
Net of taxes	\$ (6.7)	<u>\$ (13.1</u>)	<u>\$ (4.1</u>)	<u>\$ (13.1</u>)

9. Net Income Per Common Share

The following table presents the calculation of net income per common share on a basic and diluted basis (all balances have been adjusted to reflect the 10% stock dividend):

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,				For the Six Months Ended June 30,					
(in millions, except number of shares and per share amounts)		2015	2014		2014		2015		2	2014
Net income	\$	27.9	\$	38.6	\$	86.7	\$	78.8		
Weighted average common shares outstanding - basic		27,948,978		28,761,138		28,038,836	28,	962,406		
Effect of dilutive securities:										
Equity compensation awards		521,763		513,433		534,726		505,307		
Weighted average common shares outstanding - diluted		28,470,741 29,274,571		29,274,571	571 28,573,562		29,4	467,713		
Net income per common share:										
Basic	\$	1.00	\$	1.34	\$	3.09	\$	2.72		
Diluted	\$	0.98	\$	1.32	\$	3.03	\$	2.67		

Excluded from the weighted average common shares outstanding calculation at June 30, 2015, and 2014 are 9,095,585 shares and 8,233,645 shares, respectively, which are held as treasury shares. The shares are excluded as of their repurchase date. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, equity compensation awards to purchase 484 shares of common stock were excluded from the computation of diluted net income per common share as these instruments were anti-dilutive. These instruments expired during the second quarter 2015. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, equity compensation awards to purchase 2,611 shares of common stock were excluded from the computation of diluted net income per common share as these instruments were anti-dilutive. These instruments expired or will expire at varying times from 2014 through 2016.

10. Supplemental Cash Flow Information

Income taxes paid. We paid income taxes of \$10.5 million and \$15.6 million during the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Income taxes recovered. During the six months ended June 30, 2015, \$11.5 million of income taxes was recovered. No income taxes were recovered during the six months ended June 30, 2014.

Interest paid.

	For the Six Months Ended June 30						
(in millions)	2	015		2014			
Senior unsecured fixed rate notes	\$	4.7	\$	4.7			
Junior subordinated debentures		3.5		3.9			
Other indebtedness		1.2		1.4			
Total interest paid	\$	9.4	\$	10.0			

11. Share-based Compensation

The fair value method of accounting is used for equity-based compensation plans. Under the fair value method, compensation cost is measured based on the fair value of the award at the measurement date and recognized over the requisite service period. We use the Black-Scholes model to estimate the fair values on the measurement date for share options and share appreciation rights ("SARs"). The Black-Scholes model uses several assumptions to value a share award. The volatility assumption is based on the historical change in our stock price over the previous five years preceding the measurement date. The risk-free rate of return assumption is based on the five-year U.S. Treasury constant maturity rate on the measurement date. The expected award life is based upon the average holding period over the history of the incentive plan. The expected dividend yield is based on our history and expected dividend payouts.

The following table summarizes the assumptions we used for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014:

	For the Six Month	is Ended June 30,
	2015	2014
Risk-free rate of return	1.70%	1.64%
Expected dividend yields	1.57%	1.55%
Expected award life (years)	4.62	4.71
Expected volatility	21.10%	23.41%

All outstanding awards were adjusted to reflect the 10% stock dividend, resulting in a 10% increase to the number of awards outstanding and a 9.09% reduction in the exercise price.

Argo Group's Long-Term Incentive Plans

In November 2007, our shareholders approved the 2007 Long-Term Incentive Plan (the "2007 Plan"), which provides for an aggregate of 4.5 million shares of our common stock that may be issued to executives, non-employee directors, and other key employees. As of May 2014, 1.46 million shares remained available for grant under the 2007 Plan. In May 2014, our shareholders approved the 2014 Long-Term Incentive Plan (the "2014 Plan"), which provides for an additional 2.8 million shares of our common stock to be available for issuance to executives, non-employee directors and other key employees. The share awards may be in the form of share options, SARs, restricted shares, restricted share awards, restricted share units awards, performance awards, other share-based awards and other cash-based awards. Shares issued under this plan may be shares that are authorized and unissued or shares that we reacquired, including shares purchased on the open market. Share options and SARs will count as one share for the purposes of the limits under the incentive plans; restricted shares, restricted share units, performance shares or other share-based incentive awards which settle in common shares will count as 2.75 shares for purpose of the limits under the 2014 Plan.

Share options may be in the form of incentive share options, non-qualified share options and restorative options. Share options are required to have an exercise price that is not less than the market value on the date of grant. We are prohibited from repricing the options. The term of the share options cannot exceed seven years from the grant date.

A summary of restricted share activity as of June 30, 2015 and changes during the six months then ended is as follows:

	Shares	ighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value
Outstanding at January 1, 2015	313,716	\$ 31.38
Granted	297,873	\$ 39.21
Vested and issued	(118,882)	\$ 26.78
Expired or forfeited	(8,938)	\$ 41.76
Outstanding at June 30, 2015	483,769	\$ 37.14

The restricted shares vest over two to four years. Expense recognized under this plan for the restricted shares was \$1.5 million and \$3.0 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, as compared to \$0.7 million and \$1.4 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively. Compensation expense for all share-based compensation awards is included in "Underwriting, acquisition and insurance expense" in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Income. As of June 30, 2015, there was \$15.5 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to restricted share compensation arrangements granted by Argo Group.

A summary of stock-settled SARs activity as of June 30, 2015 and changes during the six months then ended is as follows:

	Shares	Weighted-Average Exercise Price
Outstanding at January 1, 2015	1,313,726	\$ 28.57
Granted	243,305	\$ 39.43
Exercised	(78,022)	\$ 26.26
Expired or forfeited	(7,231)	\$ 31.68
Outstanding at June 30, 2015	1,471,778	\$ 29.67

The stock-settled SARs vest over a one to four year period. Upon exercise of the stock-settled SARs, the employee is entitled to receive shares of our common stock equal to the appreciation of the stock as compared to the exercise price. Expense recognized for

the stock-settled SARs was \$0.3 million and \$1.0 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, as compared to \$0.7 million and \$1.3 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively. As of June 30, 2015, there was \$3.7 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to stock-settled SARs outstanding.

A summary of cash-settled SARs activity as of June 30, 2015 and changes during the six months then ended is as follows:

	Shares		ed-Average sise Price
Outstanding at January 1, 2015	2,001,451	\$ 3	32.76
Granted	913,157	\$ 4	7.48
Exercised	(306,278)	\$ 2	29.22
Expired or forfeited	(91,932)	\$ 3	37.22
Outstanding at June 30, 2015	2,516,398	\$ 3	88.37

The cash-settled SARs vest over a one to four year period. Upon exercise of the cash-settled SARs, the employee is entitled to receive cash payment for the appreciation in the value of our common stock over the exercise price. We account for the cash-settled SARs as liability awards, which require the awards to be revalued at each reporting period. Expense recognized for the cash-settled SARs was \$8.5 million and \$11.3 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, as compared to \$5.3 million and \$8.0 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively. As of June 30, 2015, there was \$17.0 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to cash-settled SARs outstanding.

12. Underwriting, Acquisition and Insurance Expenses

Underwriting, acquisition and insurance expenses were as follows:

	For t	he Three Month 30,	s Ended June	For the Six Months Ended June 30,			
(in millions)		2015	2014	2015	2014		
Commissions	\$	67.2 \$	63.3	\$ 125.9	\$ 118.2		
General expenses		79.7	74.1	152.6	142.9		
Premium taxes, boards and bureaus			5.7	0.6	12.3		
		146.9	143.1	279.1	273.4		
Net deferral of policy acquisition costs		(7.4)	(6.3)	(10.0)) (7.9)		
Total underwriting, acquisition and insurance expenses	\$	139.5 \$	136.8	\$ 269.1	\$ 265.5		

Included in general expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 was \$10.4 million and \$6.8 million, respectively, and \$15.3 million and \$11.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, of expense for our total equity compensation.

13. Income Taxes

We are incorporated under the laws of Bermuda and, under current Bermuda law, are not obligated to pay any taxes in Bermuda based upon income or capital gains. We have received an undertaking from the Supervisor of Insurance in Bermuda pursuant to the provisions of the Exempted Undertakings Tax Protection Act, 2011, which exempts us from any Bermuda taxes computed on profits, income or any capital asset, gain or appreciation or any tax in the nature of estate duty or inheritance tax, at least until the year 2035.

We do not consider ourselves to be engaged in a trade or business in the United States or the United Kingdom and, accordingly, do not expect to be subject to direct United States or United Kingdom income taxation.

We have subsidiaries based in the United Kingdom that are subject to the tax laws of that country. Under current law, these subsidiaries are taxed at the applicable corporate tax rates. Six of the United Kingdom subsidiaries are deemed to be engaged in business in the United States, and therefore, are subject to United States corporate tax in respect of a proportion of their United States underwriting business only. Relief is available against the United Kingdom tax liabilities in respect of overseas taxes paid that arise from the underwriting business. Corporate income tax losses incurred in the United Kingdom can be carried forward, for application against future income, indefinitely. Our United Kingdom subsidiaries file separate United Kingdom income tax returns.

We have subsidiaries based in the United States that are subject to United States tax laws. Under current law, these subsidiaries are taxed at the applicable corporate tax rates. Our United States subsidiaries file a consolidated United States federal income tax return.

We also have operations in Belgium, Switzerland, Brazil, France, Malta, Spain and Ireland, which also are subject to income taxes imposed by the jurisdiction in which they operate. We have operations in the United Arab Emirates, which are not subject to income tax under the laws of that country.

