Section 1: 10-Q (10-Q)

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2017

or

□ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to ___

Commission file number: 1-15259

ARGO GROUP INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, LTD.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Bermuda (State or other jurisdiction of

incorporation or organization) 110 Pitts Bay Road Pembroke HM08 Bermuda (Address of principal executive offices) Identification Number) P.O. Box HM 1282 Hamilton HM FX Bermuda (Mailing address)

98-0214719

(I.R.S. Employer

(441) 296-5858

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code) Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of Security Common Stock, par value of \$1.00 per share Guarantee of Argo Group US, Inc. 6.500% Senior Notes due 2042

Name of Each Exchange on Which Registered NASDAQ Global Select Market NASDAQ Stock Market LLC

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

None

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes \boxtimes No \square

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes \boxtimes No \square

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company \Box

Emerging growth company \Box

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes 🗆 No 🖂

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark whether the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. \Box

Indicate the number of shares outstanding (net of treasury shares) of each of the issuer's classes of common shares as of August 04, 2017.

Title	Outstanding
Common Shares, par value \$1.00 per share	30,139,988

ARGO GROUP INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, LTD.

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

ARGO GROUP INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, LTD. **CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS** (in millions, except number of shares and per share amounts)

	June 30, 2017			December 31, 2016 *
Assats		(Unaudited)		
Assets Investments:				
Fixed maturities available-for-sale, at fair value (cost: 2017 - \$3,248.6; 2016 -				
\$2,938.8)	\$	3,276.2	\$	2,932.4
Equity securities available-for-sale, at fair value (cost: 2017 - \$321.5; 2016 - \$335.2)		442.6		447.4
Other investments (cost: 2017 - \$530.0; 2016 - \$531.6)		539.4		539.0
Short-term investments, at fair value (cost: 2017 - \$365.9; 2016 - \$405.5)		365.9		405.5
Total investments		4,624.1		4,324.3
Cash		214.5		86.0
Accrued investment income		23.0		20.7
Premiums receivable		672.6		463.8
Reinsurance recoverables		1,519.6		1,385.6
Goodwill		152.2		152.2
Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization		108.9		67.7
Deferred acquisition costs, net		162.8		139.1
Ceded unearned premiums		436.6		302.8
Other assets		326.4		262.8
Total assets	\$	8,240.7	\$	7,205.0
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity				
Reserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses	\$	3,632.8	\$	3,350.8
Unearned premiums	· ·	1,176.2	Ŧ	970.0
Accrued underwriting expenses		116.0		115.0
Ceded reinsurance payable, net		704.7		466.6
Funds held		40.2		77.1
Senior unsecured fixed rate notes		139.5		139.5
Other indebtedness		182.5		55.4
Junior subordinated debentures		256.4		172.7
Current income taxes payable, net		13.4		8.1
Deferred tax liabilities, net		38.2		24.1
Other liabilities		49.5		33.0
Total liabilities		6,349.4		5,412.3
Commitments and contingencies (Note 16)		· · · · ·		
Shareholders' equity:				
Common shares - \$1.00 par, 500,000,000 shares authorized; 40,262,441 and				
40,042,330 shares issued at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively		40.3		40.0
Additional paid-in capital		1,125.9		1,123.3
Treasury shares (10,075,255 and 10,028,755 shares at June 30, 2017				
and December 31, 2016, respectively)		(381.0)		(378.2)
Retained earnings		1,026.0		959.9
Accumulated other comprehensive income, net of taxes		80.1		47.7
Total shareholders' equity		1,891.3		1,792.7
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$	8,240.7	\$	7,205.0

* Derived from audited consolidated financial statements.

See accompanying notes.

ARGO GROUP INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, LTD. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (in millions, except number of shares and per share amounts) (Unaudited)

	For	For the Three Months Ended June 30,			For the Six Months Ended June 30,			
		2017		2016		2017	2016	
Premiums and other revenue:								
Earned premiums	\$	399.1	\$	344.9	\$	778.5	\$	689.8
Net investment income		43.6		35.7		74.1		56.9
Fee and other income		3.8		5.8		7.4		12.6
Net realized investment and other gains (losses)		4.5		(2.1)		19.1		(4.9)
Total revenue		451.0		384.3		879.1		754.4
Expenses:								
Losses and loss adjustment expenses		230.6		196.6		453.1		388.2
Underwriting, acquisition and insurance expenses		154.7		133.0		308.3		265.6
Interest expense		7.0		4.9		12.9		9.7
Fee and other expense		3.3		5.7		7.4		12.2
Foreign currency exchange losses		4.6		4.5		3.9		6.0
Total expenses		400.2		344.7		785.6		681.7
Income before income taxes		50.8		39.6		93.5		72.7
Provision for income taxes		4.8		8.7		10.8		14.1
Net income	\$	46.0	\$	30.9	\$	82.7	\$	58.6
Net income per common share:								
Basic	\$	1.52	\$	1.03	\$	2.75	\$	1.93
Diluted	\$	1.48	\$	1.00	\$	2.67	\$	1.89
Dividend declared per common share	\$	0.27	\$	0.22	\$	0.54	\$	0.42
Weighted average common shares:								
Basic		30,201,457		30,187,592		30,124,696		30,333,417
Diluted		31,048,081		30,810,156		30,995,172		30,971,189
	For the Three Months I					For the Six Mont	hs Ende	
		2017		2016		2017		2016
Net realized investment and other gains before	¢	5.6	¢	2.8	¢	20.6	¢	1.7
other-than-temporary impairment losses	\$	5.0	\$	2.8	\$	20.6	\$	1.7
Other-than-temporary impairment losses recognized in earnings: Other-than-temporary impairment losses on fixed maturities				(0.5)				(1.1)
		(1,1)		· · ·		(1.5)		
Other-than-temporary impairment losses on equity securities		(1.1)		(4.4)		(1.5)		(5.5)
Impairment losses recognized in earnings	¢	(1.1)	¢.	(4.9)	¢	(1.5)	¢	(6.6)
Net realized investment and other gains (losses)	\$	4.5	\$	(2.1)	\$	19.1	\$	(4.9)

See accompanying notes.

ARGO GROUP INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, LTD. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (in millions) (Unaudited)

	For the Thre	Months Ende	For the Six Months Ended June 30,					
	2017		2016	2017	2016			
Net income	\$ 4	6.0 \$	30.9	\$ 82.7	\$ 58.6			
Other comprehensive income:								
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(1.2)	2.3	(0.6)	3.8			
Unrealized gains on securities:								
Gains arising during the year	2	7.5	39.1	61.6	77.9			
Reclassification adjustment for gains included in net income	(2.7)	(0.3)	(18.9)	(8.1)			
Other comprehensive income before tax	2	3.6	41.1	42.1	73.6			
Income tax provision related to other comprehensive income:								
Unrealized gains on securities:								
Gains arising during the year		6.1	12.1	15.9	19.9			
Reclassification adjustment for gains included in net income	(1.0)	0.2	(6.2)	(3.9)			
Income tax provision related to other comprehensive income		5.1	12.3	9.7	16.0			
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	1	8.5	28.8	32.4	57.6			
Comprehensive income	\$ 6	4.5 \$	59.7	\$ 115.1	\$ 116.2			

See accompanying notes.

ARGO GROUP INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, LTD. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (in millions) (Unaudited)

	For the Six Months Ended June 30,							
	2017	2016						
Cash flows from operating activities:								
Net income	\$ 82.7	\$ 58.6						
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:								
Amortization and depreciation	15.9	17.8						
Share-based payments expense	7.6	5.6						
Deferred income tax (benefit) provision, net	(4.7)	6.1						
Net realized investment and other (gains) losses	(19.1)	4.9						
Undistributed earnings from alternative investment portfolio	(32.9)	(10.9)						
Loss on disposals of fixed assets, net	1.7	0.1						
Change in:								
Accrued investment income	(2.1)	0.9						
Receivables	(103.9)	(185.3)						
Deferred acquisition costs	(13.8)	(11.8)						
Ceded unearned premiums	(41.0)	(60.3)						
Reserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses	85.4	51.0						
Unearned premiums	53.3	66.5						
Ceded reinsurance payable and funds held	57.0	138.5						
Income taxes	5.9	9.1						
Accrued underwriting expenses	(21.7)	(23.6)						
Other, net	(33.0)	(35.6)						
Cash provided by operating activities	37.3	31.6						
Cash flows from investing activities:								
Sales of fixed maturity investments	785.8	532.0						
Maturities and mandatory calls of fixed maturity investments	335.1	673.3						
Sales of equity securities	107.5	93.0						
Sales of other investments	65.1	5.5						
Purchases of fixed maturity investments	(1,381.7)	(1,119.0)						
Purchases of equity securities	(67.5)	(59.6)						
Purchases of other investments	(16.8)	(77.1)						
Change in foreign regulatory deposits and voluntary pools	(9.5)	2.7						
Change in short-term investments	309.9	(13.7)						
Settlements of foreign currency exchange forward contracts	0.5	6.8						
Acquisition of subsidiaries, net of cash acquired	(105.2)	—						
Purchases of fixed assets	(10.0)	(22.7)						
Other, net	(27.7)	(0.9)						
Cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(14.5)	20.3						
Cash flows from financing activities:								
Additional long-term borrowings	125.0							
Activity under stock incentive plans	0.5	0.2						
Repurchase of Company's common shares	(2.8)	(40.0)						
Payment of cash dividends to common shareholders	(16.6)	(13.1)						
Cash provided by (used in) financing activities	106.1	(52.9)						
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(0.4)	(0.1)						
Change in cash	128.5	(1.1)						
Cash, beginning of year	86.0	121.7						
Cash, end of period	\$ 214.5	\$ 120.6						

See accompanying notes.

ARGO GROUP INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, LTD. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of Argo Group International Holdings, Ltd. ("Argo Group," "we" or the "Company") and its subsidiaries have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") for interim financial information and with the instructions for Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. The preparation of interim financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The major estimates reflected in our consolidated financial statements include, but are not limited to, reserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses; reinsurance recoverables, including the reinsurance recoverables allowance for doubtful accounts; estimates of written and earned premiums; reinsurance premium receivable; fair value of investments and assessment of potential impairment; valuation of goodwill and intangibles and our deferred tax asset valuation allowance. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Certain financial information that normally is included in annual financial statements, including certain financial statement footnotes, prepared in accordance with GAAP, is not required for interim reporting purposes and has been condensed or omitted. These statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 24, 2017.

Effective February 6, 2017, we completed the acquisition of Maybrooke Holdings, S.A. ("Maybrooke") and its direct subsidiaries, including Ariel Re. We have accounted for the acquisition in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 805, "Business Combinations," and the purchase price has been preliminarily allocated to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their estimated fair values at the acquisition date. See Note 3, "Acquisition of Maybrooke," for additional discussion regarding the acquisition and the related financial disclosures. The Consolidated Financial Statements as of and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements reflect the consolidated results of Argo Group and Maybrooke commencing on the date of acquisition.

The interim financial information as of, and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 is unaudited. However, in the opinion of management, the interim information includes all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring accruals, necessary for a fair presentation of the results presented for the interim periods. The operating results for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year. All significant intercompany amounts have been eliminated in consolidation.

During the first quarter of 2017, we evaluated and modified the presentation of our reportable segments to better reflect our new operating framework and management structure. Under this model, Argo Group's chief operating decision maker – Mark E. Watson III, President and Chief Executive Officer – evaluates performance and allocates resources based on the review of the U.S. Operations and the International Operations. The U.S. Operations includes the former Excess & Surplus and Commercial Specialty reportable segments. The International Operations includes the former Syndicate 1200, International Specialty reportable segments, and the recently acquired Ariel Re business. (See Note 3, "Acquisition of Maybrooke" for details regarding Ariel Re.) The business unit that produces the risk and not the location of the underlying exposure is the primary characteristic in distinguishing operating and reportable segments. For example, a U.S. property exposure underwritten through our Syndicate platform would be included in International Operations. Consistent with prior periods, the Run-off Lines and Corporate segments include all other activity of Argo Group and are included in our consolidated financial results. Segment results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 have been reclassified to conform to the current presentation.

2. Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2017, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2017-09, "Compensation – Stock Compensation" (Topic 718): Scope of Modification Accounting. ASU 2017-09 clarifies when changes to the terms or conditions of a share-based payment award must be accounted for as modifications. The guidance requires entities to apply the modification accounting guidance if the value, vesting conditions or classification of the award changes. In addition to all the disclosures about modifications that are required today, the entities are required to affirmatively disclose when compensation expense has not changed. The ASU will be applied prospectively and is effective for annual periods, and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2017. Early adoption is permitted, including in any interim period for which financial statements have not been issued or made available for issuance. We are currently evaluating the impact that the adopting of the ASU will have on our financial results and disclosures.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-01, "Business Combination" (Topic 805). ASU 2017-01 clarifies the definition of a business to assist entities with evaluating whether transactions should be accounted for as acquisitions (or disposals) of assets or businesses. The guidance specifies the minimum inputs and processes required to meet the definition of a business. The guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those periods, with early adoption permitted. We do not anticipate that this ASU will have a material impact on our financial results or disclosures.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-04, "Intangibles – Goodwill and Other" (Topic 350). ASU 2017-04 eliminates the requirement to calculate the implied fair value of goodwill that is done in Step 2 of the current goodwill impairment test to measure a goodwill impairment loss. Instead, entities will record an impairment loss based on the excess of a reporting unit's carrying amount over its fair value. The guidance will be applied prospectively and is effective for annual and interim impairment tests performed in periods beginning after December 15, 2019. We do not anticipate that this ASU will have a material impact on our financial results or disclosures.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-15, "Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments (Topic 230). ASU 2016-15 will reduce diversity in practice on how eight specific cash receipts and payments are classified on the statement of cash flows. The ASU will be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within those years. This ASU will have an impact on how we present the distributions received from equity method investees in our statement of cash flows. We have elected to adopt the cumulative earnings approach to classify distributions received from equity method investees, which we will adopt retrospectively. We anticipate that this ASU will have no net effect on our consolidated statements of cash flows, but will likely have an immaterial impact on the reclassification of specific cash receipts and payments within the statement.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, "Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments" (Topic 326). ASU 2016-13 requires organizations to estimate credit losses on certain types of financial instruments, including receivables and available-for-sale debt securities, by introducing an approach based on expected losses. The expected loss approach will require entities to incorporate considerations of historical information, current information and reasonable and supportable forecasts. The guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, including interim periods within those fiscal years. The guidance requires a modified retrospective transition method and early adoption is permitted. We are currently evaluating the impact that the adoption of the ASU will have on our financial results and disclosures, but do not anticipate that any such potential impact would be material.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-09, "Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting" (Topic 718). ASU 2016-09 simplifies the accounting for share-based payment award transactions including income tax consequences, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities, classification on the statement of cash flows, and accounting for forfeitures. The ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within those fiscal years. We have adopted this ASU as of January 1, 2017, and for presentation purposes, the incremental tax windfall or shortfall associated with these events will be classified as a cash inflow from operating activity as compared with a financing activity, as previously required. The impact to our financial statements was not material. Additionally, we have selected to continue estimating forfeitures based on historical patterns and will true-up the expenses upon vesting.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, "Leases" (Topic 842). ASU 2016-02 requires organizations that lease assets to recognize on the balance sheet the assets and liabilities for the rights and obligations created by those leases. Additionally, the ASU modifies current guidance for lessors' accounting. The ASU is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019, with early adoption permitted. We do not anticipate that this ASU will have a material impact on our results of operations, but we anticipate an increase to the value of our assets and liabilities related to leases, with no material impact to equity.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-01, "Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities" (Subtopic 825-10). ASU 2016-01 will require equity investments that are not consolidated or accounted for under the equity method of accounting to be measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in net income. This ASU will also require us to assess the ability to realize our deferred tax assets ("DTAs") related to an available-for-sale debt security in combination with our other DTAs. The ASU will be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within those fiscal years. While we continue to evaluate the impact of this ASU, we anticipate the standard will increase the volatility of our consolidated statements of income, resulting from the remeasurement of our equity investments.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (Topic 606), which replaces most existing U.S. GAAP revenue recognition guidance and permits the use of either the retrospective or cumulative effect transition method. In August 2015, "Deferral of the Effective Date" (Topic 606), deferred the effective date of this guidance to interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017. Subsequently, in 2016, the FASB issued implementation guidance related to ASU 2014-09, including:

- ASU 2016-08, "Principal versus Agent considerations (Reporting Revenue Gross versus Net)" (Topic 606), which is intended to provide further clarification on the application of the principal versus agent implementations;
- ASU 2016-10, "Identifying Performance Obligations and Licensing" (Topic 606), which is intended to clarify the guidance for identifying promised goods or service in a contract with a customer;
- ASU 2016-11, "Rescission of SEC Guidance Because of Accounting Standards Updates 2014-09 and 2014-16 Pursuant to Staff Announcements at the March 3, 2016 EITF Meeting" (Topic 605) & 815);
- ASU 2016-12, "Narrow-Scope Improvements and Practical Expedients" (Topic 606), provides additional guidance for quantitative and qualitative disclosures in certain cases, and make 12 additional technical corrections and improvements to the new revenue standard.

While insurance contracts are excluded from this ASU, fee income related to our brokerage operations and management of the third-party capital for our underwriting Syndicate at Lloyd's will be subject to this updated guidance. We continue to evaluate what impact this ASU will have on our financial results and disclosures and which adoption method to apply, but do not anticipate such impact being material based on the limited revenue streams subject to the ASU.

3. Acquisition of Maybrooke

Effective February 6, 2017, we completed the acquisition of Maybrooke whereby we acquired all of the issued and outstanding capital stock of Maybrooke. The initial purchase price of \$235.3 million was paid in cash from funds on hand and available under our credit facility (see Note 7, "Other Indebtedness"). The initial purchase price was subject to post-closing adjustments based on a final calculation of the purchase price, which we delivered to the seller, as required, within 90 days of closing. As of the date of this filing, we are in discussions with the seller to finalize and agree upon certain changes included in the final purchase price calculation. We anticipate resolving this matter by the end of 2017 and do not expect any material adjustments to the purchase price disclosed below.

Through the acquisition of Maybrooke, we acquired Ariel Re, a global underwriter of specialty insurance and reinsurance business written primarily through its Lloyd's Syndicate 1910. Ariel Re provides Argo Group with a number of strategic advantages, including enhanced scale in its London- and Bermuda-based platforms.