Our income tax provision includes the following components:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,			For the Six Months Ended Ju 30,		
(in millions)		2015	2014	201	5	2014
Current tax provision	\$	9.0 \$	2.9	\$	8.8	5 4.3
Deferred tax (benefit) provision related to:						
Future tax deductions		(2.9)	3.0		2.6	33.2
Valuation allowance change		0.7	0.2		(1.0)	(28.9)
Income tax provision	\$	6.8 \$	6.1	\$	10.4	8.6

Our expected income tax provision computed on pre-tax income (loss) at the weighted average tax rate has been calculated as the sum of the pre-tax income (loss) in each jurisdiction multiplied by that jurisdiction's applicable statutory tax rate. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, pre-tax income (loss) attributable to our operations and the operations' effective tax rates were as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,									
(in millions)		2015		2014						
	Effective Pre-Tax Tax			Pre-Tax	Effective Tax					
		ie (Loss)	Tax Rate	Income (Loss)	Rate					
Bermuda	\$	18.3	0.0%	\$ 25.0	0.0%					
United States		20.2	27.0%	20.9	24.1%					
United Kingdom		(2.9)	-46.9%	(5.4)	-19.4%					
Belgium		0.1	16.5%	(1)	64.2%					
Brazil		(1.2)	0.0%	5.1	0.0%					
United Arab Emirates		0.1	0.0%	(0.1)	0.0%					
Ireland		(0.1)	0.0%	(1)	0.0%					
Malta		0.2	0.0%	(0.6)	0.0%					
Switzerland		(1)	-36.7%	(0.2)	18.2%					
Pre-tax income	\$	34.7		\$ 44.7						

	For the Six Months Ended June 30,								
(in millions)		2015		2014					
			Effective		Effective				
		e-Tax	Tax	Pre-Tax	Tax Data				
	Incor	ne (Loss)	Rate	Income (Loss)	Rate				
Bermuda	\$	44.0	0.0%	46.9	0.0%				
United States		48.7	23.0%	35.7	22.7%				
United Kingdom		7.2	-12.0%	1.9	25.4%				
Belgium		(0.1)	-24.2%	(1)	43.3%				
Brazil		(3.0)	0.0%	5.1	0.0%				
United Arab Emirates		0.1	0.0%	(1.0)	0.0%				
Ireland		(0.1)	0.0%	(1)	0.0%				
Malta		0.3	0.0%	(1.0)	0.0%				
Switzerland		(1)	-18.6%	(0.2)	21.0%				
Pre-tax income	\$	97.1		\$ 87.4					

⁽¹⁾ Pre-tax income for the respective year was less than \$0.1 million.



A reconciliation of the difference between the provision for income taxes and the expected tax provision at the weighted average tax rate is as follows:

	For th	e Three Mo	nths E				
		30),		For the Six Mont	hs En	,
(in millions)		2015		2014	2015		2014
Income tax provision at expected rate	\$	6.2	\$	9.8	\$ 17.4	\$	14.5
Tax effect of:							
Tax-exempt interest		(1.0)		(1.1)	(1.9)		(2.3)
Dividends received deduction		(0.6)		(0.6)	(1.2)		(1.2)
Valuation allowance change		0.7		0.2	(1.0)		(28.9)
Other permanent adjustments, net				(1.0)	0.2		(0.9)
Adjustment for annualized rate		0.3		(2.6)	(0.2)		(1.8)
United States state tax (benefit) expense				(0.1)	(2.5)		
Capital loss carryforward from prior merger					—		29.8
Other foreign adjustments		0.4			0.1		
Prior period adjustments to deferred				(1.0)	—		(1.0)
Prior year foreign taxes recovered					(1.2)		
Foreign exchange adjustments		0.6		2.3	0.4		0.1
Foreign withholding taxes		0.2		0.2	0.3		0.3
Income tax provision	\$	6.8	\$	6.1	\$ 10.4	\$	8.6
Income tax provision (benefit) - Foreign	\$	1.4	\$	1.0	\$ (0.8)	\$	0.4
Income tax provision - United States, Federal		5.2		5.0	14.7		7.8
Income tax (benefit) provision - United States, state				(0.1)	(3.8)		0.1
Foreign withholding tax - United States		0.2		0.2	0.3		0.3
Income tax provision	\$	6.8	\$	6.1	\$ 10.4	\$	8.6

We recognize potential accrued interest and penalties within our global operations in "Interest expense" and "Underwriting, acquisition and insurance expenses," respectively, in our Consolidated Statements of Income.

Our net deferred tax assets (liabilities) are supported by taxes paid in previous periods, reversal of taxable temporary differences and recognition of future income. Management regularly evaluates the recoverability of the deferred tax assets and makes any necessary adjustments to them based upon any changes in management's expectations of future taxable income. Realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon our generation of sufficient taxable income in the future to recover tax benefits that cannot be recovered from taxes paid in the carryback period, which is generally two years for net operating losses and three years for capital losses for our United States operations. At June 30, 2015, we had a total net deferred tax liability of \$16.8 million prior to any valuation allowance. Management has concluded that a valuation allowance is required for a portion of the tax effected net operating loss carryforward of \$17.3 million generated from a prior merger and for the tax effected net operating loss carryforward of \$1.0 million from ARIS. Of the net operating carryforwards from a prior merger, \$15.8 million will expire if not used by December 31, 2025 and \$1.5 million will expire if not used by December 31, 2027. Of the ARIS loss carryforward, \$0.2 million will expire if not used by December 31, 2027, \$0.4 million will expire if not used by December 31, 2028 and \$0.4 million will expire if not used by December 31, 2029. The valuation allowances have been established as Internal Revenue Code Section 382 limits the application of net operating loss and net capital loss carryforwards following an ownership change. The loss carryforwards available per year are \$2.8 million as required by Internal Revenue Code Section 382. Further, due to cumulative losses since inception, management has concluded that a valuation allowance is required for the full amount of the tax effected net operating losses generated by our Brazil and Malta entities. Accordingly, a valuation allowance of \$24.4 million is required as of June 30, 2015 of which \$15.4 million relates to the prior merger and ARIS loss carryforwards, \$7.2 million relates to Brazil operations, and \$1.8 million relates to Malta operations. For the six months ended June 30, 2015, the valuation allowance was reduced by \$0.5 million pertaining to the prior merger and ARIS loss carryforwards, decreased by \$0.2 million pertaining to our Brazil operations and decreased by \$0.3 million pertaining to our Malta operations.

We had no material unrecognized tax benefits as of June 30, 2015 and 2014. Our United States subsidiaries are no longer subject to U.S. federal and state income tax examinations by tax authorities for years before 2011. Our United Kingdom subsidiaries are no longer subject to United Kingdom income tax examinations by Her Majesty's Revenue and Customs for years before 2012.

14. Commitments and Contingencies

Argo Group's subsidiaries are parties to legal actions incidental to their business. Based on the opinion of counsel, management believes that the resolution of these matters will not materially affect our financial condition or results of operations.

We have contractual commitments to invest up to \$74.5 million related to our limited partnership investments at June 30, 2015. These commitments will be funded as required by the partnership agreements.

15. Segment Information

We are primarily engaged in underwriting property and casualty insurance and reinsurance. We have four ongoing reporting segments: Excess and Surplus Lines, Commercial Specialty, International Specialty and Syndicate 1200. Additionally, we have a Run-off Lines segment for certain products that we no longer underwrite.

We consider many factors, including the nature of each segment's insurance and reinsurance products, production sources, distribution strategies and the regulatory environment, in determining how to aggregate reporting segments.

In evaluating the operating performance of our segments, we focus on core underwriting and investing results before the consideration of realized gains or losses from the sales of investments. Realized investment gains are reported as a component of the Corporate and Other segment, as decisions regarding the acquisition and disposal of securities reside with the investment function and are not under the control of the individual business segments. Identifiable assets by segment are those assets used in the operation of each segment.

Revenue and income (loss) before income taxes for each segment were as follows:

	For tl	For the Three Months Ended June 30,			For the Six Month			ıs Ended June 30,	
(in millions)		2015	2014		14 2015		2015		
Revenue:									
Earned premiums									
Excess and Surplus Lines	\$	131.1	\$	125.3	\$	254.2	\$	242.7	
Commercial Specialty		71.7		71.1		144.3		142.8	
International Specialty		38.3		37.6		75.6		74.6	
Syndicate 1200		104.5		102.2		206.4		201.5	
Run-off Lines		0.4		(0.1)		0.1		0.2	
Total earned premiums		346.0		336.1		680.6		661.8	
Net investment income									
Excess and Surplus Lines		9.0		9.0		17.5		18.3	
Commercial Specialty		4.7		4.6		9.2		9.3	
International Specialty		3.0		2.0		5.9		3.8	
Syndicate 1200		2.4		2.1		4.6		5.8	
Run-off Lines		2.1		2.3		4.1		4.8	
Corporate and Other		0.6		0.6		1.3		1.9	
Total net investment income		21.8		20.6		42.6		43.9	
Net realized investment and other gains		5.3		18.5		21.3		29.6	
Total revenue	\$	373.1	\$	375.2	\$	744.5	\$	735.3	

	For th	ne Three Montl	hs End	For the Six Months Ended June 30,			
(in millions)		2015		2014	2015		2014
Income (loss) before income taxes							
Excess and Surplus Lines	\$	24.2	\$	28.2	\$ 48.9	\$	48.3
Commercial Specialty		4.6		(0.5)	8.4		1.2
International Specialty		8.8		5.6	17.9		12.4
Syndicate 1200		10.1		10.1	21.1		25.9
Run-off Lines		(1.1)		(3.4)	0.1		(9.3)
Total segment income before taxes		46.6		40.0	96.4		78.5
Corporate and Other		(17.2)		(13.8)	(20.6)		(20.7)
Net realized investment and other gains		5.3		18.5	21.3		29.6
Total income before income taxes	\$	34.7	\$	44.7	\$ 97.1	\$	87.4

The table below presents earned premiums by geographic location for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014. For this disclosure, we determine geographic location by the country of domicile of our subsidiaries that underwrite the business and not by the location of insureds or reinsureds from whom the business was generated.

	For th	ne Three Mon	ths End	ded June 30,	For the Six Months Ended June 30,			
(in millions)		2015		2014		2015		2014
Bermuda	\$	26.1	\$	24.3	\$	50.0	\$	48.7
Brazil		11.9		11.8		24.4		24.4
Malta		0.4		0.6		0.9		1.1
United Kingdom		104.5		102.6		206.4		201.5
United States		203.1		196.8		398.9		386.1
Total earned premiums	\$	346.0	\$	336.1	\$	680.6	\$	661.8

The following table represents identifiable assets:

(in millions)	June 30, 2015	I	December 31, 2014		
Excess and Surplus Lines	\$ 2,411.	2 \$	2,350.7		
Commercial Specialty	1,358.	2	1,358.5		
International Specialty	836.	3	776.8		
Syndicate 1200	1,316.	4	1,258.5		
Run-off Lines	577.	0	552.8		
Corporate and Other	44.	9	59.0		
Total	\$ 6,544.	0 \$	6,356.3		

Included in total assets at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 are \$341.6 million and \$315.4 million, respectively, in assets associated with trade capital providers.

16. Information Provided in Connection with Outstanding Debt of Subsidiaries

The following tables present condensed consolidating financial information at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, for Argo Group (the "Parent Guarantor") and Argo Group US (the "Subsidiary Issuer"). The Subsidiary Issuer is an indirect wholly subsidiary of the Parent Guarantor. Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for by the Parent Guarantor under the equity method for purposes of the supplemental consolidating presentation. Earnings of subsidiaries are reflected in the Parent Guarantor's investment accounts and earnings.

The Parent Guarantor fully and unconditionally guarantees certain of the debt of the Subsidiary Issuer. Condensed consolidating financial information of the Subsidiary Issuer is presented on a consolidated basis and consists principally of the net assets, results of operations and cash flows of operating insurance company subsidiaries.



CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2015

(in millions)

] H	Argo Group International Ioldings, Ltd rent Guarantor)	:	rgo Group US, Inc. and Subsidiaries Subsidiary Issuer)	Other Subsidiaries and Eliminations ⁽¹⁾	Consolidating Adjustments (2)	Total
Assets							
Investments	\$	3.7	\$	2,785.6	\$ 1,292.9	\$	\$4,082.2
Cash		—		72.4	34.1		106.5
Accrued investment income		—		16.5	4.1		20.6
Premiums receivable		—		177.8	271.1		448.9
Reinsurance recoverables		—		1,168.5	(149.3)) —	1,019.2
Goodwill and other intangible assets, net		—		131.3	97.4		228.7
Current income taxes receivable, net		—		0.7	5.3		6.0
Deferred acquisition costs, net		—		62.3	77.0		139.3
Ceded unearned premiums		—		111.0	150.9		261.9
Other assets		11.0		160.9	65.2	(6.4) 230.7
Due (to) from affiliates		(39.3))	(3.1)	3.1	39.3	—
Intercompany note receivable		—		56.2	(56.2)) —	· <u> </u>
Investments in subsidiaries		1,738.6				(1,738.6)
Total assets	\$	1,714.0	\$	4,740.1	\$ 1,795.6	\$ (1,705.7) \$6,544.0
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity			_				
Reserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses	\$		\$	2,139.5	\$ 938.7	\$	\$3,078.2
Unearned premiums				477.1	419.3		896.4
Funds held and ceded reinsurance payable, net				654.4	(334.1)) —	320.3
Long-term debt		28.4		288.7	56.1		373.2
Deferred tax liabilities, net				30.5	10.7		41.2
Accrued underwriting expenses and other liabilities		16.7		93.9	55.2		165.8
Total liabilities		45.1		3,684.1	1,145.9		4,875.1
Total shareholders' equity		1,668.9		1,056.0	649.7	(1,705.7) 1,668.9
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$	1,714.0	\$	4,740.1	\$ 1,795.6	\$ (1,705.7) \$6,544.0

(1) Includes all other subsidiaries of Argo Group International Holdings, Ltd. and all intercompany eliminations. Includes all Argo Group parent company eliminations.

(2)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET December 31, 2014

(in millions)

	0,		Other Subsidiaries and Eliminations ⁽¹⁾		nsolidating ustments ⁽²⁾	Total	
Assets							
Investments	\$	0.7	\$ 2,841.5		\$		\$4,097.9
Cash		—	49.3	31.7		—	81.0
Accrued investment income			17.8	4.3		—	22.1
Premiums receivable			154.6	199.0			353.6
Reinsurance recoverables			1,173.6	(176.4)		997.2
Goodwill and other intangible assets, net			131.7	99.1			230.8
Current income taxes receivable, net			10.1	4.8			14.9
Deferred acquisition costs, net		—	58.0	66.6			124.6
Ceded unearned premiums			98.5	109.1			207.6
Other assets		9.6	174.1	67.9		(25.0)	226.6
Due from (to) affiliates		2.9	(19.8)	19.8		(2.9)	_
Intercompany note receivable		—	72.0	(72.0)		
Investments in subsidiaries		1,698.0	 			(1,698.0)	
Total assets	\$	1,711.2	\$ 4,761.4	\$ 1,609.6	\$	(1,725.9)	\$6,356.3
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity							
Reserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses	\$		\$ 2,136.4	\$ 906.0	\$		\$3,042.4
Unearned premiums			448.9	368.3			817.2
Funds held and ceded reinsurance payable, net			675.1	(441.3)		233.8
Long-term debt		49.0	288.7	61.4		(20.6)	378.5
Deferred tax liabilities, net		_	41.2	11.8			53.0
Accrued underwriting expenses and other liabilities		15.5	104.2	65.0			184.7
Total liabilities		64.5	3,694.5	971.2		(20.6)	4,709.6
Total shareholders' equity		1,646.7	 1,066.9	638.4		(1,705.3)	1,646.7
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$	1,711.2	\$ 4,761.4	\$ 1,609.6	\$	(1,725.9)	\$6,356.3

(1) Includes all other subsidiaries of Argo Group International Holdings, Ltd. and all intercompany eliminations. Includes all Argo Group parent company eliminations.

(2)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF INCOME FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

(in millions)

	Argo Group International Holdings, Ltd (Parent Guarantor)	Argo Group US, Inc. and Subsidiaries (Subsidiary Issuer)	Other Subsidiaries and Eliminations ⁽¹⁾	Consolidating Adjustments ⁽²⁾ Total
Premiums and other revenue:				
Earned premiums	\$	\$ 118.8	\$ 227.2	\$ \$ 346.0
Net investment (expense) income	(0.3)) 14.0	8.1	— 21.8
Net realized investment and other gains (loss)	2.0	7.4	(2.1)	(2.0) 5.3
Total revenue	1.7	140.2	233.2	(2.0) 373.1
Expenses:				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Losses and loss adjustment expenses	_	64.4	126.2	— 190.6
Underwriting, acquisition and insurance				
expenses	4.8	49.6	85.1	— 139.5
Interest expense	0.2	3.8	0.6	— 4.6
Fee expense (income), net	—	1.6	(0.9)	— 0.7
Foreign currency exchange loss	—	0.1	2.9	— 3.0
Total expenses	5.0	119.5	213.9	— 338.4
Income (loss) before income taxes	(3.3) 20.7	19.3	(2.0) 34.7
Provision for income taxes		5.4	1.4	— 6.8
Net income (loss) before equity in earnings of				
subsidiaries	(3.3)) 15.3	17.9	(2.0) 27.9
Equity in undistributed earnings of				
subsidiaries	31.2			(31.2) —
Net income	\$ 27.9	\$ 15.3	\$ 17.9	\$ (33.2) \$ 27.9

(1) Includes all other subsidiaries of Argo Group International Holdings, Ltd. and all intercompany eliminations.

(2) Includes all Argo Group parent company eliminations.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF INCOME FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (in millions)

(in millions)

	Inter Hold	o Group mational ings, Ltd Guarantor)	Argo Group US, Inc. and Subsidiaries (Subsidiary Issuer)	Other Subsidiaries and Eliminations ⁽¹⁾	Consolidating Adjustments (2)	Total
Premiums and other revenue:						
Earned premiums	\$		\$ 117.5	\$ 218.6	\$ —	\$ 336.1
Net investment (expense) income		(0.1)	13.8	6.9	—	20.6
Net realized investment and other gains (loss)			13.9	4.6		18.5
Total revenue		(0.1)	145.2	230.1		375.2
Expenses:						
Losses and loss adjustment expenses			68.8	116.3		185.1
Underwriting, acquisition and insurance						
expenses		4.1	50.1	82.6	—	136.8
Interest expense		0.6	3.7	0.9	(0.1)	5.1
Fee expense (income), net			1.7	(1.6)		0.1
Foreign currency exchange (gain) loss			(0.1)	3.5		3.4
Total expenses		4.7	124.2	201.7	(0.1)	330.5
Income (loss) before income taxes		(4.8)	21.0	28.4	0.1	44.7
Provision for income taxes			5.1	1.0		6.1
Net income (loss) before equity in earnings of						
subsidiaries		(4.8)	15.9	27.4	0.1	38.6
Equity in undistributed earnings of subsidiaries		43.4			(43.4)	
Net income	\$	38.6	\$ 15.9	\$ 27.4	\$ (43.3)	\$ 38.6
	φ	58.0	φ 15.9	φ 21.4	y (43.5)	φ 30.0

⁽¹⁾ Includes all other subsidiaries of Argo Group International Holdings, Ltd. and all intercompany eliminations.

⁽²⁾ Includes all Argo Group parent company eliminations.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF INCOME FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

(in millions)

	Argo Group International Holdings, Ltd <u>(Parent Guaranto</u>		rgo Group US, Inc. and Subsidiaries Subsidiary Issuer)	Other Subsidiaries and Eliminations ⁽¹⁾	Consolidating Adjustments ⁽²⁾	Total
Premiums and other revenue:						
Earned premiums	\$ -	- \$	253.9	\$ 426.7	\$	\$ 680.6
Net investment (expense) income	(0	.5)	28.5	14.6		42.6
Net realized investment and other gains (loss)	2	.0	23.3	(2.0)	(2.0)	21.3
Total revenue	1	.5	305.7	439.3	(2.0)	744.5
Expenses:						
Losses and loss adjustment expenses	-		144.6	229.7		374.3
Underwriting, acquisition and insurance						
expenses	9	.5	101.5	158.1		269.1
Interest expense	0	.7	7.6	1.2		9.5
Fee expense (income), net	-		2.4	(1.3)		1.1
Foreign currency exchange loss (gain)			0.9	(7.5)		(6.6)
Total expenses	10	.2	257.0	380.2		647.4
Income (loss) before income taxes	(8	.7)	48.7	59.1	(2.0)	97.1
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	_		11.2	(0.8)		10.4
Net income (loss) before equity in earnings of						
subsidiaries	(8	.7)	37.5	59.9	(2.0)	86.7
Equity in undistributed earnings of						
subsidiaries	95	.4			(95.4)	
Net income	\$ 86	.7 \$	37.5	\$ 59.9	<u>\$ (97.4)</u>	\$ 86.7

(1) Includes all other subsidiaries of Argo Group International Holdings, Ltd. and all intercompany eliminations.