The acquisition is being accounting for in accordance with ASC 805, "Business Combinations." Purchase accounting, as defined by ASC 805, requires that the assets acquired and liabilities assumed be recognized at their fair values as of the acquisition date. We are in the process of finalizing our determination of fair values, including an independent appraisal of certain assets and liabilities, including intangible assets. Therefore, a preliminary allocation of the purchase price to the acquired assets, liabilities, and intangible assets is presented in the table below:

(in millions)	
Assets:	
Investments	\$ 340.7
Cash	130.1
Accrued investment income	0.2
Premiums receivable	157.6
Reinsurance recoverables	80.2
Current income taxes receivable	0.6
Deferred acquisition costs, net	9.8
Ceded unearned premiums	92.6
Other assets	 24.0
Total assets	835.8
Liabilities:	
Reserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses	197.0
Unearned premiums	152.5
Accrued underwriting expenses	24.9
Ceded reinsurance payable, net	144.2
Junior subordinated debentures	83.6
Deferred tax liabilities	8.1
Other liabilities	 33.7
Total liabilities	644.0
Net assets acquired	191.8
Initial purchase price	235.3
Intangible assets	\$ 43.5

During the second quarter of 2017, we engaged an independent valuation firm and anticipate completing our valuation analysis and closing the fair value measurement period by the end of 2017. The excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the net assets acquired has been preliminarily allocated to intangible assets, which will be specifically identified and quantified by the end of 2017. We did not record amortization expense related to the \$43.5 million intangible assets during the six months ended June 30, 2017, as the valuation analysis has not yet been completed. We anticipate recording both amortizable and non-amortizable identifiable intangible assets and goodwill upon the completion of the valuation analyses, including intangible assets relating to the Lloyd's Syndicate 1910 stamp capacity (non-amortizable), distribution networks (amortizable), and the Ariel Re tradename (amortizable). Goodwill is calculated as the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the net assets recognized, including identifiable intangible assets.

We recognized approximately \$2.5 million of acquisition-related transaction costs in our Consolidated Statements of Income, all of which were recorded during the first quarter of 2017. Of these amounts, \$2.2 million were reported in "Underwriting, acquisition and insurance expenses" and \$0.3 million in "Interest expense" related to the borrowings under our credit facility to help fund the acquisition. No additional transaction costs were incurred during the three months ended June 30, 2017.

Maybrooke's Contribution to Argo Group's Revenue and Income

The following selected financial information summarizes the results of Maybrooke from the date of acquisition that have been included in our Consolidated Statement of Income:

(in millions)	For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2017	For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2017
Revenues	\$ 42.9	\$ 66.2
Net income	\$ 6.4	\$ 13.0

Unaudited Pro forma Results of Operations

The following unaudited pro forma financial information has been provided to present a summary of the combined results of Argo Group's operations with Maybrooke's as if the acquisition had occurred on January 1, 2016. The unaudited pro forma financial information is for informational purposes only and is not necessarily indicative of what the results would have been had the acquisition been completed at the date indicated above, as it may not include all necessary adjustments. Future changes to Maybrooke's business, such as, but not limited to, the impact from underwriting decisions, changes in risk selection, or retention rates, could result in a material favorable or unfavorable impact on Argo Group's future results of operations and financial position. The unaudited pro forma results for six months ended June 30, 2017 include favorable development from prior accident years of \$6.5 million, including \$6.2 million relating to one specific claim in January 2017. In addition, the \$2.5 million of nonrecurring transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition for six months ended June 30, 2017, as disclosed above, have also been removed from the unaudited pro forma results in the table below. The unaudited pro forma results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 include the benefits of higher net retention resulting in increased earned premiums and profitability for prior Lloyd's years of account, partially offset by unfavorable development on claims from prior accident years.

	F	or the Three Mon	ths En	ded June 30,	For the Six Months Ended June 30,				
(in millions, except per share data)		2017 2016				2017		2016	
Pro forma revenues	\$	449.5	\$	435.3	\$	893.2	\$	874.5	
Pro forma net income		46.2		33.3		93.2		76.7	
Pro forma net income per share - basic		1.53		1.10		3.09		2.53	
Pro forma net income per share - diluted		1.49		1.08		3.01		2.48	

4. Investments

Composition of Invested Assets

The amortized cost, gross unrealized gains, gross unrealized losses and fair value of investments were as follows:

June 30, 2017								
	Amortized		1	Gross Unrealized		Gross realized	Fair	
(in millions)		Cost		Gains	I	losses		Value
Fixed maturities								
U.S. Governments	\$	317.7	\$	0.6	\$	3.2	\$	315.1
Foreign Governments		244.5		3.3		3.6		244.2
Obligations of states and political subdivisions		337.3		11.9		0.8		348.4
Corporate bonds		1,596.9		26.9		11.9		1,611.9
Commercial mortgage-backed securities		145.0		0.3		1.3		144.0
Residential mortgage-backed securities		221.6		3.4		1.7		223.3
Asset-backed securities		129.7		0.4		1.0		129.1
Collateralized loan obligations		255.9		6.1		1.8		260.2
Total fixed maturities		3,248.6		52.9		25.3		3,276.2
Equity securities		321.5		126.3		5.2		442.6
Other investments		530.0		9.5		0.1		539.4
Short-term investments		365.9						365.9
Total investments	\$	4,466.0	\$	188.7	\$	30.6	\$	4,624.1

December 31, 2016

(in millions)	Amortized Cost		Gross Unrealized Gains		Unrealized Unrealized		Fair Value	
Fixed maturities								
U.S. Governments	\$	275.1	\$	0.6	\$	4.5	\$	271.2
Foreign Governments		244.2		1.1		8.0		237.3
Obligations of states and political subdivisions		375.7		8.9		1.8		382.8
Corporate bonds		1,316.9		23.3		19.5		1,320.7
Commercial mortgage-backed securities		154.9		0.4		1.6		153.7
Residential mortgage-backed securities		174.8		3.7		1.7		176.8
Asset-backed securities		127.6		0.1		2.1		125.6
Collateralized loan obligations		269.6		3.8		9.1		264.3
Total fixed maturities		2,938.8		41.9		48.3		2,932.4
Equity securities		335.2		117.9		5.7		447.4
Other investments		531.6		7.5		0.1		539.0
Short-term investments		405.5						405.5
Total investments	\$	4,211.1	\$	167.3	\$	54.1	\$	4,324.3

Included in "Total investments" in our Consolidated Balance Sheets at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 is \$155.7 million and \$131.9 million, respectively, of assets managed on behalf of the trade capital providers, who are third-party participants that provide underwriting capital to the operations of Syndicate 1200.

Contractual Maturity

The amortized cost and fair values of fixed maturity investments as of June 30, 2017, by contractual maturity, were as follows:

(in millions)	A	mortized Cost	 Fair Value
Due in one year or less	\$	256.5	\$ 253.4
Due after one year through five years		1,463.5	1,475.8
Due after five years through ten years		614.2	623.6
Thereafter		162.2	166.8
Structured securities		752.2	756.6
Total	\$	3,248.6	\$ 3,276.2

The expected maturities may differ from the contractual maturities because debtors may have the right to call or prepay obligations.

Other Invested Assets

Details regarding the carrying value and unfunded investment commitments of the other invested assets portfolio as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 were as follows:

June 30, 2017 (in millions)	Carry Valu		 Unfunded Commitments
Investment Type			
Hedge funds	\$	178.6	\$ —
Private equity		163.3	119.7
Long only funds		195.0	
Other investments		2.5	
Total other invested assets	\$	539.4	\$ 119.7



December 31, 2016				
(in millions)	C	Unfunded Commitments		
Investment Type				
Hedge funds	\$	180.9	\$	
Private equity		179.0		93.4
Long only funds		170.7		
Other investments		8.4		
Total other invested assets	\$	539.0	\$	93.4

The following describes each investment type:

- Hedge funds: Hedge funds include funds that primarily buy and sell stocks, including short sales, multi-strategy credit, relative value credit and distressed credit.
- **Private equity:** Private equity includes buyout funds, real asset/infrastructure funds, credit special situations funds, mezzanine lending funds and direct investments and strategic non-controlling minority investments in private companies that are principally accounted for using the equity method of accounting.
- Long only funds: Our long only funds include a fund that primarily owns international stocks and funds that primarily own investment-grade corporate and sovereign fixed income securities.
- Other investments: Other investments include participation in investment pools, foreign exchange currency forward contracts to manage our foreign currency exposure and a portfolio of foreign exchange currency forward contracts that are actively traded by an external currency manager for a total return strategy.

Unrealized Losses and Other-Than-Temporary Impairments

An aging of unrealized losses on our investments in fixed maturities, equity securities, other investments and short-term investments is presented below:

June 30, 2017	Less Than	One	Year		One Year	or Gr	eater	Total					
(in m: 11:)			Inrealized	Fair				Fair Valaa			realized		
(in millions)	 Value		Losses		Value		Losses	Value			Losses		
Fixed maturities													
U.S. Governments	\$ 267.1	\$	3.1	\$	2.7	\$	0.1	\$	269.8	\$	3.2		
Foreign Governments	183.8		3.6						183.8		3.6		
Obligations of states and political subdivisions ⁽¹⁾	42.1		0.8		1.8				43.9		0.8		
Corporate bonds	523.1		10.4		32.9		1.5		556.0		11.9		
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	83.7		1.3		4.9				88.6		1.3		
Residential mortgage-backed securities	110.9		1.6		6.2		0.1		117.1		1.7		
Asset-backed securities	68.3		0.5		3.5		0.5		71.8		1.0		
Collateralized loan obligations	 63.1		1.7		3.0		0.1		66.1		1.8		
Total fixed maturities	 1,342.1		23.0		55.0		2.3		1,397.1		25.3		
Equity securities	52.3		5.2						52.3		5.2		
Other investments	0.3		0.1						0.3		0.1		
Short-term investments ⁽¹⁾	 31.6								31.6				
Total	\$ 1,426.3	\$	28.3	\$	55.0	\$	2.3	\$	1,481.3	\$	30.6		
	13												

December 31, 2016	Less Than One Year			One Year or Greater					Total				
(in millions)	Fai Val			ealized osses	Fair Value			ealized osses		Fair Value		realized losses	
Fixed maturities													
U.S. Governments ⁽²⁾	\$	183.4	\$	4.5	\$		\$		\$	183.4	\$	4.5	
Foreign Governments		201.2		8.0				_		201.2		8.0	
Obligations of states and political subdivisions ⁽¹⁾		72.6		1.7		1.8		0.1		74.4		1.8	
Corporate bonds		490.5		17.7		50.6		1.8		541.1		19.5	
Commercial mortgage-backed securities		70.6		1.5		7.1		0.1		77.7		1.6	
Residential mortgage-backed securities ⁽²⁾		87.5		1.7		4.4				91.9		1.7	
Asset-backed securities		69.7		1.4		8.2		0.7		77.9		2.1	
Collateralized loan obligations		122.5		8.6		16.9		0.5		139.4		9.1	
Total fixed maturities	1,	298.0		45.1		89.0		3.2		1,387.0		48.3	
Equity securities		62.1		5.7		_		_		62.1		5.7	
Other investments		0.3		0.1		_		_		0.3		0.1	
Short-term investments		4.8								4.8			
Total	\$ 1,	365.2	\$	50.9	\$	89.0	\$	3.2	\$	1,454.2	\$	54.1	

⁽¹⁾ Unrealized losses less than one year are less than \$0.1 million.

⁽²⁾ Unrealized losses one year or greater are less than \$0.1 million.

We regularly evaluate our investments for other-than-temporary impairment. For fixed maturity securities, the evaluation for a credit loss is generally based on the present value of expected cash flows of the security as compared to the amortized book value. For structured securities, frequency and severity of loss inputs are used in projecting future cash flows of the securities. Loss frequency is measured as the credit default rate, which includes such factors as loan-to-value ratios and credit scores of borrowers. For equity securities and other investments, the length of time and the amount of decline in fair value are the principal factors in determining other-than-temporary impairment. We also recognize other-than-temporary losses on fixed maturity securities that we intend to sell.

We hold a total of 7,939 securities, of which 2,043 were in an unrealized loss position for less than one year and 123 were in an unrealized loss position for a period one year or greater as of June 30, 2017. Unrealized losses greater than twelve months on fixed maturities were the result of a number of factors, including increased credit spreads, foreign currency fluctuations and higher market yields relative to the date the securities were purchased, and for structured securities, by the performance of the underlying collateral, as well. In considering whether an investment is other-than-temporarily impaired or not, we also considered that we do not intend to sell the investments and it is unlikely that we will be required to sell the investments before recovery of their amortized cost bases, which may be maturity. In situations where we did not recognize other-than-temporary losses on investments in our equity portfolio, we have evaluated the near-term prospects of the investment in relation to the severity and duration of the impairment and based on that evaluation, have the ability and intent to hold these investments until a recovery of the cost basis. We do not consider these investments to be other-than-temporarily impaired at June 30, 2017.

We recognized other-than-temporary losses on our fixed maturities and equity portfolio as follows:

	 For the Three Mon	ths En	ded June 30,		ed June 30,		
(in millions)	2017 20				2017		2016
Other-than-temporary impairment:							
Corporate bonds	\$ —	\$	(0.5)	\$		\$	(1.1)
Equity securities	(1.1)		(4.4)		(1.5)		(5.5)
Other-than-temporary impairment losses	\$ (1.1)	\$	(4.9)	\$	(1.5)	\$	(6.6)

Realized Gains and Losses

The following table presents our gross realized investment and other gains (losses):

	Fo	r the Three Mon	ths Ende	ed June 30,	For the Six Months Ended June 30,				
(in millions)		2017				2017		2016	
Realized gains									
Fixed maturities	\$	5.5	\$	4.6	\$	12.6	\$	11.0	
Equity securities		12.0		5.3		27.7		24.6	
Other investments		4.8		16.8		10.8		27.0	
Short-term investments		0.3		0.2		0.5		0.4	
Gross realized investment and other gains		22.6		26.9		51.6		63.0	
Realized losses									
Fixed maturities		(5.0)		(6.5)		(11.2)		(14.9)	
Equity securities		(1.8)		(1.0)		(2.5)		(7.1)	
Other investments		(10.2)		(16.6)		(17.2)		(39.2)	
Short-term investments						(0.1)		(0.1)	
Other-than-temporary impairment losses on fixed									
maturities				(0.5)		—		(1.1)	
Other-than-temporary impairment losses on equity									
securities		(1.1)		(4.4)		(1.5)		(5.5)	
Gross realized investment and other losses		(18.1)		(29.0)		(32.5)		(67.9)	
Net realized investment and other gains (losses) before									
income taxes		4.5		(2.1)		19.1		(4.9)	
Income tax expense		(1.3)				(5.7)		(1.2)	
Net realized investment and other gains (losses), net of									
income taxes	\$	3.2	\$	(2.1)	\$	13.4	\$	(6.1)	

The cost of securities sold is based on the specific identification method.

Changes in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) related to investments are summarized as follows:

	For	the Three Mon	For the Six Months Ended June 30,				
(in millions)	2017			2016	 2017		2016
Change in unrealized gains (losses)		_					
Fixed maturities	\$	19.5	\$	25.9	\$ 32.0	\$	64.8
Equity securities		3.3		12.9	8.7		4.0
Other investments		2.0			2.0		0.6
Short-term investments					_		0.4
Net unrealized investment and other gains before							
income taxes		24.8		38.8	42.7		69.8
Income tax provision		(5.1)		(12.3)	(9.7)		(16.0)
Net unrealized investment and other gains, net of							
income taxes	\$	19.7	\$	26.5	\$ 33.0	\$	53.8

Foreign Currency Exchange Forward Contracts

We entered into foreign currency exchange forward contracts to manage currency exposure on our Canadian dollar ("CAD") investment portfolio, minimize negative impacts to our investment portfolio returns, manage currency exposure on certain Euro ("EUR") denominated investments and gain exposure to a total return strategy which invests in multiple currencies. These currency forward contracts are carried at fair value in our Consolidated Balance Sheets in "Other investments". The realized and unrealized gains and losses are included in "Net realized investment and other (losses) gains" in our Consolidated Statements of Income.

The fair value of our foreign currency exchange forward contracts as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 was as follows:

(in millions)	 June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Operational currency exposure	\$ (0.4)	\$
Asset manager investment exposure	(1.1)	0.7
Total return strategy	(0.5)	3.3
	\$ (2.0)	\$ 4.0

The following table represents our gross investment realized gains and losses on our foreign currency exchange forward contracts:

	Fo	r the Three Mon	For the Six Months Ended June 30,					
(in millions)		2017				2017		2016
Realized gains								
Operational currency exposure	\$	3.7	\$	4.6	\$	5.7	\$	7.4
Asset manager investment exposure				2.3		0.5		2.3
Total return strategy		0.5		9.5		3.6		16.2
Gross realized investment gains		4.2		16.4		9.8		25.9
Realized losses								
Operational currency exposure		(3.7)		(7.0)		(5.9)		(15.5)
Asset manager investment exposure		(5.4)				(6.8)		(3.6)
Total return strategy		(0.8)		(9.4)		(2.7)		(18.6)
Gross realized investment losses		(9.9)		(16.4)		(15.4)		(37.7)
Net realized investment losses on foreign				i				i
currency exchange forward contracts	\$	(5.7)	\$		\$	(5.6)	\$	(11.8)

Regulatory Deposits, Pledged Securities and Letters of Credit

(in millions)	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Dece	mber 31, 2016
Securities on deposit for regulatory and other purposes	\$	176.0	\$	168.7
Securities pledged as collateral for letters of credit		29.1		35.9
Securities and cash on deposit supporting Lloyd's business		397.2		161.8
Total restricted investments	\$	602.3	\$	366.4

Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market. Market participants are buyers and sellers in the principal (or most advantageous) market that are independent, knowledgeable, able to transact for the asset or liability and willing to transfer the asset or liability.

Valuation techniques consistent with the market approach, income approach and/or cost approach are used to measure fair value. The inputs of these valuation techniques are categorized into three levels.

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that can be accessed at the reporting date. We define actively traded as a security that has traded in the past seven days. We receive one quote per instrument for Level 1 inputs.
- Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. We receive one quote per instrument for Level 2 inputs.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs reflect our own judgments about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on the best information available in the circumstances.