(2) Includes all Argo Group parent company eliminations.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF INCOME FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

(in millions)

	Argo Group International Holdings, Ltd (Parent Guarantor)	Argo Group US, Inc. and Subsidiaries (Subsidiary Issuer)	Other Subsidiaries and Eliminations ⁽¹⁾	Consolidating Adjustments	Total
Premiums and other revenue:					
Earned premiums	\$	\$ 229.5	\$ 432.3	\$ _ \$	661.8
Net investment (expense) income	(0.2) 28.8	15.3	—	43.9
Net realized investment and other gains (loss)		25.4	4.2		29.6
Total revenue	(0.2) 283.7	451.8		735.3
Expenses:					
Losses and loss adjustment expenses		141.3	226.3	_	367.6
Underwriting, acquisition and insurance					
expenses	10.1	96.4	159.0		265.5
Interest expense	1.2	7.5	1.6	(0.2)	10.1
Fee expense (income), net		3.0	(1.5)		1.5
Foreign currency exchange (gain) loss		(0.2)	3.4		3.2
Total expenses	11.3	248.0	388.8	(0.2)	647.9
Income (loss) before income taxes	(11.5) 35.7	63.0	0.2	87.4
Provision for income taxes		8.1	0.5	—	8.6
Net income (loss) before equity in earnings of					
subsidiaries	(11.5) 27.6	62.5	0.2	78.8
Equity in undistributed earnings of					
subsidiaries	90.3			(90.3)	
Net income	\$ 78.8	\$ 27.6	\$ 62.5	\$ (90.1)	5 78.8

(1) Includes all other subsidiaries of Argo Group International Holdings, Ltd. and all intercompany eliminations.

(2) Includes all Argo Group parent company eliminations.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

(in millions)

	Argo Group International Holdings, Ltd (Parent Guarantor)	Argo Group US, Inc. and Subsidiaries (Subsidiary Issuer)	Other Subsidiaries and Eliminations ⁽¹⁾	Consolidating Adjustments ⁽²⁾	Total
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$ 11.4	\$ 20.7	\$ 62.5	\$	\$ 94.6
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Proceeds from sales of investments	—	493.4	150.5	—	643.9
Maturities and mandatory calls of fixed maturity investments	_	311.7	70.9	_	382.6
Purchases of investments	_	(770.6)	(246.7)		(1,017.3)
Change in short-term investments and foreign regulatory deposits	0.2	(6.9)	(34.0)	_	(40.7)
Settlements of foreign currency exchange forward contracts	0.8	_	(5.4)	_	(4.6)
Purchases of fixed assets and other, net	0.2	(0.4)	4.4		4.2
Cash used by investing activities	1.2	27.2	(60.3)		(31.9)
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Borrowings under intercompany note, net	—	—			
Activity under stock incentive plans	(1.4)				(1.4)
Repurchase of Company's common shares	—	(24.9)	—	—	(24.9)
Excess tax expense from share-based payment arrangements	_	0.1	_	_	0.1
Payment of cash dividend to common shareholders	(11.2)				(11.2)
Cash used by financing activities	(12.6)	(24.8)			(37.4)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash			0.2		0.2
Change in cash		23.1	2.4		25.5
Cash, beginning of the period	—	49.3	31.7		81.0
Cash, end of period	\$	\$ 72.4	\$ 34.1	\$	\$ 106.5

Includes all other subsidiaries of Argo Group International Holdings, Ltd. and all intercompany eliminations. Includes all Argo Group parent company eliminations. (1)

(2)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

(in millions)

	Inter Hold	o Group mational ings, Ltd Guarantor)	nal Argo Group US, Inc. Ltd and Subsidiaries Other Subsidiaries		Consolidating Adjustments ⁽²⁾	Total	
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$	(14.3)	\$	(42.2)	\$ 26.6	\$ 6.4	<u>\$ (23.5)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:							
Proceeds from sales of investments			\$	389.6	242.7		632.3
Maturities and mandatory calls of fixed							
maturity investments			\$	100.6	56.2		156.8
Purchases of investments		_	\$	(481.0)	(285.2)		(766.2)
Change in short-term investments and foreign regulatory deposits		0.7	\$	24.9	24.9		50.5
Settlements of foreign currency exchange		0.7	Ψ	24.7	24.9		50.5
forward contracts		(0.1)		_	0.2		0.1
Issuance of intercompany note, net			\$	14.5	(41.5)	27.0	
Purchases of fixed assets and other, net		(6.8)	\$	(5.6)	(15.2)	(6.4)	(34.0)
Cash (used) provided by investing activities		(6.2)		43.0	(17.9)	20.6	39.5
Cash flows from financing activities:							
Borrowings under intercompany note, net		27.0				(27.0)	
Activity under stock incentive plans		2.2			0.1		2.3
Repurchase of Company's common shares			\$	(31.2)			(31.2)
Payment of cash dividend to common							
shareholders		(8.7)					(8.7)
Cash provided (used) by financing activities		20.5	\$	(31.2)	0.1	(27.0)	(37.6)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash		_			0.4		0.4
Change in cash		_	\$	(30.4)	9.2		(21.2)
Cash, beginning of period			\$	132.1	25.3		157.4
Cash, end of period	\$		\$	101.7	\$ 34.5	\$	\$ 136.2
			_				

⁽¹⁾ Includes all other subsidiaries of Argo Group International Holdings, Ltd. and all intercompany eliminations.

⁽²⁾ Includes all Argo Group parent company eliminations.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following is a discussion and analysis of our results of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared with the six months ended June 30, 2014, and also a discussion of our financial condition as of June 30, 2015. This discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the attached unaudited interim Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereto and Argo Group's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on February 27, 2015, including the audited Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereto.

Forward Looking Statements

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk and the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements (including the notes thereto) may contain "forward looking statements," which are made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. The forward looking statements are based on our current expectations and beliefs concerning future developments and their potential effects on us. There can be no assurance that actual developments will be those anticipated by us. Actual results may differ materially as a result of significant risks and uncertainties, including non-receipt of expected payments, capital markets and their effect on investment income and fair value of the investment portfolio, development of claims and the effect on loss reserves, accuracy in estimating loss reserves, changes in the demand for our products, effect of general economic conditions, adverse government legislation and regulations, government investigations into industry practices, developments relating to existing agreements, heightened competition, changes in pricing environments and changes in asset valuations. For a more detailed discussion of risks and uncertainties, see our public filings made with the SEC. We undertake no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statements.

Generally, it is our policy to communicate events that may have a material adverse impact on our operations or financial position, including property and casualty catastrophic events and material losses in the investment portfolio, in a timely manner through a public announcement. It is also our policy not to make public announcements regarding events that are believed to have no material adverse impact on our results of operations or financial position based on management's current estimates and available information, other than through regularly scheduled calls, press releases or filings.

Consolidated Results of Operations

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, we reported net income of \$27.9 million and \$86.7 million, or \$0.98 and \$3.03 per diluted share, respectively. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, we reported net income of \$38.6 million and \$78.8 million, or \$1.32 and \$2.67 per diluted share, respectively.

The following is a comparison of selected data from our operations:

	Three Months Ended June 30, Six Months Ended Jun					lune 30,		
(in millions)		2015		2014		2015		2014
Gross written premiums	\$	557.8	\$	520.1	\$	1,034.5	\$	983.2
Earned premiums	\$	346.0	\$	336.1	\$	680.6	\$	661.8
Net investment income		21.8		20.6		42.6		43.9
Net realized investment and other gains		5.3		18.5		21.3		29.6
Total revenue	\$	373.1	\$	375.2	\$	744.5	\$	735.3
Income before income taxes		34.7	\$	44.7		97.1	\$	87.4
Provision for income taxes		6.8		6.1		10.4		8.6
Net income	\$	27.9	\$	38.6	\$	86.7	\$	78.8
Loss ratio		55.1%)	55.1%	, D	55.0%	Ď	55.6%
Expense ratio		40.3%		40.7%	, D	<u>39.5</u> %	, D	40.1%
Combined ratio		95.4%		95.8%	, D	94.5%	, D	95.7%

The increase in consolidated gross written and earned premiums was primarily attributable to growth in our segments resulting from our introduction of new products and increased renewals. Partially offsetting these increases for the six months ended June 30, 2015 were declines in gross written premiums in the International Specialty segment due to increased competition in the property reinsurance market. All of our segments have been impacted by increased competition and pressure on rates.

Consolidated net investment income increased for the three months ended June 30, 2015 as compared to the same period of 2014 due to the timing of receipt of dividend and other income. Consolidated net investment income decreased for the six months ended June

30, 2015 as compared to the same period of 2014 due primarily to the continued reinvestment at market yields below the portfolio's book yield and an increased focus on total portfolio returns relative to current income.

Consolidated net realized gains for the three months ended June 30, 2015 primarily consisted of \$8.6 million of gains recognized from our equity portfolio, partially offset by \$2.8 million in net realized losses from our fixed maturity and other invested assets portfolio, including our investments accounted for under the equity method. Additionally, for the three months ended June 30, 2015 we recognized \$1.4 million of other-than-temporary impairment losses on certain investment securities. Consolidated net realized gains for the three months ended June 30, 2014 primarily consisted of \$8.9 million from our equity portfolio and \$9.0 million from our other invested assets portfolio, partially offset by \$1.4 million other-than-temporary impairment losses on certain investment securities. Consolidated net realized gains for the realized gains for the six months ended June 30, 2015 included \$11.7 million from our equity portfolio and \$12.8 million from our other invested assets portfolio, partially offset by \$1.9 million in other-than-temporary impairment losses. Consolidated net realized gains for the six months ended June 30, 2015 included \$11.7 million from our equity portfolio and \$12.8 million from our other invested assets portfolio, partially offset by \$1.9 million in other-than-temporary impairment losses. Consolidated net realized gains for the six months ended June 30, 2014 included \$15.3 million from our equity portfolio and \$16.8 million from our other invested assets portfolio, partially offset by \$1.4 million in other-than-temporary impairment losses.

We have purchased foreign currency future forward contracts to manage currency exposure on losses related to the New Zealand and Japan earthquakes and Australian floods. The open contracts have a term of 90 days to match the anticipated payment pattern of the associated losses, and may be renewed at the end of each term. We do not apply hedge accounting to these contracts; as a result, all gains (losses) were recognized in net realized investment gains (losses). For the three months ended June 30, 2015, we recognized \$0.7 million in foreign currency exchange gains related to the loss reserves recorded for these events which were offset by \$0.6 million in realized losses from the currency forward contracts. For the six months ended June 30, 2015, we recognized foreign currency exchange gains of \$1.2 million related to the loss reserves recorded for these events which were offset by \$1.5 million in realized losses from the currency forward contracts are reported under the Corporate and Other segment.