We receive fair value prices from third-party pricing services and our outside investment managers. These prices are determined using observable market information such as dealer quotes, market spreads, cash flows, yield curves, live trading levels, trade execution data, market consensus prepayment speeds, credit information and the security's terms and conditions, among other things. We have reviewed the processes used by the third-party providers for pricing the securities, and have determined that these processes result in

fair values consistent with GAAP requirements. In addition, we review these prices for reasonableness, and have not adjusted any prices received from the third-party providers as of June 30, 2017. A description of the valuation techniques we use to measure assets at fair value is as follows:

Fixed Maturities (Available-for-Sale) Levels 1 and 2:

- United States Treasury securities are typically valued using Level 1 inputs. For these securities, we obtain fair value measurements from third-party pricing services using quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets at the reporting date.
- United States Government agencies, non-U.S. Government securities, obligations of states and political subdivisions, credit securities and foreign denominated government and credit securities are reported at fair value using Level 2 inputs. For these securities, we obtain fair value measurements from third-party pricing services. Observable data may include dealer quotes, market spreads, yield curves, live trading levels, trade execution data, credit information and the security's terms and conditions, among other things.
- Asset and mortgage-backed securities and collateralized loan obligations are reported at fair value using Level 2 inputs. For these securities, we obtain fair value measurements from third-party pricing services. Observable data may include dealer quotes, market spreads, cash flows, yield curves, live trading levels, trade execution data, market consensus prepayment speeds, credit information and the security's terms and conditions, among other things.

Fixed Maturities (Available-for-Sale) Levels 3:

• We own a \$1.9 million term loan that is valued using unobservable inputs.

Equity Securities Level 1: Equity securities are principally reported at fair value using Level 1 inputs. For these securities, we obtain fair value measurements from a third-party pricing service using quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets at the reporting date.

Equity Securities Level 2: We own interests in a mutual fund that is reported at fair value using Level 2 inputs. The valuation is based on the fund's net asset value per share, at the end of each month. The underlying assets in the fund are valued primarily on the basis of closing market quotations or official closing prices on each valuation day.

Equity Securities Level 3: We own certain equity securities that are reported at fair value using Level 3 inputs. The valuation techniques for these securities include the following:

- Fair value measurements are obtained from the National Association of Insurance Commissioners' Security Valuation Office at the reporting date.
- Fair value measurements for an investment in an equity fund obtained by applying final prices provided by the administrator of the fund, which is based upon certain estimates and assumptions.

Other Investments Level 2: Foreign regulatory deposits are assets held in trust in jurisdictions where there is a legal and regulatory requirement to maintain funds locally in order to protect policyholders. Lloyd's is the appointed investment manager for the funds. These assets are invested in short-term government securities, agency securities and corporate bonds and are valued using Level 2 inputs based upon values obtained from Lloyd's. Foreign currency future contracts are valued by our counterparty using market driven foreign currency exchange rates and are considered Level 2 investments.

Short-term Investments: Short-term investments are principally reported at fair value using Level 1 inputs, with the exception of short-term corporate bonds reported at fair value using Level 2 inputs as described in the fixed maturities section above. Values for the investments categorized as Level 1 are obtained from various financial institutions as of the reporting date.

Transfers Between Level 1 and Level 2 Securities: There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 securities during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017.

Based on an analysis of the inputs, our financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis have been categorized as follows:

				Fair Value M	ements at Reportin	rting Date Using		
(in millions)	Ju	June 30, 2017		Level 1 (a)		Level 2 ^(b)		Level 3 (c)
Fixed maturities								
U.S. Governments	\$	315.1	\$	292.7	\$	22.4	\$	
Foreign Governments		244.2				244.2		
Obligations of states and political subdivisions		348.4				348.4		
Corporate bonds		1,611.9				1,610.0		1.9
Commercial mortgage-backed securities		144.0				144.0		
Residential mortgage-backed securities		223.3				223.3		
Asset-backed securities		129.1				129.1		
Collateralized loan obligations		260.2				260.2		
Total fixed maturities		3,276.2		292.7		2,981.6		1.9
Equity securities		442.6		440.1		2.1		0.4
Other investments		108.9				108.9		
Short-term investments		365.9		348.9		17.0		
	\$	4,193.6	\$	1,081.7	\$	3,109.6	\$	2.3

(a) Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets

- Significant other observable inputs Significant unobservable inputs (b)
- (c)

				Fair Value M	ements at Reportin	ting Date Using		
(in millions)	December 31, 2016			Level 1 ^(a)		Level 2 ^(b)		Level 3 (c)
Fixed maturities								
U.S. Governments	\$	271.2	\$	228.0	\$	43.2	\$	—
Foreign Governments		237.3				237.3		
Obligations of states and political subdivisions		382.8				382.8		—
Corporate bonds		1,320.7				1,318.7		2.0
Commercial mortgage-backed securities		153.7				153.7		—
Residential mortgage-backed securities		176.8				176.8		—
Asset-backed securities		125.6				125.6		
Collateralized loan obligations		264.3				264.3		
Total fixed maturities		2,932.4		228.0		2,702.4		2.0
Equity securities		447.4		444.9		2.1		0.4
Other investments		95.5				95.5		
Short-term investments		405.5		375.1		30.4		
	\$	3,880.8	\$	1,048.0	\$	2,830.4	\$	2.4

(a) Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets

(b) Significant other observable inputs

(c) Significant unobservable inputs

The fair value measurements in the tables above do not equal "Total investments" on our Consolidated Balance Sheets as they exclude certain other investments that are accounted for under the equity-method of accounting.

A reconciliation of the beginning and ending balances for the investments categorized as Level 3 are as follows:

Fair Value Measurements Using Observable Inputs (Level 3)

(in millions)	Corpora	te Bonds		Equity Securities		Total
Beginning balance, January 1, 2017	\$	2.0	\$	0.4	\$	2.4
Transfers into Level 3				_		
Transfers out of Level 3						—
Total gains or losses (realized/unrealized):						
Included in net income (loss)						—
Included in other comprehensive income (loss)		(0.1)		—		(0.1)
Purchases, issuances, sales, and settlements:						
Purchases						_
Issuances						_
Sales						—
Settlements						
Ending balance, June 30, 2017	\$	1.9	\$	0.4	\$	2.3
Amount of total gains or losses for the year included in net income (loss) attributable to the change in unrealized gains or losses relating to assets still held at June 30, 2017	\$		\$		\$	
(in millions)	Corpora	te Bonds		Equity Securities		Total
Beginning balance, January 1, 2016	\$		\$	0.7	\$	0.7
Transfers into Level 3						—
Transfers out of Level 3						—
Total gains or losses (realized/unrealized):						
Included in net income (loss)						_
Included in other comprehensive income (loss)						
Purchases, issuances, sales, and settlements:						
Purchases		2.0				2.0
Issuances						
Sales				(0.3)		(0.3)
Settlements	<u>_</u>		<u>_</u>		<u>_</u>	
Ending balance, December 31, 2016	\$	2.0	\$	0.4	\$	2.4
Amount of total gains or losses for the year included in net income (loss) attributable to the change in unrealized						
gains or losses relating to assets still held at December 31, 2016	\$		\$		\$	
December 31, 2010	φ		ψ		φ	

At June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, we did not have any financial assets or financial liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis or any financial liabilities on a recurring basis.

5. Reserves for Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses

The following table provides a reconciliation of reserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses ("LAE"):

	For the Six M	onths Ended June 30,
(in millions)	2017	2016
Net reserves beginning of the year	\$ 2,180.2	\$ 2,133.3
Net Maybrooke reserves acquired	132.6	—
Add:		
Losses and LAE incurred during current calendar		
year, net of reinsurance:		
Current accident year	447.4	404.1
Prior accident years	5.7	(15.9)
Losses and LAE incurred during calendar year,		
net of reinsurance	453.1	388.2
Deduct:		
Losses and LAE payments made during current		
calendar year, net of reinsurance:		
Current accident year	88.9	
Prior accident years	290.8	300.1
Losses and LAE payments made during current		
calendar year, net of reinsurance:	379.7	365.4
Change in participation interest ⁽¹⁾	(23.2	
Foreign exchange adjustments	1.8	4.4
Net reserves - end of period	2,364.8	2,124.2
Add:		
Reinsurance recoverables on unpaid losses and		
LAE, end of year	1,268.0	1,057.7
Gross reserves - end of period	\$ 3,632.8	\$ 3,181.9

⁽¹⁾ Amount represents decreases in reserves due to change in syndicate participation

Reserves for losses and LAE represent the estimated indemnity cost and related adjustment expenses necessary to investigate and settle claims. Such estimates are based upon individual case estimates for reported claims, estimates from ceding companies for reinsurance assumed and actuarial estimates for losses that have been incurred but not yet reported to the insurer. Any change in probable ultimate liabilities is reflected in current operating results.

The impact from the unfavorable (favorable) development of prior accident years' loss and LAE reserves on each reporting segment is presented below:

	For the Six Months Ended June 30,					
(in millions)		2017		2016		
U.S. Operations	\$	(18.0)	\$	(11.9)		
International Operations		19.6		(10.2)		
Run-off Lines		4.1		6.2		
Total unfavorable (favorable) prior-year development	\$	5.7	\$	(15.9)		

The following describes the primary factors behind each segment's prior accident year reserve development for the six months ended June 30, 2017, and 2016:

Six months ended June 30, 2017:

- U.S. Operations: Favorable development for workers compensation, surety, commercial auto, and commercial multi-peril lines.
- International Operations: Unfavorable development in the property, liability, and specialty lines.
- Run-off Lines: Unfavorable development in run-off workers compensation and asbestos liability lines.

Six months ended June 30, 2016:

- U.S. Operations: Favorable development within commercial automobile lines of business, surety, and general and products liability lines.
- International Operations: Favorable development within the property, liability, and professional lines.
- *Run-off Lines:* Unfavorable development in run-off workers compensation and asbestos liability lines, partially offset by favorable development in the run-off reinsurance lines.

In the opinion of management, our reserves represent the best estimate of our ultimate liabilities, based on currently known facts, current law, current technology and assumptions considered reasonable where facts are not known. Due to the significant uncertainties and related management judgments, there can be no assurance that future favorable or unfavorable loss development, which may be material, will not occur.

6. Junior Subordinated Debentures

Trust Preferred Debentures

Through a series of trusts, that are wholly-owned subsidiaries (non-consolidated), we issued debt. The debentures are variable with the rate being reset quarterly and subject to certain interest rate ceilings. Interest payments are payable quarterly. The debentures are all unsecured and are subordinated to other indebtedness. At June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, all debentures were eligible for redemption subject to certain terms and conditions at a price equal to 100% of the principal plus accrued and unpaid interest.

A summary of our outstanding junior subordinated debentures is presented below:

Issue Date	Trust Preferred Pools	Maturity	Rate Structure	Interest Rate at June 30, 2017	Amou	unt
Argo Group						
05/15/2003	PXRE Capital Statutory Trust II	05/15/2033	3M LIBOR + 4.10%	5.28%	\$	18.1
11/06/2003	PXRE Capital Trust VI	09/30/2033	3M LIBOR + 3.90%	5.20%		10.3
Argo Group US						
05/15/2003	Argonaut Group Statutory Trust I	05/15/2033	3M LIBOR + 4.10%	5.28%		15.5
12/16/2003	Argonaut Group Statutory Trust III	01/08/2034	3M LIBOR + 4.10%	5.26%		12.3
04/29/2004	Argonaut Group Statutory Trust IV	04/29/2034	3M LIBOR + 3.85%	5.03%		13.4
05/26/2004	Argonaut Group Statutory Trust V	05/24/2034	3M LIBOR + 3.85%	5.04%		12.3
05/12/2004	Argonaut Group Statutory Trust VI	05/12/2034	3M LIBOR + 3.80%	5.07%		13.4
09/17/2004	Argonaut Group Statutory Trust VII	12/15/2034	3M LIBOR + 3.60%	4.85%		15.5
09/22/2004	Argonaut Group Statutory Trust VIII	09/22/2034	3M LIBOR + 3.55%	4.84%		15.5
10/22/2004	Argonaut Group Statutory Trust IX	12/15/2034	3M LIBOR + 3.60%	4.85%		15.5
09/15/2005	Argonaut Group Statutory Trust X	09/15/2035	3M LIBOR + 3.40%	4.65%		30.9
	Total Outstanding				\$ 1′	72.7

(in millions)

Issue Date	Trust Preferred Pools	Maturity	Rate Structure	Interest Rate at December 31, 2016	Amount
Argo Group					
05/15/2003	PXRE Capital Statutory Trust II	05/15/2033	3M LIBOR + 4.10%	5.00%	\$ 18.1
11/06/2003	PXRE Capital Trust VI	09/30/2033	3M LIBOR + 3.90%	4.90%	10.3
Argo Group US					
05/15/2003	Argonaut Group Statutory Trust I	05/15/2033	3M LIBOR + 4.10%	5.00%	15.5
12/16/2003	Argonaut Group Statutory Trust III	01/08/2034	3M LIBOR + 4.10%	4.98%	12.3
04/29/2004	Argonaut Group Statutory Trust IV	04/29/2034	3M LIBOR + 3.85%	4.76%	13.4
05/26/2004	Argonaut Group Statutory Trust V	05/24/2034	3M LIBOR + 3.85%	4.77%	12.3
05/12/2004	Argonaut Group Statutory Trust VI	05/12/2034	3M LIBOR + 3.80%	4.79%	13.4
09/17/2004	Argonaut Group Statutory Trust VII	12/15/2034	3M LIBOR + 3.60%	4.56%	15.5
09/22/2004	Argonaut Group Statutory Trust VIII	09/22/2034	3M LIBOR + 3.55%	4.55%	15.5
10/22/2004	Argonaut Group Statutory Trust IX	12/15/2034	3M LIBOR + 3.60%	4.56%	15.5
09/15/2005	Argonaut Group Statutory Trust X	09/15/2035	3M LIBOR + 3.40%	4.36%	30.9
	Total Outstanding				\$ 172.7

Maybrooke Junior Subordinated Debentures

Unsecured junior subordinated debentures with a principal balance of \$91.8 million were assumed through the acquisition of Maybrooke ("the Maybrooke debt"). The Maybrooke debt is carried on our consolidated balance sheet at \$83.7 million, which represents our initial estimate of the debt's fair value at the date of acquisition plus accumulated accretion of discount to par value, as required by accounting for business combinations under ASC 805 (see Note 3, "Acquisition of Maybrooke"). This fair value is subject to change based on finalizing the valuation of Maybrooke's opening balance sheet by the end of 2017. At June 30, 2017, the Maybrooke debt was eligible for redemption at par. Interest accrues on the Maybrooke debt based on a variable rate, which is reset quarterly. Interest payments are payable quarterly. A summary of the terms of the Maybrooke debt outstanding at June 30, 2017 is presented below:

(in millions)

Issue Date	Maturity	Rate Structure	Interest Rate at June 30, 2017	Prin	cipal at June 30, 2017	Carry	ing Value at June 30, 2017
9/15/2007	9/15/2037	3 month LIBOR + 3.15%	4.40%	\$	91.8	\$	83.7

7. Other Indebtedness

Our Consolidated Balance Sheets includes various long-term debt instruments under the caption "Other indebtedness," as detailed in the table below. Information regarding the terms and principal amounts of each of these debt instruments is also provided.

Jun	e 30, 2017	Decem	ber 31, 2016
\$	56.9	\$	54.8
	125.0		_
	0.6		0.6
\$	182.5	\$	55.4
	Juno \$ 	125.0	\$ 56.9 \$ 125.0 0.6

Floating Rate Loan Stock

This debt was assumed through the acquisition of Lloyd's Syndicate 1200. These notes are unsecured. At June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, all notes were eligible for redemption subject to certain terms and conditions at a price equal to 100% of the principal plus accrued and unpaid interest. Interest on the U.S. Dollar and Euro notes is due semiannually and quarterly, respectively. A summary of the notes outstanding at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 is presented below:

(in millions)						
Issue Date	Currency	Maturity	Rate Structure	Interest Rate at June 30, 2017		Amount
12/08/2004	U.S. Dollar	11/15/2034	6 month LIBOR + 4.2%	5.53%	\$	6.5
09/06/2005	Euro	08/22/2035	3 month LIBOR + 4.0%	3.67%		13.5
10/31/2006	U.S. Dollar	01/15/2036	6 month LIBOR + 4.0%	5.33%		10.0
10/31/2006	Euro	11/22/2036	3 month LIBOR + 4.0%	3.67%		11.8
06/08/2007	Euro	09/15/2037	3 month LIBOR + 3.9%	3.57%		15.1
					\$	56.9
(in millions)						
Issue Date	Currency	Maturity	Rate Structure	Interest Rate at December 31, 2016		Amount
12/09/2004	U.C. Dallan	11/15/2024	(5 100/	¢	(5

Issue Date	Currency	Maturity	Rate Structure	31, 2016	AI	mount
12/08/2004	U.S. Dollar	11/15/2034	6 month LIBOR + 4.2%	5.18%	\$	6.5
09/06/2005	Euro	08/22/2035	3 month LIBOR + 4.0%	3.70%		12.8
10/31/2006	U.S. Dollar	01/15/2036	6 month LIBOR + 4.0%	4.98%		10.0
10/31/2006	Euro	11/22/2036	3 month LIBOR + 4.0%	3.70%		11.2
06/08/2007	Euro	09/15/2037	3 month LIBOR + 3.9%	3.58%		14.3
					\$	54.8

No principal payments have been made since the acquisition of Lloyd's Syndicate 1200. The floating rate loan stock denominated in Euros fluctuates due to foreign currency translation. The outstanding balance on these loans was \$40.4 million and \$38.3 million as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively. The foreign currency translation adjustment is recorded in our Consolidated Statements of Income.

Borrowing Under Credit Facility

On March 3, 2017, each of Argo Group, Argo Group US, Inc., Argo International Holdings Limited and Argo Underwriting Agency Limited (the "Borrowers") entered into a \$325.0 million Credit Agreement ("New Credit Agreement") with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent. The New Credit Agreement replaced and terminated the previous \$175.0 million Credit Agreement ("Prior Agreement").

The New Credit Agreement provides for a \$200.0 million revolving credit facility with a maturity date of March 3, 2022 unless extended in accordance with the terms of the New Credit Agreement. In addition, the New Credit Agreement includes a \$125.0 million term loan borrowing, which Argo Group used to pay off in its entirety the \$125.0 million borrowing drawn on January 31, 2017 under the Prior Agreement to help fund the acquisition of Maybrooke. Interest accrues based on a variable rate, which resets and is payable based on reset options selected by Argo Group pursuant to the terms of the New Credit Agreement. A summary of the terms of the outstanding balance at June 30, 2017 is presented below:

(in millions)				
Issue Date	Maturity	Rate Structure	Interest Rate at June 30, 2017	 Amount
3/3/2017	3/3/2019	2 month LIBOR + 1.5%	2.54%	\$ 125.0

Borrowings under the New Credit Agreement may be used for general corporate purposes, including working capital, permitted acquisitions and letters of credit, and each of the Borrowers has agreed to be jointly and severally liable for the obligations of the other Borrowers under the New Credit Agreement.

The New Credit Agreement contains customary events of default. If an event of default occurs and is continuing, the Borrowers could be required immediately to repay all amounts outstanding under the New Credit Agreement. Lenders holding at least a majority of the loans and commitments under the New Credit Agreement could elect to accelerate the maturity of the loans and/or terminate the commitments under the New Credit Agreement upon the occurrence and during the continuation of an event of default.

Included in the New Credit Agreement is a provision that allows up to \$200.0 million of the revolving credit facility to be used for LOCs, subject to availability. On March 3, 2017, the \$0.2 million LOC outstanding under the Prior Credit Agreement was transferred to the New Credit Agreement. At June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, there were no borrowings outstanding under the revolving portions of the credit facilities. At June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, there were \$0.5 million and \$0.2 million, respectively in LOCs against the New and Prior Credit Agreement, respectively.

Other Debt

As part of the ARIS Title Insurance Corporation ("ARIS") acquisition, at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, we had a note payable for \$0.6 million. The note had a variable interest rate of 2.00% above 30-day LIBOR, with the variable interest rate being reset quarterly and subject to certain interest rate ceilings. Interest payments are payable quarterly. The note payable matures on April 1, 2019.

8. Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Cash. The carrying amount approximates fair value.

Investment securities and short-term investments. See Note 4, "Investments," for additional information.

Premiums receivable and reinsurance recoverables on paid losses. The carrying value of current receivables approximates fair value. At June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the carrying values of premiums receivable over 90 days were \$19.3 million and \$14.3 million, respectively. Included in "Reinsurance recoverables" in our Consolidated Balance Sheets at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, are amounts that are due from trade capital providers associated with the operations of Syndicate 1200. Upon settlement, the receivable is offset against the liability which is included in "Ceded reinsurance payable, net" in our accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets. At June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the payable was in excess of the receivable. Of our reinsurance recoverables on paid losses, excluding amounts attributable to Syndicate 1200's trade capital providers, at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the carrying values over 90 days were \$12.2 million and \$11.2 million, respectively. Our methodology for establishing our allowances for doubtful accounts includes specifically identifying all potential uncollectible balances regardless of aging. At June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the allowance for doubtful accounts for premiums receivable was \$2.9 million and \$2.7 million, respectively, and the allowance for doubtful accounts for reinsurance recoverables on paid losses was \$2.1 million. At June 30, 2017, the amount of \$0.1 million. Reinsurance recoverables on paid losses over 90 days were secured by collateral in the amount of \$0.6 million at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively.

Debt. At June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the fair value of our junior subordinated debentures, senior unsecured fixed rate notes and other indebtedness was estimated using appropriate market indices or quoted prices from external sources based on current market conditions.

A summary of our financial instruments whose carrying value did not equal fair value is shown below:

	June 30, 2017					December 31, 2016		
(in millions)	Carrying Fair Amount Value			Carrying <u>Amount</u>		Fair Value		
Junior subordinated debentures								
Trust preferred debentures	\$	172.7	\$	167.5	\$	172.7	\$	162.4
Maybrooke subordinated debenture		83.7		85.2				
Senior unsecured fixed rate notes		139.5		139.3		139.5		139.3
Floating rate loan stock		56.9		55.1		54.8		51.5

9. Shareholders' Equity

On August 8, 2017 our Board of Directors declared a quarterly cash dividend in the amount of \$0.27 on each share of common stock outstanding. The cash dividend will be paid on September 15, 2017 to shareholders of record at the close of business on September 1, 2017.

On June 1, 2017 our Board of Directors declared a quarterly cash dividend in the amount of \$0.27 on each share of common stock outstanding. On June 26, 2017, we paid \$8.3 million to our shareholders of record on June 12, 2017.

On May 3, 2016, our Board of Directors declared a 10% stock dividend, payable on June 15, 2016, to shareholders of record at the close of business on June 1, 2016. As a result of the stock dividend, 2,735,542 additional shares were issued. Cash was paid in lieu of fractional shares of our common shares. All references to share and per share amounts in this document and related disclosures have been adjusted to reflect the stock dividend for all periods presented.

On May 3, 2016 our Board of Directors declared a quarterly cash dividend in the amount of \$0.22 on each share of common stock outstanding. On June 17, 2016, we paid \$6.9 million to our shareholders of record on June 1, 2016.

On May 3, 2016, our Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$150.0 million of our common shares ("2016 Repurchase Authorization"). The 2016 Repurchase Authorization supersedes all the previous Repurchase Authorizations. As of June 30, 2017, availability under the 2016 Repurchase Authorization for future repurchases of our common shares was \$127.5 million.

For the six months ended June 30, 2017, we repurchased a total of 46,500 common shares for \$2.8 million. A summary of activity from January 1, 2017 through June 30, 2017 follows.

A summary of common shares repurchased for the six months ended June 30, 2016 is shown below:

	Date Trading Plan	2017 Purchase	Number of SharesAverage Priceof Sharesof Shares		8	Tot	al Cost	Repurchase Authorization		
Repurchase Type	Initiated	Period	Repurchased	Repurchased Rep		Repurchased Repurchased		(in millions)		Year
10b5-1 Trading Plan	6/14/2017	06/20/2017-06/28/2017	46,500	\$	59.54	\$	2.8	2016		

10. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

A summary of changes in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of taxes (where applicable) by component for the six months ended June 30, 2017, and 2016 is presented below:

(in millions)	Cu Tra	oreign irrency nslation ustments	Unrealized Holding Gains on Securities	Defined Benefit Pension Plans		Total
Balance at January 1, 2017	\$	(17.6)	\$ 72.4	\$ (7.1) \$	47.7
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications		(0.6)	45.7			45.1
 Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) Net current-period other comprehensive income (loss) Balance at June 30, 2017 	\$	(0.6) (18.2)	(12.7) 33.0 \$ 105.4	<u> </u>) \$	(12.7) 32.4 80.1
(in millions)	-	Foreign Currency Franslation Adjustments	Unrealized Holding Gains on Securities	Defined Benefit Pension Plans		Total
Balance at January 1, 2016	\$	(21.6)	\$ 40.0	\$ (6.	9) \$	11.5
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications		3.8	58.0) _	_	61.8
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other						
comprehensive income (loss)			(4.2	/		(4.2)
Net current-period other comprehensive income (loss)		3.8	53.8			57.6
Balance at June 30, 2016	\$	(17.8)	<u>\$</u> 93.8	\$ (6.	<u>9) §</u>	69.1

The following table illustrates the amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) shown in the above tables that have been included in our Consolidated Statements of Income:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,				For the Six Months Ended June 30,			
(in millions)		2017		2016		2017		2016
Unrealized gains on securities:								
Net realized investment gains	\$	(2.7)	\$	(0.3)	\$	(18.9)	\$	(8.1)
Provision for income taxes (benefit)		1.0		(0.2)		6.2		3.9
Net of taxes	\$	(1.7)	\$	(0.5)	\$	(12.7)	\$	(4.2)

11. Net Income Per Common Share

The following table presents the calculation of net income per common share on a basic and diluted basis:

	 For the Three Mon	ths En	ded June 30,	 For the Six Mont	ed June 30,	
(in millions, except number of shares and per share amounts)	 2017		2016	 2017		2016
Net income	\$ 46.0	\$	30.9	\$ 82.7	\$	58.6
Weighted average common shares outstanding - basic	30,201,457		30,187,592	30,124,696		30,333,417
Effect of dilutive securities:						
Equity compensation awards	846,624		622,564	870,476		637,772
Weighted average common shares outstanding - diluted	 31,048,081		30,810,156	30,995,172		30,971,189
Net income per common share:						
Basic	\$ 1.52	\$	1.03	\$ 2.75	\$	1.93
Diluted	\$ 1.48	\$	1.00	\$ 2.67	\$	1.89

Excluded from the weighted average common shares outstanding calculation at June 30, 2017 and 2016 are 10,075,255 shares and 9,900,239 shares, respectively, which are held as treasury shares. The shares are excluded as of their repurchase date.

12. Supplemental Cash Flow Information

Income taxes paid. We paid income taxes of \$9.9 million and \$1.3 million during the six months ended June 30, 2017, and 2016, respectively.

Income taxes recovered. We recovered income taxes of \$2.2 million and \$0.3 million during the six months ended June 30, 2017, and 2016, respectively.

Interest paid was as follows:

	For the Six Months Ended June 30,						
(in millions)	2	017	2	016			
Senior unsecured fixed rate notes	\$	4.7	\$	4.7			
Junior subordinated debentures		6.0		3.8			
Other indebtedness		1.6		1.2			
Revolving credit facility		0.3					
Total interest paid	\$	12.6	\$	9.7			

13. Share-based Compensation

The fair value method of accounting is used for share-based compensation plans. Under the fair value method, compensation cost is measured based on the fair value of the award at the measurement date and recognized over the requisite service period. We use the Black-Scholes model to estimate the fair values on the measurement date for share options and share appreciation rights ("SARs"). The Black-Scholes model uses several assumptions to value a share award. The risk-free rate of return assumption is based on the five-year U.S. Treasury constant maturity rate on the measurement date. The expected dividend yield is based on our history and expected dividend payouts. The expected award life is based upon the average holding period over the history of the incentive plan. The expected volatility assumption is based on the historical change in our stock price over the previous five years preceding the measurement date.

The following table summarizes the assumptions we used for the six months ended June 30, 2017, and 2016 :

	For the Six Months Ende	ed June 30,
	2017	2016
Risk-free rate of return	1.83%	1.00%
Expected dividend yields	1.68%	1.70%
Expected award life (years)	4.48	4.54
Expected volatility	18.64%	19.70%

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Argo Group's Long-Term Incentive Plans

In November 2007, our shareholders approved the 2007 Long-Term Incentive Plan (the "2007 Plan"), which provides for an aggregate of 4.5 million shares of our common stock that may be issued to executives, non-employee directors, and other key employees. As of May 2014, 1.46 million shares remained available for grant under the 2007 Plan. In May 2014, our shareholders approved the 2014 Long-Term Incentive Plan (the "2014 Plan"), which provides for an additional 2.8 million shares of our common stock to be available for issuance to executives, non-employee directors and other key employees. The share awards may be in the form of share options, SARs, restricted shares, restricted share awards, restricted share unit awards, performance awards, other share-based awards and other cash-based awards. Shares issued under this plan may be shares that are authorized and unissued or shares that we reacquired, including shares purchased on the open market. Share options and SARs will count as one share for the purposes of the limits under the incentive plans; restricted shares, restricted share units, performance units, performance shares or other share-based incentive awards which settle in common shares will count as 2.75 shares for purpose of the limits under the 2014 Plan.

Share options may be in the form of incentive share options, non-qualified share options and restorative options. Share options are required to have an exercise price that is not less than the market value on the date of grant. We are prohibited from repricing the options. The term of the share options cannot exceed seven years from the grant date.

Restricted Shares

A summary of restricted share activity as of June 30, 2017 and changes during the six months then ended is as follows:

	Shares	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value
Outstanding at January 1, 2017	702,030	\$ 42.69
Granted	204,467	\$ 62.68
Vested and issued	(146,878)	\$ 41.47
Expired or forfeited	(22,969)	\$ 49.62
Outstanding at June 30, 2017	736,650	\$ 48.26

The restricted shares vest over one to eight years. Expense recognized under this plan for the restricted shares was \$2.4 million and \$5.2 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively, as compared to \$1.8 million and \$3.5 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, respectively. Compensation expense for all share-based compensation awards is included in "Underwriting, acquisition and insurance expenses" in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Income. As of June 30, 2017, there was \$25.9 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to restricted share compensation arrangements granted by Argo Group.

Stock-Settled SARs

In January 2016, we modified certain unvested cash-settled SARs, converting the awards into stock-settled SARs. We evaluated this modification under the terms of ASU 718 "Share Based Payments," and determined that no additional expense resulted from the conversion. The expense for the stock-settled SARs will be amortized over the remaining vesting period.

A summary of stock-settled SARs activity as of June 30, 2017 and changes during the six months then ended is as follows:

	Shares	Weighted-Average Exercise Price
Outstanding at January 1, 2017	1,982,695	\$ 34.80
Exercised	(315,835)	\$ 32.61
Expired or forfeited	(58,721)	\$ 40.44
Outstanding at June 30, 2017	1,608,139	\$ 35.02

The stock-settled SARs vest over a one to four year period. Upon exercise of the stock-settled SARs, the employee is entitled to receive shares of our common stock equal to the appreciation of the stock as compared to the exercise price. Expense recognized for the stock-settled SARs was \$2.0 million and \$2.7 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively, as compared to \$1.2 million and \$2.6 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, respectively. As of June 30, 2017, there was \$6.0 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to stock-settled SARs outstanding.



Cash-Settled SARs

A summary of cash-settled SARs activity as of June 30, 2017 and changes during the six months then ended is as follows:

	Shares	Weighted-Average Exercise Price
Outstanding at January 1, 2017	500,486	\$ 32.08
Exercised	(185,359)	\$ 32.90
Expired or forfeited	(14,503)	\$ 23.69
Outstanding at June 30, 2017	300,624	\$ 31.98

As of June 30, 2017, all the cash-settled SARs are fully vested. Upon exercise of the cash-settled SARs, the employee is entitled to receive cash payment for the appreciation in the value of our common stock over the exercise price. We account for the cash-settled SARs as liability awards, which require the awards to be revalued at each reporting period. Due to a decrease in the fair market value of our stock, we recouped \$2.3 million and \$0.9 million of expense for three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, we recouped \$0.2 million and \$0.5 million of expense, respectively, primarily related to the conversion of certain cash-settled SARs. As of June 30, 2017, there was no unrecognized compensation cost related to cash-settled SARs outstanding.

14. Underwriting, Acquisition and Insurance Expenses

Underwriting, acquisition and insurance expenses were as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,					For the Six Months Ended June 30,			
(in millions)		2017		2016		2017		2016	
Commissions	\$	69.2	\$	62.1	\$	130.4	\$	119.2	
General expenses		88.0		71.1		176.7		141.7	
Premium taxes, boards and bureaus		6.7		6.3		14.1		12.9	
		163.9		139.5		321.2		273.8	
Net deferral of policy acquisition costs		(9.2)		(6.5)		(12.9))	(8.2)	
Total underwriting, acquisition and insurance expenses	\$	154.7	\$	133.0	\$	308.3	\$	265.6	

The \$16.9 million and the \$35.0 million increases in general expenses for the three months and six ended June 30, 2017, respectively, as compared to the same periods in 2016 was driven by expenses attributable to the operations of Maybrooke coupled with increased information technology, marketing, occupancy and depreciation costs.

15. Income Taxes

We are incorporated under the laws of Bermuda and, under current Bermuda law, are not obligated to pay any taxes in Bermuda based upon income or capital gains. We have received an undertaking from the Supervisor of Insurance in Bermuda pursuant to the provisions of the Exempted Undertakings Tax Protection Act, 2011, which exempts us from any Bermuda taxes computed on profits, income or any capital asset, gain or appreciation or any tax in the nature of estate duty or inheritance tax, at least until the year 2035.

We do not consider ourselves to be engaged in a trade or business in the United States or the United Kingdom and, accordingly, do not expect to be subject to direct United States or United Kingdom income taxation.

We have subsidiaries based in the United Kingdom that are subject to the tax laws of that country. Under current law, these subsidiaries are taxed at the applicable corporate tax rates. Eight of the United Kingdom subsidiaries are deemed to be engaged in business in the United States, and therefore, are subject to United States corporate tax in respect of a proportion of their United States underwriting business only. Relief is available against the United Kingdom tax liabilities in respect of overseas taxes paid that arise from the underwriting business. Our United Kingdom subsidiaries file separate United Kingdom income tax returns.

We have subsidiaries based in the United States that are subject to United States tax laws. Under current law, these subsidiaries are taxed at the applicable corporate tax rates. Our United States subsidiaries file a consolidated United States federal income tax return.



We also have operations in Belgium, Switzerland, Brazil, France, Malta, Spain, Ireland, and Luxembourg, which also are subject to income taxes imposed by the jurisdiction in which they operate. We have operations in the United Arab Emirates, which are not subject to income tax under the laws of that country.

Our income tax provision includes the following components:

]	For the Three Months Ended June 30,				For the Six Months Ended June 30,				
(in millions)		2017		2016	2	2017		2016		
Current tax provision	\$	15.5	\$	6.5	\$	15.5	\$	8.0		
Deferred tax provision related to:										
Future tax deductions		(9.7)		2.0		(3.6)		4.9		
Valuation allowance change		(1.0)		0.2		(1.1)		1.2		
Income tax provision	\$	4.8	\$	8.7	\$	10.8	\$	14.1		

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, pre-tax income (loss) attributable to our operations and the operations' effective tax rates were as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,								
(in millions)	2017		2016						
	Pre-Tax Income (Loss)	Effective Tax Rate	Pre-Tax Income (Loss)	Effective Tax Rate					
Bermuda	\$ 25.3	0.0%	\$ 22.1	0.0%					
United States	34.7	23.3%	26.5	30.9%					
United Kingdom	(6.5)	52.8%	(9.8)	-5.7%					
Belgium	0.1	36.6%	(1)	16.3%					
Brazil	0.6	0.0%	0.8	0.0%					
United Arab Emirates	(2.2)	0.0%	(1)	0.0%					
Ireland	(1)	0.0%	(0.1)	0.0%					
Malta	0.5	0.0%	0.1	0.0%					
Luxembourg	(1.7)	0.0%		0.0%					
Switzerland	(1)	22.1%	(1)	22.8%					
Total	\$ 50.8	9.4%	\$ 39.6	22.1%					

	For the Six Months Ended June 30,							
(in millions)		2017		2016				
		e-Tax ne (Loss)	Effective Tax Rate	Pre-Tax Income (Loss)	Effective Tax Rate			
Bermuda	\$	51.7	0.0%	\$ 44.1	0.0%			
United States		58.7	24.8%	49.8	27.5%			
United Kingdom		(12.0)	32.3%	(22.1)	-1.7%			
Belgium		0.1	36.2%	(1)	32.0%			
Brazil		(0.2)	0.0%	0.7	0.0%			
United Arab Emirates		(3.5)	0.0%	(1)	0.0%			
Ireland		(1)	0.0%	(0.1)	0.0%			
Malta		1.1	0.0%	0.3	0.0%			
Luxembourg		(2.4)	0.0%	—	0.0%			
Switzerland		(1)	20.8%	(1)	21.1%			
Total	\$	93.5	11.5%	\$ 72.7	19.4%			

⁽¹⁾ Pre-tax income for the respective year was less than \$0.1 million.