Consolidated losses and loss adjustment expenses were \$190.6 million and \$185.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Included in losses and loss adjustment expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2015 was \$5.0 million of net favorable development on prior accident year loss reserves, primarily attributable to favorable development in the general liability, property lines, commercial automobile and reinsurance lines partially offset by unfavorable development in the workers compensation and commercial multi-peril lines. Partially offsetting this favorable reserve development was \$2.3 million in catastrophe losses resulting from storm activity in the United States. Included in losses and loss adjustment expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2014 was \$12.0 million in large losses for the 2014 accident year. Also included in losses and loss adjustment expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2014 was \$4.2 million in catastrophe losses resulting from storm activity in the United States and Europe. Partially offsetting these losses was \$14.4 million of net favorable development on prior accident year loss reserves, primarily attributable to favorable to favorable development in the general liability and property lines partially offset by unfavorable development in the commercial automobile and commercial multi-peril lines.

Consolidated losses and loss adjustment expenses were \$374.3 million and \$367.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Included in losses and loss adjustment expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 were \$5.3 million and \$8.4 million, respectively, in catastrophe losses. Included in losses and loss adjustment expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2014 was \$15.8 million for large losses for the 2014 accident year. Included in losses and loss adjustment expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was \$8.7 million in net favorable loss reserve development on prior accident years compared to \$23.3 million in net favorable loss reserve development on 2014.

The following table summarizes the above referenced loss reserve development with respect to prior year loss reserves by line of business for the six months ended June 30, 2015.

	2014	Net Reserve Development	Percent of 2014 Net
(in millions)	Net Reserves	(Favorable)/Unfavorable	Reserves
General liability	\$ 913.0	\$ (15.0)	-1.6%
Workers compensation	327.9	6.3	1.9%
Syndicate 1200 property	99.2	(3.2)	-3.2%
Syndicate 1200 liability	202.4	0.6	0.3%
Commercial multi-peril	164.6	11.1	6.7%
Commercial auto liability	158.3	(4.8)	-3.0%
Reinsurance - nonproportional assumed property	79.7	(3.8)	-4.8%
Syndicate 1200 specialty	18.7	(1.1)	-5.9%
All other lines	173.3	1.2	0.7%
Total	\$ 2,137.1	\$ (8.7)	-0.4%

In determining appropriate reserve levels for the six months ended June 30, 2015, we maintained the same general processes and disciplines that were used to set reserves at prior reporting dates. No significant changes in methodologies were made to estimate the reserves since the last reporting date; however, at each reporting date we reassess the actuarial estimate of the reserve for losses and loss adjustment expenses and record our best estimate. Consistent with prior reserve valuations, as claims data becomes more mature for prior accident years, actuarial estimates were refined to weigh certain actuarial methods more heavily in order to respond to any emerging trends in the paid and reported loss data. While prior accident years' net reserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses for some lines of business have developed favorably in recent years, this does not imply that more recent accident years' reserves will also develop favorably; pricing, reinsurance costs, legal environment, general economic conditions including changes in inflation and many other factors impact management's ultimate loss estimates.

When determining reserve levels, we recognize that there are several factors that present challenges and uncertainties to the estimation of net loss reserves. Examples of these uncertainties include changes to the reinsurance structure and potential increases in inflation. Our net retained losses vary by product and they have generally increased over time. To properly recognize these uncertainties, actuarial reviews have given significant consideration to the paid and incurred Bornhuetter-Ferguson ("BF") methodologies. Compared with other actuarial methodologies, the paid and incurred BF methods assign smaller weight to actual reported loss experience, with the greatest weight assigned to an expected or planned loss ratio. The expected or planned loss ratio has typically been determined using various assumptions pertaining to prospective loss frequency and loss severity. In setting reserves at June 30, 2015, we continued to consider the paid and incurred BF methods for recent years.

Our loss reserve estimates gradually blend in the results from development and frequency/severity methodologies over time. For general liability estimates, our own loss experience is not deemed fully credible for several years after the end of an accident year. We rely primarily on the BF methods during that period. For property business, our loss reserve estimates also blend in the results from development and frequency/severity methodologies over time. For property lines, in contrast to general liability estimates, where loss reporting and claims closing patterns settle more quickly, we give greater weight to development methods starting at the end of the accident year.

For the Run-off Lines segment, in determining appropriate reserve levels, we maintained the same general processes and disciplines that were used to set reserves at prior reporting dates. No changes in key assumptions were made to estimate the reserves since the last reporting date.

Consolidated gross reserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses were \$3,078.2 million (including \$90.5 million of reserves attributable to Syndicate 1200 segment's trade capital providers) and \$3,067.9 million (including \$70.2 million of reserves attributable to Syndicate 1200 segment's trade capital providers) as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Management has recorded its best estimate of loss reserves at each date based on current known facts and circumstances. Due to the significant uncertainties inherent in the estimation of loss reserves, there can be no assurance that future loss development, favorable or unfavorable, will not occur.

Consolidated underwriting, insurance and acquisition expenses were \$139.5 million and \$269.1 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, compared to \$136.8 million and \$265.5 million for the same periods in 2014. The decline in the consolidated expense ratio for 2015 as compared to 2014 was primarily attributable to a reduction in the accrual for premium taxes and other assessments due to a change in accounting estimate, partially offset by increased expense for our equity compensation plans due to increases in the fair value of our common stock.

Consolidated interest expense was \$4.6 million and \$9.5 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, compared to \$5.1 million and \$10.1 million for the same periods ended 2014. The decline in consolidated interest expense was the result of extinguishment in July 2014 of a junior subordinated debenture.

Consolidated foreign currency exchange loss was \$3.0 million and \$3.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. For the six months ended June 30, 2015, consolidated foreign currency exchange gains were \$6.6 million compared to a foreign currency exchange loss of \$3.2 million for the same period ended 2014. The changes in the foreign currency exchange gains/losses were due to fluctuations of the U.S Dollar, on a weighted average basis, against the currencies in which we transact our business. During the second quarter of 2015, the United States Dollar declined against the British Pound, the Euro and the Canadian Dollar. For the first six months of 2015, the United States Dollar appreciated against all major currencies, except the British Pound, which was essentially flat.

The consolidated provision for income taxes was \$6.8 million and \$10.4 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, compared to \$6.1 million and \$8.6 million for the same periods ended 2014. The income tax provision represents the income tax expense associated with our operations based on the tax laws of the jurisdictions in which we operate. Therefore, the

provision for income taxes represents taxes on net income for our United States, Ireland, Belgium, Brazil, Switzerland and United Kingdom operations. The income tax provisions for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 were primarily attributable to our United States operations.

Segment Results

We are primarily engaged in writing property and casualty insurance and reinsurance. We have four ongoing reporting segments: Excess and Surplus Lines, Commercial Specialty, International Specialty and Syndicate 1200. Additionally, we have a Run-off Lines segment for products that we no longer underwrite.

We consider many factors, including the nature of each segment's insurance and reinsurance products, production sources, distribution strategies and regulatory environment, in determining how to aggregate reporting segments.

In evaluating the operating performance of our segments, we focus on core underwriting and investing results before consideration of realized gains or losses from the sales of investments. Intersegment transactions are allocated to the segment that initiated the transaction. Realized investment gains and losses are reported as a component of the Corporate and Other segment, as decisions regarding the acquisition and disposal of securities reside with the corporate investment function and are not under the control of the individual business segments. Although this measure of profit (loss) does not replace net income (loss) computed in accordance with GAAP as a measure of profitability, management uses this measure of profit (loss) to focus our reporting segments on generating operating income.

Since we generally manage and monitor the investment portfolio on an aggregate basis, the overall performance of the investment portfolio and related net investment income is discussed above on a consolidated basis under consolidated net investment income rather than within or by segment.

Excess and Surplus Lines

The following table summarizes the results of operations for the Excess and Surplus Lines segment:

	Th	ree Months I	Endee	d June 30,		Six Months E	nded J	June 30,
(in millions)	2015		_	2014	2015			2014
Gross written premiums	\$	196.2	\$	175.8	\$ 358.8		\$	315.8
Earned premiums		131.1		125.3		254.2	\$	242.7
Losses and loss adjustment expenses		71.8		64.3		137.2		129.2
Underwriting, acquisition and insurance expenses		42.6		40.2		82.6		80.3
Underwriting income		16.7		20.8		34.4		33.2
Net investment income		9.0		9.0		17.5		18.3
Interest expense		(1.5)		(1.6)		(3.0)		(3.2)
Income before income taxes	\$	24.2	\$	28.2	\$	48.9	\$	48.3
Loss ratio		54.8%		51.3%		54.0%)	53.2%
Expense ratio		32.5%		32.1%		32.5%		<u>33.1</u> %
Combined ratio		87.3%		83.4%		<u>86.5</u> %)	86.3%

The increase in gross written and earned premiums for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 as compared to the same periods in 2014 was primarily attributable to increased underwriting activity in the casualty, management liability, errors and omissions and environmental units. Partially offsetting these increases were reduced writings in the transportation, contract and property units. The Excess and Surplus lines segment has been impacted by increased competition and declining rates.

Included in losses and loss adjustment expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2015 was \$1.5 million in catastrophe losses resulting from spring storm activity. Offsetting these losses was \$6.8 million of net favorable loss reserve development on prior accident years primarily within the general and products liability, commercial automobile and property lines. Included in losses and loss adjustment expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2014 was \$0.6 million in catastrophe losses resulting from spring storm activity and \$4.0 million in current accident years large property losses. Offsetting these losses was \$13.7 million of net favorable loss reserve development on prior accident years primarily within the general and products liability lines of business, partially offset by unfavorable development in commercial automobile lines.

Included in losses and loss adjustment expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was \$2.0 million in catastrophe losses resulting from spring storm activity. Offsetting these losses was \$15.0 million of net favorable loss reserve development on prior accident years primarily within the general and products liability, commercial automobile and property lines. Included in losses and loss adjustment expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2014 was \$2.4 million in catastrophe losses from spring storm activity and \$4.0 million in 2014 accident year large property losses. Offsetting these catastrophe losses was \$21.7 million of net favorable loss reserve development on prior accident years primarily within the general and products liability lines of business, partially offset by unfavorable development in commercial automobile and property lines.