Our expected income tax provision computed on pre-tax income (loss) at the weighted average tax rate has been calculated as the sum of the pre-tax income (loss) in each jurisdiction multiplied by that jurisdiction's applicable statutory tax rate. A reconciliation of the difference between the provision for income taxes and the expected tax provision at the weighted average tax rate is as follows:

	For	the Three Mon	For the Six Months Ended June 30,						
(in millions)		2017	2016		2017		2016		
Income tax provision at expected rate	\$	10.8	\$ 7.6	\$	18.0	\$	13.4		
Tax effect of:									
Tax-exempt interest		(0.7)	(0.9)		(1.5)		(1.8)		
Dividends received deduction		(0.4)	(0.8)		(0.9)		(1.3)		
Valuation allowance change		(1.0)	0.2		(1.1)		1.2		
Other permanent adjustments, net		(1.1)			(1.0)		0.2		
Adjustment for prior period					(0.7)				
Adjustment for annualized rate		(1.8)	0.9		(2.5)		(0.6)		
Other foreign adjustments		(0.4)	(0.6)		0.4		(0.6)		
Deferred tax rate reduction							(0.3)		
State income tax		0.1			0.1				
Foreign exchange adjustments		(0.9)	2.1		(0.3)		3.6		
Foreign withholding taxes		0.2	0.2		0.3		0.3		
Income tax provision	\$	4.8	\$ 8.7	\$	10.8	\$	14.1		
Income tax provision - Foreign	\$	(3.3)	\$ 0.6	\$	(3.8)	\$	0.4		
Income tax provision - United States, Federal		7.8	7.9	\$	14.2		13.5		
Income tax provision - United States, State		0.1			0.1		_		
Foreign withholding tax - United States		0.2	 0.2		0.3		0.2		
Income tax provision	\$	4.8	\$ 8.7	\$	10.8	\$	14.1		

Our net deferred tax assets (liabilities) are supported by taxes paid in previous periods, reversal of taxable temporary differences and recognition of future income. Management regularly evaluates the recoverability of the deferred tax assets and makes any necessary adjustments to them based upon any changes in management's expectations of future taxable income. Realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon our generation of sufficient taxable income in the future to recover tax benefits that cannot be recovered from taxes paid in the carryback period, generally two years for net operating losses and three years for capital losses for our United States operations. At June 30, 2017, we had a total net deferred tax liability of \$13.0 million prior to any valuation allowance.

Management has determined that a valuation allowance is required for a portion of the tax-effected net operating loss carryforward included as part of the United States consolidated group of \$15.4 million generated from PXRE Corporation and for the tax-effected net operating loss carryforward of \$1.0 million from ARIS. The valuation allowances have been established as Internal Revenue Code Section 382 limits the application of net operating loss and net capital loss carryforwards following an ownership change. The loss carryforwards available per year are \$2.8 million as required by Internal Revenue Code Section 382.

Furthermore, due to cumulative losses since inception, management has concluded that a valuation allowance is required for the full amount of the tax-effected net operating losses generated by our Brazil and Malta entities.

Accordingly, a valuation allowance of \$25.2 million is required as of June 30, 2017 of which \$13.5 million relates to the PXRE Corporation and ARIS loss carryforwards, \$8.0 million relates to Brazil operations, \$2.7 million relates to Maybrooke, and \$1.0 million relates to Malta operations. For the six months ended June 30, 2017, the valuation allowance was reduced by \$0.5 million pertaining to the PXRE Corporation and ARIS loss carryforwards, \$0.3 million pertaining to our Brazil operations. Additionally, a \$2.7 million valuation allowance was acquired with Maybrooke.

Of the PXRE Corporation net operating loss carryforwards, \$13.9 million will expire if not used by December 31, 2025 and \$1.5 million will expire if not used by December 31, 2027. Of the ARIS loss carryforward, \$0.2 million will expire if not used by December 31, 2027, \$0.4 million will expire if not used by December 31, 2028 and \$0.4 million will expire if not used by December 31, 2029.

For any uncertain tax positions not meeting the "more-likely-than-not" recognition threshold, accounting standards require recognition, measurement and disclosure in a company's financial statements. We had no material unrecognized tax benefits as of June 30, 2017 and 2016. Our United States subsidiaries are no longer subject to U.S. federal and state income tax examinations by tax

authorities for years before 2013. Our United Kingdom subsidiaries are no longer subject to United Kingdom income tax examinations by Her Majesty's Revenue and Customs for years before 2014.

16. Commitments and Contingencies

Argo Group's subsidiaries are parties to legal actions incidental to their business. Based on the opinion of counsel, management believes that the resolution of these matters will not materially affect our financial condition or results of operations.

We have contractual commitments to invest up to \$119.7 million related to our limited partnership investments at June 30, 2017. These commitments will be funded as required by the partnership agreements which can be called to be fulfilled at any time, not to exceed thirteen years.

17. Segment Information

We are primarily engaged in underwriting property and casualty insurance and reinsurance. We have two ongoing reporting segments: U.S. Operations and International Operations. Additionally, we have a Run-off Lines segment for certain products that we no longer underwrite. See Note 1, "Basis of Presentation," for information on the changes to our reporting segments that were effective beginning in the first quarter of 2017.

We consider many factors, including the nature of each segment's insurance and reinsurance products, production sources, distribution strategies and the regulatory environment, in determining how to aggregate reporting segments.

In evaluating the operating performance of our segments, we focus on core underwriting and investing results before the consideration of realized gains or losses from the sales of investments. Realized investment gains are reported as a component of the Corporate and Other segment, as decisions regarding the acquisition and disposal of securities reside with the investment function and are not under the control of the individual business segments. Identifiable assets by segment are those assets used in the operation of each segment.

Revenue and income (loss) before income taxes for each segment were as follows:

For the Three Months Ended June 30,					
16	2	2017	2016		
206.8	\$	450.3	\$	413.4	
137.9		328.1		276.2	
0.2		0.1		0.2	
344.9		778.5		689.8	
21.7		47.2		35.5	
9.1		16.7		15.2	
3.4		5.0		5.6	
1.5		5.2		0.6	
35.7		74.1		56.9	
5.8		7.4		12.6	
(2.1)		19.1		(4.9)	
384.3	\$	879.1	\$	754.4	
une 30,	For	the Six Montl	ıs Ended	June 30,	
16	2	2017	2016		
45.4	\$	90.2	\$	80.3	
15.3		17.4		33.0	
(3.2)		(3.7)		(4.6)	
57.5		103.9		108.7	
(15.8)		(29.5)		(31.1)	
(2.1)		19.1		(4.9)	
39.6	\$	93.5	\$	72.7	

The table below presents earned premiums by geographic location for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016. For this disclosure, we determine geographic location by the country of domicile of our subsidiaries that underwrite the business and not by the location of insureds or reinsureds from whom the business was generated.

	For	the Three Mon	ths End	For the Six Months Ended June 30,						
(in millions)		2017		2016		2017	2016			
Bermuda	\$	23.1	\$	29.0	\$	48.7	\$	57.1		
Brazil		12.3		10.0		25.1		19.2		
Malta		1.3		0.5		2.3		1.0		
United Kingdom		133.3		98.1		252.1		198.7		
United States		229.1		207.3		450.3		413.8		
Total earned premiums	\$	399.1	\$	344.9	\$	778.5	\$	689.8		

The following table represents identifiable assets:

(in millions)	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Decen	nber 31, 2016
U.S. Operations	\$	4,127.7	\$	3,961.2
International Operations		3,223.6		2,356.9
Run-off Lines		414.6		537.0
Corporate and Other		474.8		349.9
Total	\$	8,240.7	\$	7,205.0

Included in total assets at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are \$690.6 million and \$630.4 million, respectively, in assets associated with trade capital providers.

18. Senior Unsecured Fixed Rate Notes

In September 2012, Argo Group (the "Parent Guarantor"), through its subsidiary Argo Group US (the "Subsidiary Issuer"), issued \$143,750,000 aggregate principal amount of the Subsidiary Issuer's 6.5% Senior Notes due September 15, 2042 (the "Notes"). The Notes are unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Subsidiary Issuer and rank equally in right of payment with all of the Subsidiary Issuer's other unsecured and unsubordinated debt. The Notes are guaranteed on a full and unconditional senior unsecured basis by the Parent Guarantor. The Notes may be redeemed, for cash, in whole or in part, on or after September 15, 2017, at the Subsidiary Issuer's option, at any time and from time to time, prior to maturity at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Notes to be redeemed, plus accrued but unpaid interest on the principal amount being redeemed to, but not including, the redemption date.

In accordance with ASU 2015-03, "Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs" (Topic 835), we present the unamortized debt issuance costs in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying value of the debt liability. At June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Notes consisted of the following:

(in millions)	Jun	December 31, 2016			
Senior unsecured fixed rate notes					
Principal	\$	143.8	\$	143.8	
Less: unamortized debt issuance costs		(4.3)		(4.3)	
Senior unsecured fixed rate notes, less unamortized debt					
issuance costs	\$	139.5	\$	139.5	

In accordance with Article 10 of SEC Regulation S-X, we have elected to present condensed consolidating financial information in lieu of separate financial statements for the Subsidiary Issuer. The following tables present condensed consolidating financial information at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, of the Parent Guarantor and the Subsidiary Issuer. The Subsidiary Issuer is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Parent Guarantor. Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for by the Parent Guarantor under the equity method for purposes of the supplemental consolidating presentation. Earnings of subsidiaries are reflected in the Parent Guarantor's investment accounts and earnings.

The Parent Guarantor fully and unconditionally guarantees certain of the debt of the Subsidiary Issuer. Condensed consolidating financial information of the Subsidiary Issuer is presented on a consolidated basis and consists principally of the net assets, results of operations and cash flows of operating insurance company subsidiaries.



CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2017 (in millions) (Unaudited)

Assada	Int Ho	Argo Group International Holdings, Ltd (Parent Guarantor)		Argo Group US, Inc. and Subsidiaries (Subsidiary Issuer)		Other Subsidiaries and Eliminations ⁽¹⁾		onsolidating justments ⁽²⁾		Total
Assets	¢	1.0	¢	2 002 0	¢	1 700 1	¢		¢	4 (0 4 1
Investments	\$	1.2	\$	2,893.8	\$	1,729.1	\$		\$	4,624.1
Cash				46.2		168.3				214.5
Accrued investment income				17.2		5.8				23.0
Premiums receivable				214.0		458.6				672.6
Reinsurance recoverables				1,386.5		133.1				1,519.6
Goodwill and other intangible assets, net		43.5		126.1		91.5				261.1
Deferred acquisition costs, net				74.2		88.6				162.8
Ceded unearned premiums				182.0		254.6				436.6
Other assets		8.8		171.4		146.2				326.4
Intercompany note receivable				49.6		70.4		(120.0)		
Investments in subsidiaries		2,156.4						(2,156.4)		
Total assets	\$	2,209.9	\$	5,161.0	\$	3,146.2	\$	(2,276.4)	\$	8,240.7
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity										
Reserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses	\$		\$	2,354.7	\$	1,278.1	\$		\$	3,632.8
Unearned premiums				618.4		557.8				1,176.2
Funds held and ceded reinsurance payable, net				736.3		8.6				744.9
Long-term debt		153.4		284.4		140.6				578.4
Current income taxes payable, net				11.5		1.9				13.4
Deferred tax liabilities, net				29.8		8.4				38.2
Accrued underwriting expenses and other liabilities		11.0		80.5		74.0				165.5
Due to affiliates		34.2		5.1		(5.1)		(34.2)		
Intercompany note payable		120.0						(120.0)		
Total liabilities		318.6		4,120.7		2,064.3		(154.2)		6,349.4
Total shareholders' equity		1,891.3		1,040.3		1,081.9		(2,122.2)		1,891.3
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$	2,209.9	\$	5,161.0	\$	3,146.2	\$	(2,276.4)	\$	8,240.7
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Includes all other subsidiaries of Argo Group International Holdings, Ltd. and all intercompany eliminations. Includes all Argo Group parent company eliminations. (1)

(2)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET December 31, 2016 (in millions)

AssetsInvestments\$2.2\$2,834.2\$1,487.9\$ $-$ \$4,324.3Cash-53.732.3-86.0Accrued investment income-16.04.7-20.7Premiums receivable-204.9258.9-463.8Reinsurance recoverables-1348.437.2-1,385.6Goodwill and other intangible assets, net-127.192.8-219.9Deferred acquisition costs, net-63.575.6-139.1Ceded unearned premiums-168.9133.9-302.8Other assets8.7168.086.1Inversoments in subsidiaries-50.2(50.2)Total assets\$1,834.4Reserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses\$-\$\$3,350.8Unearned premiums-550.2\$1,028.4\$-\$\$3,350.8Unearned premiums-\$\$2,322.4\$1,028.4\$-\$\$3,350.8Unearned premiums\$\$2,322.4\$1,028.4\$-\$\$\$3,350.8Unearned premiums\$\$2,322.4\$1,028.4\$-\$\$\$3,350.8Unearned premiums		Int Ho	Argo Group International Holdings, Ltd <u>(Parent Guarantor)</u>		argo Group US, Inc. and Subsidiaries (Subsidiary Issuer)	Other Subsidiaries and Eliminations ⁽¹⁾			Consolidating Adjustments ⁽²⁾		Total
Cash-53.7 32.3 - 86.0 Accrued investment income-16.0 4.7 - 20.7 Premiums receivable- 204.9 258.9 - 463.8 Goodwill and other intangible assets, net- $1,348.4$ 37.2 - $1,385.6$ Goodwill and other intangible assets, net- 127.1 92.8 - 219.9 Deferred acquisition costs, net-63.5 75.6 - 139.1 Ceded unearned premiums-168.9 133.9 - 302.8 Other assets 8.7 168.0 86.1 - 262.8 Intercompany note receivable- 50.2 (50.2) Investments in subsidiaries $\frac{1,834.4}{5}$ $\frac{11,834.4}{5}$ -Meserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses\$-\$ \$ $5.034.9$ \$ \$ $2,159.2$ \$ $(1,834.4)$ -Reserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses\$-\$ \$ $5.034.9$ \$ $-$ \$ \$ $3,350.8$ Unearned premiums- 580.0 390.0 -\$ 970.0 Funds held and ceded reinsurance payable, net- 750.2 (206.5) -\$ \$ 543.7 Long-term debt- 8.5 (0.4) - 8.1 Deferred tax liabilities, net- 17.6 6.5 - 24.1 Accrued underwriting expenses and other liabilities 13.7 92.0 42.3 - 148.0 Due to affiliates $10.$		¢	2.2	¢	2 2 2 4 2	¢	1 497 0	¢		¢	1 2 2 4 2
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Unearned premiums $-$ 580.0390.0 $-$ 970.0Funds held and ceded reinsurance payable, net $-$ 750.2(206.5) $-$ 543.7Long-term debt28.4284.454.8 $-$ 367.6Current income taxes payable, net $-$ 8.5(0.4) $-$ 8.1Deferred tax liabilities, net $-$ 17.66.5 $-$ 24.1Accrued underwriting expenses and other liabilities13.792.042.3 $-$ 148.0Due to affiliates10.51.8(10.5) $ -$ Total liabilities52.64,056.91,313.3(10.5)5,412.3Total shareholders' equity1,792.7978.0845.9(1,823.9)1,792.7											
Funds held and ceded reinsurance payable, net $ 750.2$ (206.5) $ 543.7$ Long-term debt 28.4 284.4 54.8 $ 367.6$ Current income taxes payable, net $ 8.5$ (0.4) $ 8.1$ Deferred tax liabilities, net $ 17.6$ 6.5 $ 24.1$ Accrued underwriting expenses and other liabilities 13.7 92.0 42.3 $ 148.0$ Due to affiliates 10.5 1.8 (1.8) (10.5) $-$ Total liabilities 52.6 $4,056.9$ $1,313.3$ (10.5) $5,412.3$ Total shareholders' equity $1,792.7$ 978.0 845.9 $(1,823.9)$ $1,792.7$		\$		\$,	\$	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$		\$,
Long-term debt 28.4 284.4 54.8 367.6 Current income taxes payable, net 8.5 (0.4) 8.1 Deferred tax liabilities, net 17.6 6.5 24.1 Accrued underwriting expenses and other liabilities 13.7 92.0 42.3 148.0 Due to affiliates10.5 1.8 (1.8) (10.5) Total liabilitiesTotal shareholders' equity $1,792.7$ 978.0 845.9 $(1,823.9)$ $1,792.7$,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Current income taxes payable, net $ 8.5$ (0.4) $ 8.1$ Deferred tax liabilities, net $ 17.6$ 6.5 $ 24.1$ Accrued underwriting expenses and other liabilities 13.7 92.0 42.3 $ 148.0$ Due to affiliates 10.5 1.8 (1.8) (10.5) $-$ Total liabilitiesTotal shareholders' equity $1,792.7$ 978.0 845.9 $(1,823.9)$ $1,792.7$							· · · · ·				
Deferred tax liabilities, net $ 17.6$ 6.5 $ 24.1$ Accrued underwriting expenses and other liabilities 13.7 92.0 42.3 $ 148.0$ Due to affiliates 10.5 1.8 (1.8) (10.5) $-$ Total liabilitiesTotal shareholders' equity $1,792.7$ 978.0 845.9 $(1,823.9)$ $1,792.7$ 978.0 845.9 $(1,823.9)$ $1,792.7$	6		28.4								
Accrued underwriting expenses and other liabilities 13.7 92.0 42.3 — 148.0 Due to affiliates 10.5 1.8 (1.8) (10.5) — Total liabilities 52.6 4,056.9 1,313.3 (10.5) 5,412.3 Total shareholders' equity 1,792.7 978.0 845.9 (1,823.9) 1,792.7							()				
Due to affiliates 10.5 1.8 (1.8) (10.5) Total liabilities 52.6 4,056.9 1,313.3 (10.5) 5,412.3 Total shareholders' equity 1,792.7 978.0 845.9 (1,823.9) 1,792.7	,								—		
Total liabilities52.64,056.91,313.3(10.5)5,412.3Total shareholders' equity1,792.7978.0845.9(1,823.9)1,792.7	Accrued underwriting expenses and other liabilities						42.3		—		148.0
Total shareholders' equity 1,792.7 978.0 845.9 (1,823.9) 1,792.7	Due to affiliates		10.5						<u> </u>		
	Total liabilities		52.6	_	4,056.9		1,313.3		(10.5)		5,412.3
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity \$ 1,845.3 \$ 5,034.9 \$ 2,159.2 \$ (1,834.4) \$ 7,205.0	Total shareholders' equity		1,792.7		978.0		845.9		(1,823.9)		1,792.7
	Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$	1,845.3	\$	5,034.9	\$	2,159.2	\$	(1,834.4)	\$	7,205.0

(1) (2) Includes all other subsidiaries of Argo Group International Holdings, Ltd. and all intercompany eliminations. Includes all Argo Group parent company eliminations.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF INCOME FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (in millions) (Unaudited)

	Intern Holdin	Argo Group International Holdings, Ltd <u>(Parent Guarantor)</u>		Argo Group US, Inc. and Subsidiaries (Subsidiary Issuer)		ubsidiaries ninations ⁽¹⁾	Consoli Adjustm		Total
Premiums and other revenue:									
Earned premiums	\$		\$	135.5	\$	263.6	\$		\$ 399.1
Net investment (expense) income		(0.4)		29.3		14.7			43.6
Fee and other income				2.9		0.9			3.8
Net realized investment and other gains (losses)				5.2		(0.7)			4.5
Total revenue		(0.4)		172.9		278.5			 451.0
Expenses:									
Losses and loss adjustment expenses				72.5		158.1			230.6
Underwriting, acquisition and insurance									
expenses		3.8		58.5		92.4			154.7
Interest expense		1.1		4.2		1.7			7.0
Fee and other expense				3.2		0.1			3.3
Foreign currency exchange (gains) loss				(0.1)		4.7			4.6
Total expenses		4.9		138.3		257.0			 400.2
(Loss) Income before income taxes		(5.3)		34.6		21.5			 50.8
Provision for income taxes				8.1		(3.3)			4.8
Net (loss) income before equity in earnings of						/			
subsidiaries		(5.3)		26.5		24.8			46.0
Equity in undistributed earnings of									
subsidiaries		51.3						(51.3)	
Net income	\$	46.0	\$	26.5	\$	24.8	\$	(51.3)	\$ 46.0
		35							

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF INCOME

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(in millions) (Unaudited)

Argo Group International Argo Group US, Inc. Consolidating Adjustments ⁽²⁾ Holdings, Ltd and Subsidiaries **Other Subsidiaries** (Parent Guarantor) (Subsidiary Issuer) and Eliminations (1) Total Premiums and other revenue: \$ \$ \$ \$ 344.9 Earned premiums \$ 120.2 224.7 Net investment (expense) income (0.5) 27.5 8.7 35.7 Fee and other income 4.2 1.6 5.8 0.2 Net realized investment and other gains (losses) 1.9 (4.2)(2.1)_ Total revenue (0.3) 153.8 230.8 384.3 Expenses: 69.1 Losses and loss adjustment expenses 127.5 196.6 Underwriting, acquisition and insurance 49.0 133.0 1.1 82.9 expenses Interest expense 3.9 4.9 0.4 0.6 Fee and other expense 5.0 0.7 5.7 Foreign currency exchange (gains) loss ____ (0.1)4.6 ____ 4.5 Total expenses 1.5 126.9 216.3 ____ 344.7 26.9 (Loss) Income before income taxes (1.8)14.5 39.6 Provision for income taxes 8.3 0.4 8.7 _ Net (loss) income before equity in earnings of (1.8)18.6 14.1 30.9 subsidiaries Equity in undistributed earnings of subsidiaries 32.7 (32.7)18.6 30.9 Net income \$ 30.9 14.1 (32.7)\$ \$ \$ \$ 36

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF INCOME FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (in millions)

(Unaudited)

	Inter Hold	o Group rnational ings, Ltd Guarantor)	and S	roup US, Inc. ubsidiaries liary Issuer)	Subsidiaries minations ⁽¹⁾	lidating ments ⁽²⁾	 Total
Premiums and other revenue:							_
Earned premiums	\$		\$	266.4	\$ 512.1	\$ 	\$ 778.5
Net investment (expense) income		(2.1)		48.2	28.0		74.1
Fee and other income		—		5.7	1.7		7.4
Net realized investment and other gains (losses)		0.5		19.0	(0.4)		19.1
Total revenue		(1.6)		339.3	 541.4	 	 879.1
Expenses:		<u> </u>			 		
Losses and loss adjustment expenses				148.6	304.5		453.1
Underwriting, acquisition and insurance							
expenses		12.2		116.7	179.4		308.3
Interest expense		1.4		8.5	3.0		12.9
Fee and other expense				6.6	0.8		7.4
Foreign currency exchange loss					3.9		3.9
Total expenses		13.6		280.4	491.6		 785.6
(Loss) Income before income taxes		(15.2)		58.9	 49.8	 	 93.5
Provision for income taxes				14.5	(3.7)		10.8
Net (loss) income before equity in earnings of							
subsidiaries		(15.2)		44.4	53.5		82.7
Equity in undistributed earnings of subsidiaries		97.9				(97.9)	
Net income	\$	82.7	\$	44.4	\$ 53.5	\$ (97.9)	\$ 82.7

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Includes all other subsidiaries of Argo Group International Holdings, Ltd. and all intercompany eliminations. Includes all Argo Group parent company eliminations. (1)

(2)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF INCOME FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(in millions) (Unaudited)

	Holdings, Ltd		Argo Group US, Inc. and Subsidiaries (Subsidiary Issuer)		Other Subsidiaries and Eliminations ⁽¹⁾		Consolidating Adjustments ⁽²⁾		 Total
Premiums and other revenue:									
Earned premiums	\$		\$	240.1	\$	449.7	\$	—	\$ 689.8
Net investment (expense) income		(1.1)		40.1		17.9		—	56.9
Fee and other income				9.4		3.2		—	12.6
Net realized investment and other gains (losses)		0.2		13.1		(18.2)			(4.9)
Total revenue		(0.9)		302.7		452.6			754.4
Expenses:									
Losses and loss adjustment expenses				137.4		250.8			388.2
Underwriting, acquisition and insurance									
expenses		6.3		96.6		162.7			265.6
Interest expense		0.7		7.8		1.2		_	9.7
Fee and other expense				11.2		1.0		_	12.2
Foreign currency exchange (gains) loss				(0.1)		6.1			 6.0
Total expenses		7.0		252.9		421.8		_	681.7
(Loss) Income before income taxes		(7.9)		49.8		30.8		_	72.7
Provision for income taxes				13.7		0.4			 14.1
Net (loss) income before equity in earnings of									
subsidiaries		(7.9)		36.1		30.4			58.6
Equity in undistributed earnings of									
subsidiaries		66.5						(66.5)	
Net income	\$	58.6	\$	36.1	\$	30.4	\$	(66.5)	\$ 58.6

Includes all other subsidiaries of Argo Group International Holdings, Ltd. and all intercompany eliminations. Includes all Argo Group parent company eliminations. (1)

(2)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (in millions) (Unaudited)

	Argo Group International Holdings, Ltd <u>(Parent Guarantor)</u>	Argo Group US, Inc. and Subsidiaries (Subsidiary Issuer)	Other Subsidiaries and Eliminations ⁽¹⁾	Consolidating Adjustments ⁽²⁾	Total
Net cash flows from (used in) operating activities	\$ 5.3	<u>\$ (8.0)</u>	\$ 40.0	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 37.3
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Proceeds from sales of investments		514.4	444.0		958.4
Maturities and mandatory calls of fixed					
maturity investments		240.6	94.5		335.1
Purchases of investments		(811.0)	(655.0)		(1,466.0)
Change in short-term investments and					
foreign regulatory deposits	0.4	72.0	228.0		300.4
Settlements of foreign currency exchange					
forward contracts	0.8		(0.3)		0.5
Acquisition of subsidiaries, net of cash	(235.3)		130.1		(105.2)
Issuance of intercompany note, net	—	_	(120.0)	120.0	
Purchases of fixed assets and other, net	(0.1)	(12.7)	(24.9)		(37.7)
Cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(234.2)	3.3	96.4	120.0	(14.5)
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Additional long-term borrowings	125.0	—	—		125.0
Borrowing under intercompany note, net	120.0	—	—	(120.0)	
Activity under stock incentive plans	0.5	_			0.5
Repurchase of Company's common shares		(2.8)	_		(2.8)
Payment of cash dividend to common					
shareholders	(16.6)				(16.6)
Cash provided by (used in) financing activities	228.9	(2.8)		(120.0)	106.1
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash			(0.4)		(0.4)
Change in cash		(7.5)	136.0		128.5
Cash, beginning of year	_	53.7	32.3		86.0
Cash, end of period	\$	\$ 46.2	\$ 168.3	\$	\$ 214.5

(1) Includes all other subsidiaries of Argo Group International Holdings, Ltd. and all intercompany eliminations. Includes all Argo Group parent company eliminations.

(2)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(in millions) (Unaudited)

	Argo Group International Holdings, Ltd (Parent Guarantor)	Argo Group US, Inc. and Subsidiaries (Subsidiary Issuer)	Other Subsidiaries and Eliminations ⁽¹⁾	Consolidating Adjustments ⁽²⁾	Total
Net cash flows from (used in) operating activities	\$ 14.7	\$ (9.2)	\$ 26.1	\$	\$ 31.6
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Proceeds from sales of investments	_	490.0	140.5	—	630.5
Maturities and mandatory calls of fixed					
maturity investments		296.9	376.4		673.3
Purchases of investments	_	(720.1)	(535.6)	—	(1,255.7)
Change in short-term investments and					
foreign regulatory deposits	(1.8)	(12.3)	3.1		(11.0)
Settlements of foreign currency exchange					
forward contracts		_	6.8	—	6.8
Purchases of fixed assets and other, net		(11.2)	(12.4)		(23.6)
Cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(1.8)	43.3	(21.2)		20.3
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Activity under stock incentive plans	0.2	_			0.2
Repurchase of Company's common shares	_	(40.0)	_	_	(40.0)
Payment of cash dividend to common					
shareholders	(13.1)				(13.1)
Cash used in financing activities	(12.9)	(40.0)			(52.9)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash			(0.1)		(0.1)
Change in cash		(5.9)	4.8		(1.1)
Cash, beginning of year	_	88.8	32.9	_	121.7
Cash, end of period	\$	\$ 82.9	\$ 37.7	\$	\$ 120.6

Includes all other subsidiaries of Argo Group International Holdings, Ltd. and all intercompany eliminations. Includes all Argo Group parent company eliminations. (1)

(2)

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following is a discussion and analysis of our results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 compared with the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, and also a discussion of our financial condition as of June 30, 2017. This discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the attached unaudited interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereto and Argo Group's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on February 24, 2017, including the audited Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereto.

Forward Looking Statements

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk and the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements (including the notes thereto) may contain "forward looking statements," which are made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. The forward looking statements are based on our current expectations and beliefs concerning future developments and their potential effects on us. There can be no assurance that actual developments will be those anticipated by us. Actual results may differ materially as a result of significant risks and uncertainties, including non-receipt of expected payments, capital markets and their effect on investment income and fair value of the investment portfolio, development of claims and the effect on loss reserves, accuracy in estimating loss reserves, changes in the demand for our products, effect of general economic conditions, adverse government legislation and regulations, government investigations into industry practices, developments relating to existing agreements, heightened competition, changes in pricing environments and changes in asset valuations. For a more detailed discussion of risks and uncertainties, see our public filings made with the SEC. We undertake no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statements.

Generally, it is our policy to communicate events that may have a material adverse impact on our operations or financial position, including property and casualty catastrophe events and material losses in the investment portfolio, in a timely manner through a public announcement. It is also our policy not to make public announcements regarding events that are believed to have no material adverse impact on our results of operations or financial position based on management's current estimates and available information, other than through regularly scheduled calls, press releases or filings.

Consolidated Results of Operations

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, we reported net income of \$46.0 million and \$82.7 million, or \$1.48 and \$2.67 per diluted share, respectively. Effective February 6, 2017, we completed the acquisition of Maybrooke Holdings, S.A., and its subsidiaries, including Ariel Reinsurance, Ltd. (collectively "Ariel Re"). Included in our consolidated results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 is activity specifically attributable to Ariel Re from the date of acquisition. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, we reported net income of \$30.9 million and \$58.6 million, or \$1.00 and \$1.89 per diluted share, respectively.

The following is a comparison of selected data from our operations:

	Fo	• the Three Mon	ths Ended	June 30,	For the Six Months Ended June 30,			
(in millions)		2017		2016		2017		2016
Gross written premiums	\$	687.2	\$	560.6	\$	1,285.8	\$	1,080.4
Earned premiums	\$	399.1	\$	344.9	\$	778.5	\$	689.8
Net investment income		43.6		35.7		74.1		56.9
Fee and other income		3.8		5.8		7.4		12.6
Net realized investment and other gains (losses)		4.5		(2.1)		19.1		(4.9)
Total revenue	\$	451.0	\$	384.3	\$	879.1	\$	754.4
Income before income taxes	\$	50.8	\$	39.6	\$	93.5	\$	72.7
Provision for income taxes		4.8		8.7		10.8		14.1
Net income	\$	46.0	\$	30.9	\$	82.7	\$	58.6
Loss ratio		57.8%	,)	57.0%)	58.2%		56.3%
Expense ratio		38.8%	,)	38.6%)	39.6%		38.5%
Combined ratio		96.6%	,)	95.6%	,	97.8%		94.8%

Consolidated gross written and earned premiums by our four primary insurance lines were as follows:

			Fo	r the Three Mon	ths Ended Ju	ne 30,		
		2017				2016		
(in millions)	Gros	s Written	Ne	t Earned	Gro	ss Written	Ν	let Earned
Property	\$	186.7	\$	85.3	\$	175.2	\$	80.5
Liability		258.5		167.7		225.9		162.4
Professional		82.0		52.3		73.9		43.9
Specialty		160.0		93.8		85.6		58.1
Total	\$	687.2	\$	399.1	\$	560.6	\$	344.9

		For the Six Months Ended June 30,										
		2017			2016							
(in millions)	Gros	s Written	Ne	t Earned		Gross Written		Net Earned				
Property	\$	335.4	\$	174.9	\$	315.9	\$	165.7				
Liability		508.5		332.1		456.1		324.5				
Professional		151.3		102.4		135.1		85.0				
Specialty		290.6		169.1		173.3		114.6				
Total	\$	1,285.8	\$	778.5	\$	1,080.4	\$	689.8				

The increase in consolidated gross written and earned premiums for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the same periods ended 2016 was attributable to growth across all product lines as we continue to focus on introducing new products and increasing renewals. Additionally, Ariel Re contributed \$89.0 million of gross written premiums and \$41.7 million of earned premiums for the three months ended June 30, 2017, and \$119.5 million of gross written premiums and \$64.9 million of earned premiums increased for the three months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the same periods in 2016 due to the current market conditions. Consolidated earned premiums increased for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the same periods in 2016 due to increased gross written premiums in the second half of 2016 and into the first half of 2017. Partially offsetting these increases was the reduction in our participation percentage for the Syndicate 1200 operations, from 53.5% for 2016 to 46.0% for 2017.

The increase in consolidated net investment income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the same periods ended 2016 was primarily attributable to increased investment income from our alternative investment portfolio, partially offset by increased investment related expenses. For the three months ended June 30, 2017, net investment income from our alternative investment portfolio increased \$8.2 million, from \$12.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 to \$20.6 million for the same period ended 2017. Included in net investment income was \$11.6 million of net investment gains relating to net asset sales initiated by an equity investee. Additionally, net investment income for our fixed maturity portfolio increased \$1.8 million. Partially offsetting these increases was a \$2.0 million increase in investment related expenses. The increase in consolidated net investment income for the six months ended June 30, 2016 was primarily attributable to a \$18.0 million increase in the return of our alternative investment portfolio and \$4.5 million of increased income on our fixed maturities portfolio.

Consolidated net realized investment and other gains for the three months ended June 30, 2017 consisted of \$14.8 million in realized gains from the sale of equity and fixed maturity securities. Partially offsetting these realized gains was \$9.2 million of realized foreign currency exchange losses generated by the foreign currency changes, including \$5.6 million realized loss on our foreign currency forward contracts and \$3.3 million on our fixed maturity portfolio. For the three months ended June 30, 2017, we recognized \$1.1 million in other-than-temporary impairment losses within our equity portfolio. Consolidated net realized investment and other losses for the three months ended June 30, 2016 consisted of \$4.6 million of realized foreign currency exchange losses on our bond portfolio, coupled with \$4.9 million of other-than-temporary impairment losses primarily within our equity portfolio. Partially offsetting these realized losses was \$7.4 million in realized gains from the sale of equity and fixed maturity securities. Consolidated net realized investment and other gains for the six months ended June 30, 2017 consisted of \$34.6 million in realized gains from the sale of equity and fixed maturity securities. Partially offsetting these realized gains was \$14.0 million of realized foreign currency exchange losses generated by the foreign currency changes, including \$7.8 million on our fixed maturity portfolio and \$5.6 million realized loss on our foreign currency forward contracts. Consolidated net realized foreign currency exchange losses for the six months ended June 30, 2016 consisted of a \$12.0 million foreign currency exchange losses on our foreign currency forward contracts. \$9.7 million of realized foreign currency exchange losses on our bond portfolio, coupled with \$6.6 million of other-than-temporary impairment losses primarily within our equity portfolio. Partially offsetting these realized losses on our bond portfolio, coupled with \$6.6 million of other-than-temporary impairment losses primarily wit



Consolidated losses and loss adjustment expenses were \$230.6 million and \$196.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The increase in the consolidated loss ratio for the three months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the same period ended 2016 was primarily attributable to reduced net favorable development on prior accident year reserves, partially offset by reduced catastrophe losses. Losses and loss adjustment expenses include \$21.7 million for Ariel Re for the three months ended June 30, 2017. Included in loss and loss adjustment expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2017 was \$1.1 million of net favorable loss reserve development on prior accident years compared to \$12.7 million of net favorable loss reserve development on prior accident years for the same period ended June 30, 2017 was \$4.5 million in catastrophe losses attributable to storm activity. Catastrophe losses for the three months ended June 30, 2016 totaled \$24.3 million resulting from the Alberta wildfires and storm activity in the United States.

Consolidated losses and loss adjustment expenses were \$453.1 million and \$388.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Losses and loss adjustment expenses include \$32.5 million for Ariel Re from the date of acquisition through June 30, 2017. Included in losses and loss adjustment expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 was \$6.3 million and \$27.6 million, respectively, in catastrophe losses. Included in losses and loss adjustment expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2017 was \$5.7 million net unfavorable loss reserve development on prior accident years compared to \$15.9 million of net favorable loss reserve development on prior accident years compared for the same period ended 2016.