The increase in the expense ratio for the three months ended June 30, 2015 as compared to the same period in 2014 was primarily due to increased compensation and technology expenses, partially offset by reductions in bad debt expense and contingent commissions payable. The decline in the expense ratio for the six months ended June 30, 2015 as compared to the same period ended 2014 was primarily attributable to reduced expenses resulting from the cancellation of a reinsurance contract.

Commercial Specialty

The following table summarizes the results of operations for the Commercial Specialty segment:

	Th	ree Months I	Ended	June 30,		Six Months Ende		une 30,
(in millions)	2015			2014	2015			2014
Gross written premiums	\$	92.5	\$	83.6	\$	199.5	\$	189.5
Earned premiums	\$	71.7	\$	71.1	\$	144.3	\$	142.8
Losses and loss adjustment expenses		46.7		47.7		95.6		95.4
Underwriting, acquisition and insurance expenses	_	22.6		25.8		45.4		50.9
Underwriting income (loss)		2.4		(2.4)		3.3		(3.5)
Net investment income		4.7		4.6		9.2		9.3
Interest expense		(0.8)		(0.8)		(1.6)		(1.6)
Fee expense, net		(1.7)		(1.9)		(2.5)		(3.0)
Income before income (loss) taxes	\$	4.6	\$	(0.5)	\$	8.4	\$	1.2
Loss ratio		65.2%		67.0%		66.2%		66.8%
Expense ratio		31.5%		36.4%		31.5%		35.7%
Combined ratio		<u>96.7</u> %		103.4%		97.7%		102.5%

The increase in gross written and earned premiums was primarily attributable to increased premium writings in all lines with the exceptions of our grocery and retail businesses. Gross written premiums were negatively impacted by decreasing rates and increasing competition coupled with adverse economic conditions in the energy and mining sectors.

Included in the loss ratio for the three months ended June 30, 2015 was \$4.4 million of net unfavorable development on prior accident year reserves primarily attributable to unfavorable development in the general liability and workers compensation lines, partially offset by favorable development in the short-tail and auto liability lines. Also included in loss expense for the three months ended June 30, 2015 was \$0.8 million of catastrophe losses resulting from spring storms. Included in the loss ratio for the three months ended June 30, 2014 was \$2.9 million of net unfavorable development on prior accident year reserves primarily attributable to unfavorable development in the general liability and auto liability lines, partially offset by favorable development in the short-tail and workers compensation lines. Also included in loss expense for the three months ended June 30, 2014 was \$2.9 million of net unfavorable development on prior accident year reserves primarily attributable to unfavorable development in the general liability and auto liability lines, partially offset by favorable development in the short-tail and workers compensation lines. Also included in loss expense for the three months ended June 30, 2014 was \$2.6 million of catastrophe losses resulting from spring storms.

Included in the loss ratio for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was \$11.6 million of net unfavorable development on prior accident year reserves primarily attributable to unfavorable development in the general liability and workers compensation lines, partially offset by favorable development in the short-tail and auto liability lines. Also included in loss expense for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was \$1.3 million of catastrophe losses resulting from spring storms. Included in the loss ratio for the six months ended June 30, 2014 was \$4.9 million of net unfavorable development on prior accident year reserves primarily attributable to unfavorable development in the general liability and auto liability lines, partially offset by favorable development in the short-tail and workers compensation lines. Also included in loss expense for the six months ended June 30, 2014 was \$4.9 million of net unfavorable development on prior accident year reserves primarily attributable to unfavorable development in the general liability and auto liability lines, partially offset by favorable development in the short-tail and workers compensation lines. Also included in loss expense for the six months ended June 30, 2014 was \$4.0 million of catastrophe losses resulting from spring storms.

The decline in the expense ratio for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 as compared to the same periods ended 2014 was primarily attributable to reduced acquisition expense due to a decline in the accrual for premiums taxes and other assessments due to a change in accounting estimate.

The decrease in net fee expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 as compared to 2014 was primarily attributable to the maturity of the fee based business. In 2014, we began to shift select functions from risk bearing activities to non risk-bearing activities, as we continued to develop our fee-based business. As a result, the expenses associated with the fee-based operations exceeded the income received for these activities, resulting in increased net fee expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014.

International Specialty

The following table summarizes the results of operations for the International Specialty segment:

	Th	ree Months	Ended	June 30,		Six Months Er	nded June 30,		
(in millions)		2015		2014		2015	_	2014	
Gross written premiums	\$	100.5	\$	97.4	\$	170.3	\$	180.6	
Earned premiums	\$	38.3	\$	37.6	\$	75.6	\$	74.6	
Losses and loss adjustment expenses		17.7		18.2		34.5		37.0	
Underwriting, acquisition and insurance expenses		14.1		15.1		27.6		27.5	
Underwriting income		6.5		4.3		13.5		10.1	
Net investment income		3.0		2.0		5.9		3.8	
Interest expense		(0.7)		(0.7)		(1.5)		(1.5)	
Income before income taxes	\$	8.8	\$	5.6	\$	17.9	\$	12.4	
Loss ratio		46.0%	Ď	48.4%)	45.6%		49.6%	
Expense ratio		36.5%	, D	40.5%)	36.4%		<u>36.9</u> %	
Combined ratio		82.5%	Ď	88.9%)	82.0%		<u>86.5</u> %	

Gross written premiums increased for the three months ended June 30, 2015 as compared to the same period in 2014 due to increases in the short tail property reinsurance and the casualty lines, partially offset by reductions in the professional liability lines and in our Brazil operations. The decline in gross written premiums for the six months ended June 30, 2015 as compared to the same period in 2014 was primarily due to declines in the short tail property reinsurance, professional liability lines and in our Brazil operations. The lines written by the International Specialty segment continue to be highly competitive. The increase in earned premiums for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 as compared to the same periods in 2014 was primarily due to a reduction in our ceding percentages, coupled with a change in business mix.

Included in losses and loss adjustment expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2015 was \$1.2 million in net favorable development on prior accident year loss reserves primarily in professional lines and short tail property reinsurance, compared to no development on prior accident year loss reserves for the three months ended June 30, 2014. The International Specialty segment reported no catastrophe losses for the three months ended June 30, 2015. Included in losses and loss adjustment expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2014 was \$1.0 million in catastrophe losses resulting from European hail storms.

Included in losses and loss adjustment expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was \$3.7 million of net favorable development on prior accident year loss reserves primarily in our short tail property reinsurance, professional liability and casualty lines. Included in losses and loss adjustment expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2014 was \$0.4 million of net unfavorable development on prior accident year loss reserves primarily for our Brazil operations. Included in losses and loss adjustment expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2014 was \$0.4 million of net unfavorable development on prior accident year loss reserves primarily for our Brazil operations. Included in losses and loss adjustment expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was \$1.0 million in catastrophe losses resulting from storm activity, compared to \$2.0 million for the same period in 2014, as discussed above.

The decline in the expense ratio for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 as compared to 2014 was primarily attributable to reduced technology and payroll related expenses.

Syndicate 1200

The following table summarizes the results of operations for the Syndicate 1200 segment:

	Th	ree Months H	Ended	June 30,	 Six Months En	une 30,	
(in millions)	2015		_	2014	 2015		2014
Gross written premiums	\$	168.2	\$	163.5	\$ 305.8	\$	297.1
Earned premiums	\$	104.5	\$	102.2	\$ 206.4	\$	201.5
Losses and loss adjustment expenses		53.6		52.2	106.1		97.7
Underwriting, acquisition and insurance expenses		43.5		43.0	 83.8		83.6
Underwriting income		7.4		7.0	16.5		20.2
Net investment income		2.4		2.1	4.6		5.8
Interest expense		(0.6)		(0.8)	(1.3)		(1.6)
Fee income, net		0.9		1.8	 1.3		1.5
Income before income taxes	\$	10.1	\$	10.1	\$ 21.1	\$	25.9
Loss ratio		51.3%		51.1%	51.4%		48.5%
Expense ratio		<u>41.7</u> %		42.1%	 40.6%		41.5%
Combined ratio		93.0%		93.2%	 92.0%		90.0%

For 2015, we reduced our participation percentage to 68%, down from 75% for 2014. The increase in gross written and earned premiums for the three months ended June 30, 2015 as compared to the same period in 2014 was primarily attributable to increases in property, specialty and aerospace divisions, as we continued to establish new products and expand profitable lines. Partially offsetting these increases were declines in premiums for the liability and marine and energy lines. Additionally, operations in China and Singapore contributed \$3.1 million in gross written premiums for the three months ended June 30, 2015, as these offices began writing premiums in the latter part of 2014. For the six months ended June 30, 2015, the increase in gross written premiums was attributable to increases in all lines, except property. Operations in China and Singapore contributed \$7.1 million in gross written premiums for the six months ended June 30, 2015. Earned premiums reflect the increase in gross written premiums combined with a reduction of ceded premiums as we restructured our reinsurance programs. The Syndicate 1200 segment has been adversely impacted by increased competition in the first half of 2015.

Losses and loss adjustment expenses are reported net of losses ceded to the trade capital providers. The Syndicate 1200 segment reported no catastrophe for the three months ended June 30, 2015, and \$1.0 million in catastrophe losses for the six months ended June 30, 2015, compared to no catastrophe losses for the same periods ended 2014. Included in losses and loss adjustment expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2015 was \$2.2 million of net favorable loss reserve development on prior accident years primarily attributable to favorable development in the property, general liability and specialty lines. Included in losses and loss adjustment expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2014 was \$6.4 million of net favorable loss reserve development on prior accident years primarily attributable to favorable development in the property lines, partially offset by unfavorable development in the general liability line. Included in losses and loss adjustment expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was \$2.5 million of net favorable development on prior accident years primarily attributable to favorable development in the general liability line. Included in losses and loss adjustment expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was \$2.5 million of net favorable loss reserve development on prior accident years primarily attributable to favorable development in the property and specialty lines, partially offset by unfavorable development in the liability and aerospace lines. Included in losses and loss adjustment expenses for the six months ended in losses and loss adjustment expenses for the six months ended in losses and loss adjustment expenses for the six months ended june 30, 2015 was \$2.5 million of net favorable loss reserve development on prior accident years primarily attributable to favorable development in the property and specialty lines, partially offset by unfavorable development in the liability and aerospace lines. Included in losses and loss adjustment expenses for the six months ended J

The decline in the expense ratio for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 as compared to the same period in 2014 was primarily attributable to a decline in fixed expenses coupled with an increase in earned premiums.