The following table summarizes the above referenced loss reserve development with respect to prior year loss reserves by line of business for the six months ended June 30, 2017.

(in millions)	Net	2016 Reserves	Deve (Fav	Reserve lopment orable)/ worable	Percent of 2016 Net Reserves
General and professional liability	\$	1,028.9	\$	1.1	0.1%
Workers compensation		312.9		(4.0)	-1.3%
Syndicate 1200 liability		198.1		8.0	4.0%
Commercial multi-peril		156.6		(3.8)	-2.4%
Commercial auto liability		113.6		(3.5)	-3.1%
Property		83.6		10.2	12.2%
Syndicate 1200 specialty		80.7		5.5	6.8%
Reinsurance - nonproportional assumed property		65.6		(3.1)	-4.7%
Fidelity/Surety		38.4		(4.5)	-11.7%
All other lines		101.8		(0.2)	-0.2%
Total	\$	2,180.2	\$	5.7	0.3%

In determining appropriate reserve levels for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, we maintained the same general processes and disciplines that were used to set reserves at prior reporting dates. No significant changes in methodologies were made to estimate the reserves since the last reporting date; however, at each reporting date we reassess the actuarial estimate of the reserve for loss and loss adjustment expenses and record our best estimate. Consistent with prior reserve valuations, as claims data becomes more mature for prior accident years, actuarial estimates were refined to weigh certain actuarial methods more heavily in order to respond to any emerging trends in the paid and reported loss data. While prior accident years' net reserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses for some lines of business have developed favorably in recent years, this does not imply that more recent accident years' reserves also will develop favorably; pricing, reinsurance costs, legal environment, general economic conditions including changes in inflation and many other factors impact our ultimate loss estimates.

When determining reserve levels, we recognize that there are several factors that present challenges and uncertainties to the estimation of net loss reserves. Our net retained losses vary by product and they have generally increased over time. To properly recognize these uncertainties, actuarial reviews have given significant consideration to the paid and incurred Bornhuetter-Ferguson ("BF") methodologies. Compared with other actuarial methodologies, the paid and incurred BF methods assign smaller weight to actual reported loss experience, with the greatest weight assigned to an expected or planned loss ratio. The expected or planned loss ratio has typically been determined using various assumptions pertaining to prospective loss frequency and loss severity. In setting reserves at June 30, 2017, we continued to consider the paid and incurred BF methods for recent years.

Our loss reserve estimates gradually blend in the results from development and frequency/severity methodologies over time. For general liability estimates, our own loss experience is not deemed fully credible for several years after the end of an accident year. We rely primarily on the BF methods during that period. For property business, our loss reserve estimates also blend in the results from development and frequency/severity methodologies over time. For property lines, in contrast to general liability estimates, where loss

reporting and claims closing patterns settle more quickly, we give greater weight to development methods starting at the end of the accident year.

Consolidated gross reserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses were \$3,632.8 million (including \$200.2 million of reserves attributable to the Syndicate 1200 trade capital providers) and \$3,181.9 million (including \$137.6 million of reserves attributable to Syndicate 1200 segment's trade capital providers) as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Management has recorded its best estimate of loss reserves at each date based on current known facts and circumstances. Due to the significant uncertainties inherent in the estimation of loss reserves, there can be no assurance that future favorable or unfavorable loss development, which may be material, will not occur.

Consolidated underwriting, insurance and acquisition expenses were \$154.7 million and \$308.3 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively compared to \$133.0 million and \$265.6 million for the same periods ended 2016. The increase in the expense ratio for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the same periods ended 2016 was primarily attributable to an increase in the non-acquisition expense. Ariel Re contributed \$11.6 million and \$16.2 million in underwriting expenses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 was favorably impacted by increased ceding commissions earned and by an increase in the deferral of underwriting expenses due to a change in accounting estimate. Non-acquisition expenses were negatively impacted by increased information technology, marketing, occupancy and depreciation expenses. Additionally, included in non-acquisition expense for the six months ended June 30, 2017 was \$2.5 million in transaction costs related to the Ariel Re acquisition.

Consolidated interest expense was \$7.0 million and \$12.9 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively, compared to \$4.9 million and \$9.7 million for the same periods ended 2016. Included in consolidated interest expense was \$0.7 million and \$1.4 million from the operations of Ariel Re for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively. The remaining increase was primarily attributable to interest expense on a \$125.0 million term loan entered into to fund a portion of the acquisition price of Ariel Re and to a lesser extent, an increase in short-term LIBOR rates.

Consolidated foreign currency exchange loss was \$4.6 million and \$4.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Consolidated foreign currency exchange loss was \$3.9 million and \$6.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The changes in the foreign currency exchange gains/losses were due to fluctuations of the U.S Dollar, on a weighted average basis, against the currencies in which we transact our business. For the three months ended June 30, 2017, the U.S. Dollar weakened against the British Pound, the Euro and the Canadian Dollar. For the six months ended June 30, 2017, the U.S. Dollar weakened against all major currencies. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, the U.S. Dollar weakened against all major currencies, except for the British Pound.

The consolidated income tax provision represents the income tax expense associated with our operations based on the tax laws of the jurisdictions in which we operate. Therefore, the provision for income taxes represents taxes on net income for our United States, Ireland, Belgium, Brazil, Switzerland and United Kingdom operations. The consolidated provision for income taxes was \$4.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$8.7 million for the same period ended 2016. The effective tax rate declined to 9.4% for the three months ended June 30, 2017 from 22.1% for the same period ended 2016. The consolidated provision for income taxes was \$10.8 million and \$14.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The effective tax rate was 11.5% and 19.4% for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The decline in the effective tax rate was primarily attributable to an increase in the income tax benefit for our U.K. operations, coupled with the impact of the weakening U.S. Dollar against the British Pound. Partially offsetting this reduction to tax expense was \$0.6 million and \$2.2 million of tax expense for Ariel Re for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively.

Segment Results

As discussed in Note 1 "Basis of Presentation" and Note 17 "Segment Information", during the first quarter of 2017, we evaluated and modified the presentation of our reportable segments to reflect our new operating framework and management structure. As a result, we have organized our business into two ongoing reporting segments: U.S. Operations and the International Operations. The U.S. Operations includes the former Excess & Surplus and Commercial Specialty reportable segments. The International Operations includes the former Syndicate 1200, International Specialty reportable segments, and the recently acquired Ariel Re business. Consistent with prior periods, the Run-off Lines and Corporate segments include all other activity of Argo Group and are included in our consolidated financial results. It is the business unit that produces the risk and not the location of the underlying exposure that is the primary characteristic in distinguishing U.S Operations from International Operations. For example, a U.S. property exposure underwritten through our Syndicate platform would be included in our International Operations.

Our reportable segments include four primary insurance and reinsurance services and offerings as follows:

- Property includes both property insurance and reinsurance products. Insurance products cover commercial properties primarily in North America with some residential and international covers. Reinsurance covers underlying exposures that are located throughout the world, including the United States. These offerings include coverages for man-made and natural disasters.
- Liability includes a broad range of primary and excess casualty products for risks on both an admitted and non-admitted basis in the United States. Internationally, Argo underwrites worldwide casualty risks primarily exposed in the UK, Canada, and Australia.
- Professional includes various professional lines products including Errors and Omissions, Management Liability (including Directors and Officers) and Cyber coverages.
- Specialty includes niche insurance coverages including Marine & Energy, Accident & Health, and Surety product offerings.

The results of operations for prior periods have been reclassified to conform to the current presentation.

In evaluating the operating performance of our segments, we focus on core underwriting and investing results before consideration of realized gains or losses from the sales of investments. Intersegment transactions are allocated to the segment that initiated the transaction. Realized investment gains and losses are reported as a component of the Corporate and Other segment, as decisions regarding the acquisition and disposal of securities reside with the corporate investment function and are not under the control of the individual business segments.

Since we generally manage and monitor the investment portfolio on an aggregate basis, the overall performance of the investment portfolio and related net investment income is discussed above on a consolidated basis under consolidated net investment income rather than within or by segment.

U.S. Operations

The following table summarizes the results of operations for the U.S. Operations segment:

	For	r the Three Mon	ths Ended	June 30,	For the Six Months Ended June 30,			
(in millions)		2017		2016	2017			2016
Gross written premiums	\$	365.0	\$	321.8	\$	700.0	\$	609.4
Earned premiums	\$	229.1	\$	206.8	\$	450.3	\$	413.4
Losses and loss adjustment expenses		122.8		115.1		245.8		230.6
Underwriting, acquisition and insurance expenses		77.0		64.5		154.4		131.4
Underwriting income		29.3		27.2		50.1		51.4
Net investment income		27.3		21.7		47.2		35.5
Interest expense		(3.8)		(2.4)		(6.5)		(4.6)
Fee and other income		2.4		3.5		4.4		8.0
Fee and other expense		(2.2)		(4.6)		(5.0)		(10.0)
Income before income taxes	\$	53.0	\$	45.4	\$	90.2	\$	80.3
Loss ratio		53.6%	Ó	55.6%		54.6%		55.8%
Expense ratio		33.6%	, 0	31.2%	I	34.3%		31.8%
Combined ratio		87.2%	0	86.8%		88.9%		87.6%

Gross written and earned premiums by our four primary insurance lines were as follows:

		For the Three Months Ended June 30,										
		2017				2016						
(in millions) Property	Gros	Gross Written		t Earned		Gross Written	Net Earned					
Property	\$	69.4	\$	30.0	\$	75.7	\$	31.6				
Liability		220.2		148.8		192.6		142.0				
Professional		40.6		28.5		34.1		17.9				
Specialty		34.8		21.8		19.4		15.3				
Total	\$	365.0	\$	229.1	\$	321.8	\$	206.8				

		For the Six Months Ended June 30,										
		2017				2016						
(in millions) Property	Gros	s Written	Ne	t Earned	G	ross Written		Net Earned				
Property	\$	125.3	\$	59.0	\$	119.4	\$	65.1				
Liability		438.2		294.6		386.5		282.8				
Professional		73.7		54.7		63.6		35.5				
Specialty		62.8		42.0		39.9		30.0				
Total	\$	700.0	\$	450.3	\$	609.4	\$	413.4				

The decline in gross written and earned premiums for property for the three months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the same period ended 2106, was primarily attributable to planned reductions due to increased competition and pressure on rates. The increase in gross written premiums for property for the six months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the same period ended 2106, was primarily attributable to an increase in premiums from our fronting programs, which do not impact earned premiums, but result in a ceding commissions received. The decline in earned premiums for property was primarily attributable to reduced gross written premiums for liability was primarily attributable to growth in the general casualty and other lines due to introduction of new products, growth in our coal lines due to the upturn in the coal market and within our public entity lines due to new business. The increase in gross written and earned premiums within professional was primarily attributable to new business within our management liability and errors & omissions lines. The increase in gross written and earned premiums for specialty was driven by the introduction of new products within our programs division coupled with growth from new business in our surety lines.

The decline in the loss ratio for the three months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the same period in 2016 was primarily attributable to increased net favorable loss reserve development on prior accident years and reduced catastrophe losses. Included in losses and loss adjustment expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2017 was \$12.8 million of net favorable loss reserve development on prior accident years primarily attributable to net favorable development for the general and products liability, surety and workers compensation lines. Included in losses and loss adjustment expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2016 was \$9.0 million of net favorable loss reserve development on prior accident years primarily for the general and products liability, surety, and commercial automobile lines. Catastrophe losses resulting from storm activity in the United States totaled \$4.0 million and \$4.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

The decline in the loss ratio for the six months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the same period in 2016 was primarily attributable to increased net favorable loss reserve development on prior accident years and reduced catastrophe losses. Included in losses and loss adjustment expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2017 was \$18.0 million of net favorable loss reserve development on prior accident years primarily attributable to the workers compensation, surety, automobiles and commercial multi-peril lines. Included in losses and loss adjustment expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2016 was \$11.9 of net favorable loss reserve development on prior accident years primarily attributable to the automobile liability, surety and general and products liability lines. Catastrophe losses resulting from storm activity in the United States totaled \$4.9 million and \$7.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

The increase in the expense ratio for the three months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the same period in 2016 was primarily driven by increased non-acquisition costs. The increase in non-acquisition expense was primarily driven by increased personnel expenses, increased information technology and fixed asset expenses and increased outside services. The increase in the acquisition expenses was primarily driven by declines in ceding commissions and fronting fees earned.

The increase in the expense ratio for the six months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the same period ended 2016 was primarily attributable to increased non-acquisition costs. The increase in non-acquisition expenses was primarily attributable to increased



depreciation costs, information technology, personnel expenses and occupancy costs. The acquisition expense ratio was comparable for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Declines in fronting fees and ceding commissions earned were partially offset by an increase in expense deferral due to a change in accounting estimates.

Fee and other income, and the associated fee and other expense, declined for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the same periods in 2016 due to the exiting of certain brokerage programs in 2016.

International Operations

The following table summarizes the results of operations for the International Operations segment:

	Fo	r the Three Mon	ths Ended	June 30,	For the Six Months Ended June 30,			
(in millions)		2017		2016		2017		2016
Gross written premiums	\$	322.1	\$	238.6	\$	585.7	\$	470.8
Earned premiums	\$	169.9	\$	137.9	\$	328.1	\$	276.2
Losses and loss adjustment expenses		106.1		76.7		203.2		151.4
Underwriting, acquisition and insurance expenses		62.8		54.9		120.3		106.7
Underwriting income		1.0		6.3		4.6		18.1
Net investment income		10.1		9.1		16.7		15.2
Interest expense		(2.3)		(1.3)		(4.3)		(2.6)
Fee and other income		0.7		1.7		1.5		3.3
Fee and other expense		(0.4)		(0.5)		(1.1)		(1.0)
Income before income taxes	\$	9.1	\$	15.3	\$	17.4	\$	33.0
Loss ratio		62.4%	,	55.6%		61.9%		54.8%
Expense ratio		37.0%		39.8%		36.7%		38.6%
Combined ratio		99.4%		95.4%		98.6%		93.4%

Gross written and earned premiums by our four primary insurance lines were as follows:

		For the Three Months Ended June 30,													
		2017		2016											
(in millions)	Gros	Gross Written				Gross Written	Net Earned								
Property	\$	117.2	\$	55.2	\$	99.5	\$	48.9							
Liability		38.3		18.9		33.1		20.2							
Professional		41.4		23.8		39.8		26.0							
Specialty		125.2		72.0		66.2		42.8							
Total	\$	322.1	\$	169.9	\$	238.6	\$	137.9							

		For the Six Months Ended June 30,													
		2017		2016											
(in millions)	Gros	Gross Written				Gross Written	Net Earned								
Property	\$	210.0	\$	115.8	\$	196.5	\$	100.6							
Liability		70.3		37.5		69.4		41.5							
Professional		77.6		47.7		71.5		49.5							
Specialty		227.8		127.1		133.4		84.6							
Total	\$	585.7	\$	328.1	\$	470.8	\$	276.2							

Gross written and earned premiums for property increased due to premiums written by Ariel Re, partially offset by reduced premiums for Syndicate 1200 and Argo Re. For the three months ended June 30, 2017 Ariel Re contributed \$89.0 million of gross written premiums and \$41.7 of earned premiums, respectively. For the six months ended June 30, 2017 Ariel Re contributed gross written premiums of \$119.5 million and \$64.9 million in earned premiums, respectively. Partially offsetting these increases were reduced gross written and earned premiums for Argo Re and Syndicate 1200 due to continued competition, rate reductions and a reduction in our ownership percentage for Syndicate 1200, from 53.5% for 2016 to 46.0% for 2017. The increase in gross written premiums for liability for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the same periods in 2016 was primarily attributable to growth in our Bermuda casualty business due to the introduction of new products. The decline in earned premiums for liability for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the same periods in 2016 was primarily attributable to growth in our Bermuda casualty business due to the introduction of new products. The decline in earned premiums for liability for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the same periods in 2016 was primarily attributable to reduced premium

production in 2016 which continued into the first quarter of 2017. The increase in gross written premiums for professional lines for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the same periods in 2016 was primarily attributable to growth in our Bermuda and European professional lines, directors & officers and cyber lines, partially offset by a decline in professional indemnity. The decline in earned premiums for professional lines for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the same periods in 2016 was primarily attributable to changes in our reinsurance programs. The increase in gross written and earned premiums for specialty lines for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the same periods ended 2016 was primarily attributable to premiums of specialty lines for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the same periods ended 2016 was primarily attributable to premiums written by Ariel Re. For the three months ended June 30, 2017 Ariel Re contributed gross written premiums of \$52.0 million and \$27.7 million in earned premiums, respectively. For the six months ended June 30, 2017 Ariel Re contributed gross written premiums of \$76.7 million and \$36.6 million in earned premiums, respectively. Additionally, gross written and earned premiums were favorably impacted by increases within the marine and energy, surety, political risk and livestock lines. Partially offsetting these increases were reductions in the aerospace division due to planned reductions to these exposures.

The increase in the loss ratios for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the same periods in 2016 was attributable to net unfavorable loss reserve development on prior accident years versus net favorable loss reserve development for same period ended 2016, coupled with increased current accident year large losses. The increased net unfavorable loss reserve development on prior accident years was partially offset by reduced catastrophe losses for the three months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the same period ended 2016.

Included in losses and loss adjustment expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2017 was \$21.7 million for Ariel Re. Included in losses and loss adjustment expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2017 was \$10.0 million of net unfavorable loss reserve development on prior accident years. The net unfavorable development was primarily driven by \$1.6 million in the property lines, \$3.8 million in the liability lines and \$3.9 million in the specialty lines. Additionally, included in current accident year losses was \$7.3 million resulting from large property claims. Included in losses and loss adjustment expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2016 was \$8.5 million of net favorable loss reserve development on prior accident years within the property, liability and professional lines. Catastrophe losses for the three months ended June 30, 2017 were \$0.5 million. Catastrophe losses for the three months ended June 30, 2016 were \$19.6 million, consisting of \$12.2 million for the Alberta wildfire and \$7.3 million from storm activity in the United States.

Included in losses and loss adjustment expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2017 was \$32.5 million for Ariel Re. Included in losses and loss adjustment expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2017 was \$19.6 million of net unfavorable loss reserve development on prior accident years. The net unfavorable development was primarily driven by \$6.5 million in the property lines, \$8.0 million in the liability lines and \$5.2 million in the specialty lines. Additionally, included in current accident year losses was \$11.5 million resulting from large property claims. Included in losses and loss adjustment expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2016 was \$10.2 million of net favorable loss reserve development on prior accident years within the property, liability and professional lines. Catastrophe losses for the six months ended June 30, 2017 were \$1.5 million. Catastrophe losses for the three months ended June 30, 2016 were \$20.6 million, consisting of \$12.2 million for the Alberta wildfire and \$8.3 million from various storm activities.

The decline in the expense ratio for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the same periods ended 2016 was primarily attributable to the favorable impact of earned premiums relative to the expenses contributed by Ariel Re. Ariel Re contributed \$11.6 million and \$16.2 million in underwriting expenses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively. Excluding the results of operations for Ariel Re, the adjusted expense ratio for the three months ended June 30, 2017 was 39.9% which is comparable to the same period ended 2016. The adjusted expense ratio for the six months ended June 30, 2017 was 39.5%. The increase in the adjusted expense ratio was primarily attributable to increased compensation costs in our Bermuda based operations.

Fee income and other income represent fees and profit commission derived from the management of third party capital for our underwriting syndicate at Lloyd's. The decline in fee and other income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the same periods in 2016 was primarily due to reduced profitability of our Lloyd's syndicate. Fee and other expenses were comparable for the periods presented.

Run-off Lines

The following table summarizes the results of operations for the Run-off Lines segment:

	For	the Three Months End	For the Six Months Ended June 30,					
(in millions)		2017	2016	2017		2016		
Earned premiums	\$	0.1 \$	0.2	\$ 0.1	\$	0.2		
Losses and loss adjustment expenses		1.7	4.8	4.1		6.2		
Underwriting, acquisition and insurance expenses		2.1	1.7	4.0		3.5		
Underwriting loss		(3.7)	(6.3)	(8.0)		(9.5)		
Net investment income		2.9	3.4	5.0		5.6		
Interest expense		(0.4)	(0.3)	(0.7)		(0.7)		
Loss before income taxes	\$	(1.2) \$	(3.2)	\$ (3.7)	\$	(4.6)		

Losses and loss adjustment expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2017 was the result of net unfavorable loss reserve development on prior accident years of \$1.3 million for the run-off risk management lines, \$0.2 million for our asbestos exposure and \$0.2 million for the run-off property catastrophe lines. Loss expense for the Run-off Lines segment for the three months ended June 30, 2016 included unfavorable development of \$3.4 million for our asbestos exposure due to the final settlement agreement with a primary insured, \$1.0 million development in our risk management lines and \$0.4 million in our other run-off lines.

Losses and loss adjustment expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 included net unfavorable prior accident year loss reserve development in our runoff workers compensation and asbestos liability lines partially offset by net favorable reserve development in our run-off reinsurance lines.

The following table represents a reconciliation of total gross and net reserves for the Run-off Lines. Amounts in the net column are reduced by reinsurance recoverable.

				Six Months Ei	nded Ju	ne 30,		
	2017 20							
(in millions)	Gross Net				Gross			Net
Asbestos and environmental:								
Loss reserves, beginning of the year	\$	48.4	\$	40.6	\$	46.5	\$	43.5
Incurred losses		0.5		0.5		6.4		4.1
Losses paid		(6.2)		(5.8)		(12.3)		(9.3)
Loss reserves - asbestos and environmental, end of year		42.7		35.3		40.6		38.3
Risk management reserves		234.3		146.4		244.4		150.8
Run-off reinsurance reserves		2.0		2.0		2.5		2.5
Other run-off lines		3.6		3.6		3.5		3.3
Total loss reserves - Run-off Lines	\$	282.6	\$	187.3	\$	291.0	\$	194.9

Underwriting, acquisition and insurance expenses for the Run-off Lines segment consists primarily of administrative expenses. Underwriting expenses for each of the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 were favorably impacted a \$0.3 million reduction in bad debt expenses due to the collection of a premiums receivable balance that was previously written off.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The primary sources of our cash flows are premiums, reinsurance recoveries, proceeds from sales and redemptions of investments and investment income. The primary cash outflows are claim payments, loss adjustment expenses, reinsurance costs and operating expenses. Additional cash outflow occurs through payments of underwriting and acquisition costs such as commissions, taxes, payroll and general overhead expenses. Management believes that cash receipts from premiums, proceeds from investment sales and redemptions and investment income are sufficient to cover cash outflows in the foreseeable future. Should the need for additional cash arise, we believe we have access to additional sources of liquidity.

Cash provided by operating activities can fluctuate due to a timing difference in the collection of premiums and reinsurance recoveries and the payment of losses and expenses. For the six months ended June 30, 2017, net cash provided by operating activities was \$37.3 million, as compared to net cash provided by operating activities of \$31.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. The increase in cash flows from operating activities in 2017 from 2016 is attributable to various fluctuations within our operating activities,

primarily driven by the timing of reinsurance premium payments, reinsurance recoveries and premium cash receipts in the respective periods.

Net cash used in investing activities was \$14.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017, as compared to net cash provided by investing activities of \$20.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. Included in the \$34.8 million net increase in cash used in investing activities was the \$235.3 million cash outflow related to the purchase of Maybrooke, net of \$105.2 million of cash acquired. The remaining increase in cash used in investing was mainly the result of the increase in cash used to purchase fixed maturity investment, partially offset by the proceeds from sales, maturities and calls of fixed maturities and short-term investments. As of June30, 2017, \$365.9 million of the investment portfolio was invested in short-term investments.

For six months ended June 30, 2017, net cash provided by financing activities was \$106.1 million, as compared to net cash used in financing activities of \$52.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. During the six months ended June 30, 2017, we borrowed \$125.0 million as a term loan under our credit facility to help fund the acquisition of Maybrooke. During the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, we repurchased 46,500 and 718,595 shares of our common stock for a total cost of \$2.8 million and \$40.0 million, respectively. We paid cash dividends to our shareholders totaling \$16.6 million and \$13.1 million during the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Effective February 6, 2017, we completed the acquisition of Maybrooke Holdings, S.A. for \$235.3 million. We drew \$125.0 million under our Credit Agreement in order to help fund the acquisition and paid the remaining \$110.3 million with available cash on hand. In addition to the cash needs related to this acquisition, we will have continuing cash needs for administrative expenses, the payment of principal and interest on borrowings, shareholder dividends and taxes. Funds to meet these obligations will come primarily from parent company cash, dividends and other payments from our insurance company subsidiaries and from our line of credit.

On March 3, 2017, each of Argo Group, Argo Group US, Inc., Argo International Holdings Limited, and Argo Underwriting Agency Limited (the "Borrowers") entered into a \$325 million credit agreement ("Credit Agreement") with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent. The Credit Agreement replaced and terminated the original \$175 credit agreement. The Credit Agreement provides for a \$200.0 million revolving credit facility with a maturity date of March 3, 2022 unless extended in accordance with the terms of the Credit Agreement. In addition, the Credit Agreement includes a \$125 million term loan borrowing, which Argo Group used to pay off in its entirety the \$125.0 million borrowing drawn on January 31, 2017 under the prior credit agreement to help fund the acquisition of Maybrooke. At March 31, 2017, the \$125.0 million drawn on this term loan remained outstanding, with a maturity date of March 3, 2019. The term loan bears interest based on a variable rate, which resets and is payable based on reset options we select pursuant to the terms of the Credit Agreement. As of June 30, 2017, the interest rate on this debt was equal to the two-month LIBOR (1.04% at June 30, 2017) plus 150 basis points, or 2.54%.

Borrowings under the Credit Agreement may be used for general corporate purposes, including working capital and permitted acquisitions, and each of the Borrowers has agreed to be jointly and severally liable for the obligations of the other Borrowers under the Credit Agreement.

The Credit Agreement contains customary events of default. If an event of default occurs and is continuing, the Borrowers could be required to repay all amounts outstanding under the Credit Agreement. Lenders holding at least a majority of the loans and commitments under the Credit Agreement could elect to accelerate the maturity of the loans and/or terminate the commitments under the Credit Agreement upon the occurrence and during the continuation of an event of default. No defaults or events of defaults have occurred as of the date of this filing.

Included in the Credit Agreement is a provision that allows up to \$200.0 million of the revolving credit facility to be used for letters of credit ("LOCs"), subject to availability. As of June 30, 2017, there were no borrowings outstanding and \$0.5 million in LOCs against the revolving credit facility.

On May 3, 2016, our Board authorized the repurchase of up to \$150.0 million of our common shares ("2016 Repurchase Authorization"). The 2016 Repurchase Authorization supersedes all the previous repurchase authorizations. Shares purchased are being held as treasury shares in accordance with the provisions of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981. As of June 30, 2017, availability under the 2016 Repurchase Authorization for future repurchases of our common shares was \$127.5 million.

Refer to Part II, Item 7 – "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Liquidity and Capital Resources" in Argo Group's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016 that Argo Group filed with the SEC on February 24, 2017 for further discussion on Argo Group's liquidity.

Recent Accounting Standards and Critical Accounting Estimates

New Accounting Standards

The discussion of the adoption and pending adoption of recently issued accounting policies is included in Note 2, "Recently Issued Accounting Standards," in the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, included in Part I, Item 1 - "Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)."

Critical Accounting Estimates

Refer to "Critical Accounting Estimates" in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016 that we filed with the SEC on February 24, 2017 for information on accounting policies that we consider critical in preparing our consolidated financial statements. These policies include significant estimates made by management using information available at the time the estimates were made. However, these estimates could change materially if different information or assumptions were used.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

We believe that we are principally exposed to four types of market risk: interest rate risk, credit risk, equity price risk and foreign currency risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Our primary market risk exposure is the exposure of our fixed maturity investment portfolio to interest rate risk and the changes in interest rates. Fluctuations in interest rates have a direct impact on the fair valuation of these securities. As interest rates rise, the fair value of our fixed maturity portfolio falls, and the converse is also true. We manage interest rate risk through an active portfolio management strategy that involves the selection of investments with appropriate characteristics, such as duration, yield, currency and liquidity that are tailored to the anticipated cash outflow characteristics of our liabilities. A significant portfolio market rates. The model duration of the assets comprising our fixed maturity investment portfolio was 2.57 years and 2.58 years at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively.

Credit Risk

We have exposure to credit risk on losses recoverable from reinsurers and receivables from insureds. Our controls to mitigate this risk include limiting our exposure to any one counterparty, evaluating the financial strength of our reinsurers, generally requiring minimum credit ratings and in certain cases receiving collateral from our reinsurers and insureds.

We also have exposure to credit risk in our investment holdings. Our risk management strategy and investment policy attempts to mitigate this risk by primarily investing in debt instruments of high credit quality issuers, limiting credit concentration, monitoring the credit quality of issuers and counterparties and diversifying issuers. The weighted average rating of our fixed maturity investments was A+ with 88.4% and 87.1% rated investment grade or better (BBB- or higher) at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively.

Our portfolio also includes alternative investments with a carrying value at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 of \$539.4 million and \$539.0 million (11.7% and 12.5% of total invested assets) respectively. We may invest in both long and short equities, corporate debt securities, currencies, real estate, commodities and derivatives. We attempt to mitigate our risk by selecting managers with extensive experience, proven track records and robust controls and processes. We also mitigate our risk by diversifying through multiple managers and different types of assets and asset classes.

Equity Price Risk

We hold a diversified portfolio of equity securities with a fair value of \$442.6 million and \$447.4 million (9.6% and 10.3% of total invested assets) at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively. Our equity securities are exposed to equity price risk which is defined as the potential for loss in fair value due to a decline in equity prices. We believe the diversification of our equity securities among various industries, market segments and issuers mitigates our exposure to equity price risk.

Foreign Currency Risk

We have exposure to foreign currency risk in our insurance contracts, invested assets and to a lesser extent, a portion of our debt. We attempt to manage our foreign currency risk by seeking to match our liabilities under insurance and reinsurance contracts that are payable in currencies other than the U.S. Dollar with cash and investments that are denominated in such currencies. We also use foreign exchange forward contracts to mitigate this risk. We recognized \$7.8 million and \$11.9 million in losses from movements in

foreign currency rates for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively. We recognized \$9.1 million and \$16.0 million in losses from movements in foreign currency rates for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, respectively. We recognized \$5.7 million and \$5.6 million in losses on our foreign currency forward contacts for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively. We recognized less than \$0.1 million and \$11.8 million in losses on our foreign currency forward contacts for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Argo Group, under the supervision and with the participation of its management, including the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our "disclosure controls and procedures" (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended ("Exchange Act")) as of the end of the period covered by this report. In designing and evaluating these disclosure controls and procedures, Argo Group and its management recognize that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives, and management necessarily was required to apply its judgment in evaluating and implementing possible controls and procedures. Based upon that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures were effective at the reasonable assurance level to ensure that information required to be disclosed by Argo Group in the reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act are recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms.

There were no changes in the internal control over financial reporting made during the quarter ended June 30, 2017 that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting. We review our disclosure controls and procedures, which may include internal controls over financial reporting, on an ongoing basis. From time to time, management makes changes to enhance the effectiveness of these controls and ensure that they continue to meet the needs of our business activities over time.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Our subsidiaries are parties to legal actions incidental to their business. Based on the opinion of counsel, management believes that the resolution of these matters will not materially affect our financial condition or results of operations.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

See "Risk Factors" in the Argo Group Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016, and as updated for the Maybrooke acquisition in the Argo Group Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended March 31, 2017, for a detailed discussion of the additional risk factors affecting us.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Issuer Purchase of Equity Securities

On May 3, 2016, our Board authorized the repurchase of up to \$150.0 million of our common shares ("2016 Repurchase Authorization"). The 2016 Repurchase Authorization supersedes all the previous Repurchase Authorizations.

From January 1, 2017 through June 30, 2017, we have repurchased a total of 46,500 shares for a total cost of \$2.8 million. Since the inception of the repurchase authorizations through June 30, 2017, we have repurchased 10,075,255 shares of our common stock at an average price of \$37.81 for a total cost of \$381.0 million. These shares are being held as treasury shares in accordance with the provisions of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981. As of June 30, 2017, availability under the 2016 Repurchase Authorization for future repurchases of our common shares was \$127.5 million.

The following table provides information with respect to shares of our common stock that were repurchased or surrendered during the three months ended June 30, 2017:

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased (a)	Р	Average rice Paid · Share (b)	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publically Announced Plan or Program (c)	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares That May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plan or Program (d)
April 1 through April 30, 2017	25,935	\$	65.31		\$ 130,233,425
May 1 through May 31, 2017	3,967	\$	65.29	—	\$ 130,233,425
June 1 through June 30, 2017	50,544	\$	59.68	46,500	\$ 127,464,981
Total	80,446			46,500	

Employees are allowed to surrender shares to settle the tax liability incurred upon the vesting or exercise of shares under our various employee equity compensation plans. For three months ended June 30, 2017, we received 33,946 shares of our common stock, with an average price paid per share of \$64.84 that were surrendered by employees in payment for the minimum required withholding taxes. In the above table, these shares are included in columns (a) and (b), but excluded from columns (c) and (d). These shares do not reduce the number of shares that may yet be purchased under the repurchase plan.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

None.

Item 6. Exhibits

A list of exhibits required to be filed as part of this report is set forth in the Exhibit Index of this Form 10-Q, which immediately precedes such exhibits, and is incorporated herein by reference.

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number	Description
12.1	Statements of Computation of Ratios of Earnings to Fixed Charges and Earnings to Combined Fixed Charges and Preferred Share Dividends
31.1	Rule 13a – 14(a)/15d – 14(a) Certification of the Chief Executive Officer
31.2	Rule $13a - 14(a)/15d - 14(a)$ Certification of the Chief Financial Officer
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

ARGO GROUP INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, LTD.

/s/ Mark E. Watson III By

Mark E. Watson III President and Chief Executive Officer

/s/ Jay S. Bullock By Jay S. Bullock Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

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Section 2: EX-12.1 (EX-12.1)

Exhibit 12.1

ARGO GROUP INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, LTD. STATEMENTS OF COMPUTATION OF RATIOS OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES AND EARNINGS TO COMBINED FIXED CHARGES AND PREFERRED SHARE DIVIDENDS

(in millions, except ratios)

	Six Months Ended June 30,					For the Years Ended December 31,								
	2017			2016	_	2016	2016 2015		2014		2013			2012
Earnings:														
Income before provision for income														
taxes	\$	93.5	\$	72.7	\$	181.9	\$	177.5	\$	216.0	\$	179.7	\$	66.7
Add:														
Fixed charges		16.1		11.9		23.7		23.7		24.8		25.1		28.4
Total earnings	\$	109.6	\$	84.6	\$	205.6	\$	201.2	\$	240.8	\$	204.8	\$	95.1
Fixed charges:	. <u> </u>				_									
Interest expense	\$	12.9	\$	9.7	\$	19.6	\$	19.0	\$	19.9	\$	20.2	\$	23.7
Rental interest factor		3.2		2.2		4.1		4.7		4.9		4.9		4.7
Total fixed charges	\$	16.1	\$	11.9	\$	23.7	\$	23.7	\$	24.8	\$	25.1	\$	28.4
Ratio of earnings to fixed charges		6.8:1		7.1:1	_	8.7:1		8.5:1	_	9.7:1		8.2:1		3.3:1

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Section 3: EX-31.1 (EX-31.1)

Exhibit 31.1

Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) **Certification of the Chief Executive Officer**

I, Mark E. Watson III, President and Chief Executive Officer of Argo Group International Holdings, Ltd., certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Argo Group International Holdings, Ltd.;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, 2. in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that a. material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

August 8, 2017

August 8, 2017

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- Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the c. disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter d. that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's 5. auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to a. adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over b. financial reporting.

Date: August 8, 2017

/s/ Mark E. Watson III

Mark E. Watson III President and Chief Executive Officer

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Section 4: EX-31.2 (EX-31.2)

Exhibit 31.2

Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of the Chief Financial Officer

I, Jay S. Bullock, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Argo Group International Holdings, Ltd., certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Argo Group International Holdings, Ltd.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 8, 2017

/s/ Jay S. Bullock

Jay S. Bullock Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

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Section 5: EX-32.1 (EX-32.1)

Exhibit 32.1

Certification of CEO Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Argo Group International Holdings, Ltd. (the "Company") for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2017 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), Mark E. Watson III, as President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of his knowledge:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and

2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

* * *

Certified the 8th day of August 2017.

/s/ Mark E. Watson III Mark E. Watson III President and Chief Executive Officer

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Section 6: EX-32.2 (EX-32.2)

Certification of CFO Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to

Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Argo Group International Holdings, Ltd. (the "Company") for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2017 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), Jay S. Bullock, as Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 that, to the best of his knowledge:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

* * *

Certified this 8th day of August 2017.

/s/ Jay S. Bullock

Jay S. Bullock Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

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