Fee income, net represents fees and profit commission derived from the management of third party capital for our underwriting syndicate at Lloyd's. The decline in net fee income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 as compared to the same periods in 2014 was primarily due to timing differences in revenues earned in the second quarter of 2014 as compared to the expenses incurred.

Run-off Lines

The following table summarizes the results of operations for the Run-off Lines segment:

	 Three Months	Ended	June 30,	 Six Months E	ıded J	une 30,
(in millions)	2015		2014	2015	_	2014
Earned premiums	\$ 0.4	\$	(0.1)	\$ 0.1	\$	0.2
Losses and loss adjustment expenses	0.8		2.7	0.9		8.3
Underwriting, acquisition and insurance						
expenses	 2.6		2.4	 2.6		5.1
Underwriting loss	(3.0)		(5.2)	(3.4)		(13.2)
Net investment income	2.1		2.3	4.1		4.8
Fee income, net	0.1		—	0.1		—
Interest expense	(0.3)		(0.5)	(0.7)		(0.9)
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$ (1.1)	\$	(3.4)	\$ 0.1	\$	(9.3)

Earned premiums for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 were primarily attributable to adjustments resulting from final audits, reinstatement premiums and other adjustments on policies previously underwritten.

Losses and loss adjustment expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2015 was the result of net unfavorable loss reserve development on prior accident years due to unfavorable development in our run-off workers compensation lines, driven by the impact of discount unwind, and our other assumed business. Losses and loss adjustment expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2014 was the result of net unfavorable loss reserve development on prior accident years due to unfavorable asbestos and environmental development driven by asbestos liability for assumed business and unfavorable development in our run-off workers compensation lines.

Losses and loss adjustment expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was the result of net unfavorable prior accident year loss reserve development in our run-off workers compensation and asbestos liability lines partially offset by net favorable reserve development in our run-off reinsurance lines. Losses and loss adjustment expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2014 was the result of net unfavorable loss reserve development on prior accident years due to unfavorable development in workers compensation driven by increasing medical costs on older claims and unfavorable asbestos and environmental development driven by asbestos liability for assumed business.

The following table represents a reconciliation of total gross and net reserves for the Run-off Lines. Amounts in the net column are reduced by reinsurance recoverable.

		Siz	x Months E	nded J	lune 30,					
	20	15			20	14				
(in millions)	 Gross		Net	Gross			Net			
Asbestos and environmental:										
Loss reserves, beginning of period	\$ 53.9	\$	50.3	\$	57.5	\$	53.3			
Incurred losses	1.0		1.0		3.5		2.9			
Losses paid	 (4.3)		(3.6)		(10.2)		(8.9)			
Loss reserves - asbestos and environmental, end of period	50.6		47.7		50.8		47.3			
Risk management reserves	249.5		163.0		262.6		172.7			
Run-off reinsurance reserves	4.3		4.3		4.8		4.8			
Other run-off lines	3.2		3.0		3.4		3.2			
Total loss reserves - Run-off Lines	\$ 307.6	\$	218.0	\$	321.6	\$	228.0			

Underwriting, acquisition and insurance expenses for the Run-off Lines segment consists primarily of administrative expenses. The increase in underwriting expense for the three months ended June 30, 2015 as compared to the same period in 2014 was due to the recognition of \$0.5 million in bad debt expense. The decline in underwriting expense for the six months ended June 30, 2015 as compared to the same period of 2014 was due to a \$2.2 million decline in the accrual for premium taxes and other assessments due to a change in accounting estimate.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The primary sources of our cash flows are premiums, reinsurance recoveries, proceeds from sales and redemptions of investments and investment income. The primary cash outflows are claim payments, loss adjustment expenses, reinsurance costs and operating

expenses. Additional cash outflow occurs through payments of underwriting and acquisition costs such as commissions, taxes, payroll and general overhead expenses. Management believes that cash receipts from premiums, proceeds from investment sales and redemptions and investment income are sufficient to cover cash outflows in the foreseeable future. Should the need for additional cash arise, we believe we have access to additional sources of liquidity.

Cash provided (used) by operating activities can fluctuate due to timing difference in the collection of premiums and reinsurance recoveries and the payment of losses and expenses. For the six months ended June 30, 2015, net cash provided by operating activities was \$94.6 million compared to net cash used by operating activities of \$23.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. The increase in cash flows from operating activities from 2015 to 2014 was driven by the timing of reinsurance payments primarily concentrated in the Syndicate 1200 segment, partially offset by the first quarter 2014 partial settlement of a whole account quota share contract covering the Syndicate 1200 segment loss reserves for the 2009 and prior years of account.

For the six months ended June 30, 2015, net cash used by investing activities was \$31.9 million compared to net cash provided by investing activities of \$39.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. The decrease in cash flows from investing activities from 2015 to 2014 was mainly the result of purchases of fixed maturity and short-term investments, partially offset by the inflow of cash from maturities and mandatory calls of fixed maturity investments. As of June 30, 2015, \$322.7 million of the investment portfolio was invested in short-term investments. Included in purchases of fixed assets for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was \$42.6 million associated with the acquisition of real estate holdings, which were purchased on our behalf by a third-party intermediary using funds held in escrow from the fourth quarter 2014 sale of the Torrance, California real estate holdings, as previously disclosed in our December 31, 2014 Form 10-K.

For the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, net cash used by financing activities was \$37.4 million and \$37.6 million, respectively. During the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, we repurchased approximately 489,096 and 675,300 shares of our common stock for a total cost of \$24.9 million and \$31.2 million, respectively. We paid cash dividends to our shareholders totaling \$11.2 million and \$8.7 million during the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

On March 7, 2014, each of Argo Group, Argo Group US, Inc., Argo International Holdings Limited, and Argo Underwriting Agency Limited (the "Borrowers") entered into a \$175.0 million credit agreement ("Credit Agreement") with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent. The Credit Agreement provides for a \$175.0 million revolving credit facility with a maturity date of March 7, 2018 unless extended in accordance with the terms of the Credit Agreement. Borrowings under the Credit Agreement may be used for general corporate purposes, including working capital and permitted acquisitions, and each of the Borrowers has agreed to be jointly and severally liable for the obligations of the other Borrowers under the Credit Agreement.

The Credit Agreement contains customary events of default. If an event of default occurs and is continuing, the Borrowers could be required to repay all amounts outstanding under the Credit Agreement. Lenders holding at least a majority of the loans and commitments under the Credit Agreement may elect to accelerate the maturity of the loans and/or terminate the commitments under the Credit Agreement upon the occurrence and during the continuation of an event of default. No defaults or events of defaults have occurred as of the date of this filing.

Included in the Credit Agreement is a provision that allows up to \$17.5 million of the revolving credit facility to be used for letters of credit ("LOCs"), subject to availability. As of June 30, 2015, there were no borrowings outstanding and \$0.2 million in LOCs against the Credit Facility.

On February 17, 2015, our Board of Directors declared a 10% stock dividend, payable on March 16, 2015, to shareholders of record at the close of business on March 2, 2015. Shareholders received cash in lieu of fractional shares. On August 4, 2015, our Board of Directors declared a quarterly cash dividend in the amount of \$0.20 on each share of common stock outstanding. The dividend will be paid on September 15, 2015 to shareholders of record at the close of business on September 1, 2015.

On November 5, 2013, our Board authorized the repurchase of up to \$150.0 million of our common shares ("2013 Repurchase Authorization"). The 2013 Repurchase Authorization supersedes all the previous repurchase authorizations. These shares are being held as treasury shares in accordance with the provisions of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981. As of June 30, 2015, availability under the 2013 Repurchase Authorization for future repurchases of our common shares was \$67.9 million.

Refer to Part II, Item 7 - "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Liquidity and Capital Resources" in Argo Group's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 that Argo Group filed with the SEC on February 27, 2015 for further discussion on Argo Group's liquidity.

Recent Accounting Standards and Critical Accounting Estimates

New Accounting Standards

The discussion of the adoption and pending adoption of recently issued accounting policies is included in Note 2, "Recently Issued Accounting Standards," in the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, included in Part I, Item 1 - "Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)."

Critical Accounting Estimates

Refer to "Critical Accounting Estimates" in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 that we filed with the SEC on February 27, 2015 for information on accounting policies that we consider critical in preparing our consolidated financial statements. These policies include significant estimates made by management using information available at the time the estimates were made. However, these estimates could change materially if different information or assumptions were used.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

We believe that we are principally exposed to three types of market risk: interest rate risk, credit risk and foreign currency risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Our fixed investment portfolio is exposed to interest rate risk. Fluctuations in interest rates have a direct impact on the fair valuation of these securities. As interest rates rise, the fair value of our fixed maturity portfolio generally falls, and the converse is generally also true. We manage interest rate risk through an asset liability strategy that involves the selection of investments with appropriate characteristics, such as duration, yield, currency and liquidity that are tailored to the anticipated cash outflow characteristics of our liabilities. A significant portion of the investment portfolio matures each quarter, allowing for reinvestment at current market rates.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is a major factor of our overall enterprise risk, and we have established policies and procedures to evaluate our exposure to credit risk, particularly with respect to our investment holdings and our receivable balances. In particular, we are exposed to credit risk on losses recoverable from reinsurers and receivables from insureds. Downturns in one sector or market can adversely impact other sectors and may result in higher credit exposure. We do not currently use credit default swaps to mitigate our credit exposure from either investments or counterparties.

We have exposure to credit risk primarily as a holder of fixed maturity investments, short-term investments and other investments, which arises from the uncertainty associated with a financial instrument obligor's ability to make timely principal and/or interest payments. Our risk management strategy and investment policy attempts to mitigate this risk by primarily investing in debt instruments of high credit quality issuers, limiting credit concentrations and diversifying issuers, and frequently monitoring the credit quality of issuers and counterparties.

We also have credit exposure related to receivables from reinsurers and insureds, and control this risk by limiting our exposure to any one counterparty and evaluating the financial strength of our reinsurance counterparties, including generally requiring minimum credit ratings. In certain cases, we also receive collateral from our customers and reinsurance counterparties, which reduces our credit exposure in certain instances.

As shown on the accompanying table, our fixed maturities portfolio is diversified among different types of investments. The securities are principally rated by one or more Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organizations (i.e., Standard & Poor's, Moody's Investors Services, Inc., and Fitch Ratings, Ltd). If a security has two ratings, the lower rating is used, and if a security has three ratings, the middle rating is used in the preparation of this table. At June 30, 2015, our fixed maturities portfolio had a weighted average rating of A+, with 71.0% (\$2.0 billion fair value) rated A or better and 31.7% (\$875.2 million fair value) rated AAA. Our portfolio included 10.7% (\$294.9 million fair value) of less than investment grade (BB+ or lower) fixed maturities at June 30, 2015.

(in millions)		AAA	 AA	Α		Other		 Total
USD denominated:								
U.S. Governments	\$	184.4	\$ 	\$		\$	0.6	\$ 185.0
Non-U.S. Governments		33.5	14.5		6.1		30.3	84.4
Obligations of states and political subdivisions		117.4	273.3		80.0		22.1	492.8
Credit-Financial		4.1	49.3		261.5		154.7	469.6
Credit-Industrial		2.4	12.5		94.8		325.8	435.5
Credit-Utility			13.0		25.7		105.6	144.3
Structured securities:								
CMO/MBS-agency		149.0						149.0
CMO/MBS-non agency			7.9		0.7		4.3	12.9
CMBS		90.0	35.4		8.5		28.4	162.3
ABS		164.1	8.7		31.7		41.4	245.9
Foreign denominated:								
Governments		98.5	35.4		3.0		27.2	164.1
Credit		31.8	41.7		82.9		61.8	218.2
Total fixed maturities	\$	875.2	\$ 491.7	\$	594.9	\$	802.2	\$ 2,764.0

We also hold a diversified investment portfolio of common stocks in various industries and market segments, ranging from small market capitalization stocks to large capitalization companies. Marketable equity securities are carried on our Consolidated Balance Sheets at fair value, and are subject to the risk of potential loss in fair value resulting from adverse changes in prices. At June 30, 2015, the fair value of our equity securities portfolio was \$486.6 million.

Foreign Currency Risk

We have exposure to foreign currency risk in both our insurance contracts and invested assets, and to a lesser extent in a portion of our debt. Some of our insurance contracts provide that ultimate losses may be payable in various foreign currencies. Foreign currency exchange rate risk exists where we do not have cash or securities denominated in the currency for which we will ultimately pay the claims. Thus, we attempt to manage our foreign currency risk by seeking to match our liabilities under insurance and reinsurance polices that are payable in foreign currencies with cash and investments that are denominated in such currencies. In certain instances, we use foreign exchange forward contracts to mitigate this risk. Due to the extended time frame for settling the claims plus the fluctuation in currency exchange rates, the potential exists for us to realize gains and/or losses related to foreign exchange rates. In addition, we may experience foreign currency gains or losses related to exchange rate fluctuations in operating expenses as certain operating costs are payable in currencies other than the U.S. Dollar. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, we recorded realized losses of \$3.0 million and realized losses of \$2.9 million and \$8.2 million from movements on foreign currency rates in our investment portfolio and realized losses of \$3.8 million and realized gains of \$6.6 million, are recorded in "Other comprehensive income, net of taxes" in our Consolidated Balance Sheets. These losses are principally related to the strengthening of the U.S. Dollar versus other foreign currency is an our currency foreign currency rates in our investment portfolio, which are recorded in "Other comprehensive income, net of taxes" in our Consolidated Balance Sheets. These losses are principally related to the strengthening of the U.S. Dollar versus other foreign currencies.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Argo Group, under the supervision and with the participation of its management, including the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our "disclosure controls and procedures" (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended ("Exchange Act")) as of the end of the period covered by this report. In designing and evaluating these disclosure controls and procedures, Argo Group and its management recognize that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives, and management necessarily was required to apply its judgment in evaluating and implementing possible controls and procedures. Based upon that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures were effective at the reasonable assurance level to ensure that information required to be disclosed by Argo Group in the reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act are recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms.

There were no changes in the internal control over financial reporting made during the quarter ended June 30, 2015 that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting. We review our disclosure controls and procedures, which may include internal controls over financial reporting, on an ongoing basis. From time to time, management makes changes to enhance the effectiveness of these controls and ensure that they continue to meet the needs of our business activities over time.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Our subsidiaries are parties to legal actions incidental to their business. Based on the opinion of counsel, management believes that the resolution of these matters will not materially affect our financial condition or results of operations.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

See "Risk Factors" in the Argo Group Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 for a detailed discussion of the additional risk factors affecting us.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Issuer Purchase of Equity Securities

On November 5, 2013, our Board authorized the repurchase of up to \$150.0 million of our common shares ("2013 Repurchase Authorization"). The 2013 Repurchase Authorization supersedes all the previous Repurchase Authorizations.

From January 1, 2015 through June 30, 2015, we have repurchased a total 489,096 shares of our common shares for a total cost of \$24.9 million. Since the inception of the repurchase authorizations through June 30, 2015, we have repurchased 9,095,585 shares of our common stock at an average price of \$35.87 for a total cost of \$326.3 million. These shares are being held as treasury shares in accordance with the provisions of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981. As of June 30, 2015, availability under the 2013 Repurchase Authorization for future repurchases of our common shares was \$67.9 million.

The following table provides information with respect to shares of our common stock that were repurchased or surrendered during the three months ended June 30, 2015:

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased (a)	Average Price Paid per Share (b)	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publically Announced Plan or Program (c)	Pı	pproximate Dollar Value of Shares That May Yet Be ırchased Under the lan or Program (d)
April 1 through April 30, 2015	65,165	\$ 50.35	28,386	\$	73,259,767
May 1 through May 31, 2015	108,102	\$ 49.88	107,656	\$	67,890,294
June 1 through June 30, 2015		\$ —		\$	67,890,294
Total	173,267		136,042		

Employees are allowed to surrender shares to settle the tax liability incurred upon the vesting or exercise of shares under our various employees equity compensation plans. For the six months ended June 30, 2015, we received 37,225 shares of our common stock, with an average price paid per share of \$51.02 that were surrendered by employees in payment for the minimum required withholding taxes.

In the above table, these shares are included in columns (a) and (b), but excluded from columns (c) and (d). These shares do not reduce the number of shares that may yet be purchased under the repurchase plan.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

None.

Item 6. Exhibits

A list of exhibits required to be filed as part of this report is set forth in the Exhibit Index of this Form 10-Q, which immediately precedes such exhibits, and is incorporated herein by reference.

EXHIBIT INDEX

<u>Exhibit Number</u>	Description
12.1	Statements of Computation of Ratios of Earnings to Fixed Charges and Earnings to Combined Fixed Charges and Preferred Share Dividends
31.1	Rule $13a - 14(a)/15d - 14(a)$ Certification of the Chief Executive Officer
31.2	Rule $13a - 14(a)/15d - 14(a)$ Certification of the Chief Financial Officer
32.1+	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2+	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

+ This exhibit shall be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or otherwise subject to the liability of that section, and shall not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

ARGO GROUP INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, LTD.

ugust 7, 2015	By <u>/s/ Mark E. Watson III</u> Mark E. Watson III President and Chief Executive Officer
ugust 7, 2015	By <u>/s/ Jay S. Bullock</u> Jay S. Bullock Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

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Section 2: EX-12.1 (EX-12.1)

Exhibit 12.1

ARGO GROUP INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, LTD. STATEMENTS OF COMPUTATION OF RATIOS OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES AND EARNINGS TO COMBINED FIXED CHARGES AND PREFERRED SHARE DIVIDENDS (in millions, except ratios)

	Six										
		2015		2014		2014	 2013	 2012		2011	 2010
Earnings:											
Income (loss) before provision for income											
taxes	\$	97.1	\$	87.4	\$	216.0	\$ 179.7	\$ 66.7	\$	(61.9)	\$ 121.9
Add:											
Fixed charges		11.9		12.5		24.8	25.1	28.4		26.7	26.6
Total earnings	\$	109.0	\$	99.9	\$	240.8	\$ 204.8	\$ 95.1	\$	(35.2)	\$ 148.5
Fixed charges:											
Interest expense	\$	9.5	\$	10.1	\$	19.9	\$ 20.2	\$ 23.7	\$	22.1	\$ 22.9
Rental interest factor		2.4		2.4		4.9	4.9	4.7		4.6	3.7
Total fixed charges	\$	11.9	\$	12.5	\$	24.8	\$ 25.1	\$ 28.4	\$	26.7	\$ 26.6
Ratio of earnings to fixed charges		9.2:1	_	8:1		9.7:1	8.2:1	3.3:1	_	(a)	5.6:1

(a) The coverage deficiency for the year ended December 31, 2011 is \$61.9 million. (Back To Top)

Section 3: EX-31.1 (EX-31.1)

Exhibit 31.1

Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) **Certification of the Chief Executive Officer**

I, Mark E. Watson III, President and Chief Executive Officer of Argo Group International Holdings, Ltd., certify that:

- I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Argo Group International Holdings, Ltd.; 1.
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material 3. respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our a.

supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

- b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 7, 2015

/s/ Mark E. Watson III Mark E. Watson III President and Chief Executive Officer

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Section 4: EX-31.2 (EX-31.2)

Exhibit 31.2

Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of the Chief Financial Officer

I, Jay S. Bullock, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Argo Group International Holdings, Ltd., certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Argo Group International Holdings, Ltd.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 7, 2015

/s/ Jay S. Bullock Jay S. Bullock Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

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Section 5: EX-32.1 (EX-32.1)

Exhibit 32.1

Certification of CEO Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Argo Group International Holdings, Ltd. (the "Company") for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2015 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), Mark E. Watson III, as President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of his knowledge:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

* * *

Certified this 7th day of August 2015.

/s/ Mark E. Watson III Mark E. Watson III President and Chief Executive Officer

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Section 6: EX-32.2 (EX-32.2)

Exhibit 32.2

Certification of CFO Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Argo Group International Holdings, Ltd. (the "Company") for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2015 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), Jay S. Bullock, as Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 that, to the best of his knowledge:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

* * *

Certified this 7th day of August 2015.

/s/ Jay S. Bullock Jay S. Bullock Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

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